

Criterion-1: Curricular Aspects

Key Indicator – 1.2: Academic Flexibility Metric: 1.2.1

Programme: MSc Biomedical Science

Syllabus	https://www.du.ac.in/uploads/RevisedSyllabi1/Annexure-
	14.%20M.Sc.%20Biomedical%20Science.pdf
Minutes of Executive	https://www.du.ac.in/uploads/executive council/30082019/
Council	21072019/Minutes%2020.07.2019%20as%20on%2001.08.20
	<u>19.pdf</u>
Annexure of the	https://www.du.ac.in/uploads/executive council/30082019/
Executive Council	21072019/annexures/Annexure-
Minutes	14.%20M.Sc.%20Biomedical%20Science.pdf
Highlighted Portions of	Attached
Minutes and Syllabus	
where programme and	
courses were approved	

MINUTES OF THE MEETING OF THE EXECUTIVE COUNCIL HELD ON SATURDAY, THE 20th JULY, 2019 at 11.00 A.M AND CONTINUTED UPTO 11:00 P.M. ADJOURNED THEREAFTER AND RESUMED ON SUNDAY, THE 21st July 2019 at 11:30 A.M. IN THE COUNCIL ROOM, UNIVERSITY OF DELHI, DELHI-110007

<u>No. 2</u>

<u>PRESENT</u>

- 1. Prof. Yogesh Kumar Tyagi
- 2. Prof. J.P. Khurana
- 3. Prof. C.S. Dubey
- 4. Sh. T. S. Kripanidhi
- 5. Prof. Neeta Sehgal
- 6. Prof. Namita Ranganathan
- 7. Prof. Sathyabhama Das Biju
- 8. Prof. Syed Ali Karim
- 9. Dr. Anula Maurya
- 10. Dr. I. S. Bakshi
- 11. Dr. InderJeet Singh
- 12. Dr. J. L. Gupta
- 13. Dr. Rajesh Kumar Jha
- 14. Dr. V.S. Negi
- 15. Sh. Rajesh Gogna
- 16. Sh. Yogender Singh Mathur
- 17. Ms. Indira Chandrasekhar

SPECIAL INVITEES

- 1. Prof. Kavita Sharma
- 2. Prof. M.K. Pandit
- 3. Prof. Pankaj Arora
- 4. Prof. Rajeev Gupta
- 5. Prof. Vinay Gupta
- 6. Dr. Payal Mago
- 7. Dr. Satish Kumar

Prof. Tarun Kumar Das - Registrar - Secretary

Treasurer Officiating Proctor

Vice-Chancellor - Chairman

Officiating Director, Campus of Open Learning

Director, South Campus

WELCOME

28/- At the outset, the Council welcomed the following who have become members of the Executive Council:-

ST	<u> 'ATUTE 5(1)(viii)(b)</u>	-	Dean of the Faculties
1.	Prof. Syed Ali Karim	-	Dean, Faculty of Arts

APPRECIATION

29/- The Council placed on record its deep sense of appreciation of the services rendered by the following as member of the Executive Council:-

ST	'ATUTE 5(1)(viii)(b)	-	Dean of the Faculties
1.	Prof. Mohan	-	Dean, Faculty of Arts

- **30/-** The Council expressed condolence on the sad demise of Smt. Sheila Dixit, former Chief Minister, Govt. of NCT of Delhi, and Prof. G.K. Das, Professor of English (Retd.) and former Director, South Delhi Campus, University of Delhi. The Council observed silence as a mark of respect for the departed souls.
- 31/- The Minutes of the meeting of the Executive Council held on 01-02.07.2019 (Appendix-I) were confirmed.
 (Six Members dissented on the date of eligibility for promotion of faculty members)
- **32/-** The Action Taken Report on the decisions made by the Executive Council at its meeting held on 01-02.07.2019 was noted.(**Appendix-II**). Following matter was considered and approved:
 - <u>32-1/</u> Disciplinary Matter with respect to E.C. Resolution No. 21-VII dated 01-02.07.2019.
 - <u>32-2/</u> No matter was raised for discussion in Matter arising out of the Minutes of the Executive Council meeting held on 01-02.07.2019.
- <u>33/-</u> The Executive Council approved the following recommendations made by the Academic Council at its meeting held on 15/16.07.2019. The Council further resolved that the consequential amendments to the relevant Ordinance of the University be made accordingly:
 - <u>33-1</u>/the recommendations of the Standing Committee on Academic Matters made at its meeting held on 20.08.2018 under the Chairmanship of Prof. J.P. Khurana, Pro-Vice-Chancellor, University of Delhi in respect of the following faculties regarding revision of courses under Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) be accepted.

Sr. No.	Faculty	Courses
1.	Commerce & Business Studies	Department of Commerce1. Master of Commerce (M.Com.) (Annexure-1)2. Master of Business Administration (International Business) MBA(IB) (Annexure-2)3. Master of Business Administration (Human Resource Development) MBA(HRD) (Annexure-3)
		Department of Financial Studies1. Change of the nomenclature of the course from MBA (Financial Management) to MBA (Finance) and2. Master of Business Administration (Finance) (MBA) (Finance) (Annexure-4)
2.	Applied Social Sciences and Humanities	 MBA (Business Economics) (Annexure-5) Conversion formula for the award of Diploma/ Advance Diploma/ Degree/ B. Voc. Course be modified in consultation with the Examination. (Annexure-5A) Introduction of new course curriculum of Bachelor of Business Administration (Entrepreneurship) (BBA (Entrepreneurship). (Annexure-6)
3.	Music & Fine Arts	 Department of Music M.A. Hindustani Music (Vocal/Instrumental-Sitar/ Sarod/ Guitar/ Violin/ Santoor) (Annexure-7) M.A. Karnatak Music (Vocal/ Instrumental (Veena/ Violin) (Annexure-8) M.A. Percussion Music (Table/Pakhawaj) (Annexure-9) Scheme of Examination 2 year Diploma Course in Harmonium (Annual Mode).(Annexure-10) Revision of syllabus of subsidiary subject of BFA Applied Arts course. (Annexure-11)

<u>33-2/</u> the recommendations of the Standing Committee on Academic Matters made at its meeting held on 24.08.2018 under the Chairmanship of Prof. J.P. Khurana, Pro-Vice-Chancellor, University of Delhi in respect of the following faculties regarding revision of courses under Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) be accepted.

Sr. No.	Faculty	Courses
1.	Science	Department of Anthropology1. M.Sc. Anthropology (Annexure-12)2. M.Sc. Forensic Science (Annexure-13)
		Dr. B.R. Ambedkar Centre for Biomedical Research1. M.Sc. Biomedical Science Course (Annexure-14)
		Department of Botany 1. M.Sc. Botany (Annexure-15)
		Department of Environmental Studies
		1. M.A./M.Sc. Environmental Studies (Annexure-16)
		Department of Geology
		1. M.Sc. Geology (Annexure-17)
		Department of Physics & Astrophysics
		1. M.Sc. Physics (Annexure-18)

		Department of Zoology
		1. M.Sc. Zoology (Annexure-19)
		 Department of Home Science M.Sc. Food and Nutrition (Annexure-20) M.Sc. Human Development and Childhood Studies (Annexure-21) M.Sc. Development Communication and Extension (Annexure-22) M.Sc. Resource Management and Design Application (Annexure-23) M.Sc. Fabric and Apparel Science (Annexure-24) Post-Graduate Diploma in Dietetics and Public Health Nutrition – PGDDPHN (Annexure-25) Post-Graduate Diploma in Health and Social Garantalogy, PGDHSC (Annexure 26)
		Geromology – FODTISC (Annexure-20)
		<u>Pt. Deendayal Upadhyaya National Institute for Persons</u> with Physical Disabilities (Divyangjan)
		 Master in Prosthetics and Orthotics (MPO) two year duration (Annual) (Annexure-27) Bachelor in Prosthetics and Orthotics (BPO) 4¹/₂years duration (Annual) (Annexure-28) Introduction of new course curriculum of Part Time Bachelor in Prosthetics and Orthotics condensed course (only for three batches) two years duration (Annual) excluding internship. (Annexure-29)
2.	Inter-disciplinary & Applied Sciences	Department of Bio-Chemistry1. M.Sc. Biochemistry (Annexure-30)
		 Department of Electronics 1. Master of Science (Electronics). (Annexure-31)
		Department of Genetics 1. Master of Science (Genetics) (Annexure-32)
		Institute of Information & Communication (IIC)
		1. Master of Science in Informatics (M.Sc. Informatics) (Annexure-33)
		 <u>Department of Plant Molecular Biology</u> Master of Science in Plant Molecular Biology and Biotechnology (PMBB) course. (Annexure-34)
		Department of Microbiology1. Master of Science in Microbiology.(Annexure-35)
		Department of Biophysics 1. M.Sc. Biophysics (Annexure-36)
3.	Mathematical Sciences	Department of Mathematics 1. M.A./ M.Sc. Mathematics (Annexure-37)
		Department of Operational Research1. Master of Operational Research course (MOR)(Annexure-38)
		Department of Computer Science 1. Introduction of new elective course MCS-210 (Deep

 Learning) (Annexure-39) and MCA-526 (Deep Learning) (Annexure-40) in M.Sc. Computer Science, MCA courses Master of Computer Applications (Annexure-41) M.Sc. Computer Science (Annexure-42)
Department of Statistics1. M.A./M.Sc. Statistics (Annexure-43)

<u>33-3/</u> the recommendations of the Standing Committee on Academic Matters made at its meeting held on 28.08.2018 under the Chairmanship of Prof. J.P. Khurana, Pro-Vice-Chancellor, University of Delhi in respect of the following faculties regarding revision of courses under Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) be accepted.

1. Arts Department of English 1. M.A. English (Annexure-44) Image: Second S	Sr. No.	Faculty	Courses
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2. Social Science Department of Adult Continuing Education & Extension 1. M.A. Lifelong Learning & Extension (Annexure-63)			Department of Buddhist Studies
2. Social Science Department of Adult Continuing Education & Extension 1. M.A. Lifelong Learning & Extension (Annexure-63)			1. M.A. Buddhist Studies (Annexure-62)
2. Social Science Department of Adult Continuing Education & Extension 1. M.A. Lifelong Learning & Extension (Annexure-63)			
1. M.A. Lifelong Learning & Extension (Annexure-63)	2.	Social Science	Department of Adult Continuing Education & Extension
			1. M.A. Lifelong Learning & Extension (Annexure-63)

		Department of East Asian Studies
		1. M.A. East Asian Studies (Annexure-64)
		2. Passing criteria of part time Certificate/ Diploma/
		Advance Diploma course: (Annexure-65)
		a. Certificate Course in Chinese Language (part-time)
		b. Certificate Course in Japanese Language (part-time)
		c. Certificate Course in Korean Language (part-time) (KP-1)
		d. Diploma Course in Chinese Language (part-time) (CP-2)
		e. Diploma Course in Japanese Language (part-time) (JP-2)
		f. Diploma Course in Korean Language (part-time) (KP-2)
		g. Advanced Diploma Course in Chinese Language (part-time) (CP-3)
		h. Advanced Diploma Course in Japanese Language (part-time) (JP-3)
		i. Advanced Diploma Course in Korean Language (part-time) (KP-3)
		Department of Geography 1. M.A. Geography (Annexure-66)
		Department of History
		1. M.A. History (Annexure-67)
		Department of Political Science
		1. M.A. Political Science (Annexure-69)
		Department of Social Work
		1. M.A. Social Work (Annexure-70)
		Department of Sociology
		1. M.A. Sociology (Annexure-71)
		Department of Economics
		1. Introduction of syllabus of Basic Computational
		Economics in B.A. Programme (CBCS) SEC IV (6 th Semester). (Annexure-72)
2	Low	1 Bachelor of Law (LL B) (Approving 73)
5.		1. Dacheloi of Law (LL.D.) (Annexure-73)

<u>33-4/</u> the recommendations of the Standing Committee on Academic Matters made at its meeting held on 11th July, 2019 and 14th July, 2019 under the Chairmanship of Prof. J.P. Khurana, Pro-Vice-Chancellor, University of Delhi in respect of the following faculties/ Centre regarding revision/introduction of courses under Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) be accepted.

Sr. No.	Faculty	Courses
1.	Mathematical	Department of Mathematical Sciences
	Sciences	1. B.Sc. (Hons.) Mathematics (Annexure-74)
		2. B.Sc. (Programme) Physical Sciences/Mathematical
		Sciences. (Annexure-75)
		3. B.A. (Programme) Mathematics based papers.
		(Annexure-76)
		4. B.Sc. (Programme) Analytical Chemistry. (Annexure-
		77)

		5. Generic Elective (GE) for Honours Courses.
		(Annexure-78)
		6. Generic Elective (GE) for B.A./ B.Com. Courses.
		(Annexure-79)
		Department of Statistics
		1. B.Sc. (Hons.) Statistics. (Annexure-80)
		2. B.A. (Programme) Statistics based papers. (Annexure-
		3. B.Sc. (Programme) Mathematical Sciences. (Annexure-
		82)
		Department of Computer Science
		1. B.Sc. (Hons.) Computer Science Programme.
		(Annexure-83)
		2. B.Sc. Programme Physical/ Mathematical Sciences.
		(Annexure-84)
		3. B.A. (Programme) Discipline Course in Computer
		Application. (Annexure-85)
		4. General Electives for Hons./ Non-Hons. Programs.
		(Annexure-86)
		5. MCA – Deep Learning MCA-410. (Annexure-87)
		6. M.Sc. – Deep Learning MCS-210. (Annexure-88)
		Department of Operational Research
		1. O.R. papers for B.Sc. Mathematical Sciences.
		(Annexure-89)
		2. O.R. papers for B.A. Programme. (Annexure-90)
		3. General Elective courses for B.A. (Hons.)/ B.Com. $(H = 1)/D = (H = 1)/D =$
		(Hons.)/B.Sc. (Hons.). (Annexure-91)
2	Faculty of Commerce	Department of Commerce
2	& Business Studies	1 B Com (Hons) (Annexure-92)
		2. B.Com. (Pass). (Annexure-93)
		3. B.A. (Programme) Commerce based papers.
		(Annexure-94)
3.	Faculty of Science	1. B.Sc. (Hons.) Polymer Science. (Annexure-95)
	-	2. B.Sc. (Hons.) Biological Science. (Annexure-96)
		Department of Botany
		1. B.Sc. (Hons.) Botany. (Annexure-97)
		2. B.Sc. Programme Applied Life Sciences with
		Agrochemicals and Pest Management (Botany
		Component) . (Annexure-98)
		3. B.Sc. Programme in Life Sciences (Botany Component).
		(Annexure-99)
		Department of Anthropology
		1. B.Sc. (Holls.) Alluliopology. (Allexure-100)
		1 Six month Ability Enhancement compulsory course
		(AECC-I). Environmental Studies. (Annexure-101)
		Department of Home Science
		1. B.Sc. (Hons.) Home Science. (Annexure-102)
		2. B.Sc. (Hons.) Food Technology. (Annexure-103)
		B. Sc. (Prog.) Home Science. (Annexure-104)
		4. B.A. Programme Home Science based papers:
		(a) Nutrition Health Education. (Annexure-105)
		(b) Food Technology. (Annexure-106)
		(c) Apparel Design & Construction. (Annexure-107)
		(d) Human Development & Family Empowerment.
		(Annexure-108)
		Department of Zoology
		1. B.Sc. (Hons.) Zoology. (Annexure-109)

		2. B.Sc. (Programme) Life Sciences. (Annexure-110)
		3. B.Sc. (Programme) Applied Life Science with
		Agrochemicals & Pest Management (Annexure-111)
		Ambadkar Cantra for Biomadical Research
		1 B Sc. (Hons.) Biomedical Science (Anneyure-112)
		Department of Coology
		Department of Geology 1 P.S. (Hone) Coology (Appayung 113)
		1. D.Sc. (Holls.) Geology. (Allexure-115)
		Department of Physics & Astrophysics
		1. B.Sc. (Hons.) Physics. (Annexure-114)
		2. B.Sc. Physical Sciences (Discipline Physics).
		(Annexure-115)
		3. B.Sc. Physical Sciences (Discipline Electronics).
4		(Annexure-116)
4.	Faculty of Music &	Department of Music
	Fine Arts	1. B.A. (Hons.) Hindustani Music (Vocal/ Instrumental).
		(Annexure-117)
		2. B.A. (Hons.) Karnatak Music (Vocal/ Instrumental).
		(Annexure-118)
		3. B.A. (Hons.) Hindustani Music – Percussion (Tabla/
		Pakhawaj). (Annexure-119)
		4. B.A. (Prog.) Hindustani Music based paper. (Annexure-
		120)
		5. Generic Elective (GE) – Hindustani Music for other
		Hons. Courses. (Annexure-121)
5.	Inter-disciplinary &	Department of Biochemistry
	Applied Sciences	1. B.Sc. (Hons.) Biochemistry. (Annexure-122)
		Department of Microbiology
		1. B.Sc. (Hons.) Microbiology. (Annexure-123)
		Department of Electronic Science
		1. B.Sc. (Hons.) Electronic Science. (Annexure-124)
		2. B.Sc. (Hons.) Instrumentation. (Annexure-125)
		3. Change of scheme of examination for the curriculum in
		M.Tech.(Microwave Electronics).(Annexure-126)
		Department of Physical Education & Sports Sciences
		Department of Physical Education & Sports Sciences1.B.Sc. (P.E., H.E.& S.) Programme. (Annexure-127)
6.	Applied Social	Department of Physical Education & Sports Sciences1.B.Sc. (P.E., H.E.& S.) Programme. (Annexure-127)1.B.A. (Hons.) Multi Media and Mass Communication.
6.	AppliedSocialSciences&	Department of Physical Education & Sports Sciences1. B.Sc. (P.E., H.E.& S.) Programme. (Annexure-127)1. B.A. (Hons.) Multi Media and Mass Communication. (Annexure-128)
6.	AppliedSocialSciences&Humanities	Department of Physical Education & Sports Sciences1.B.Sc. (P.E., H.E.& S.) Programme. (Annexure-127)1.B.A. (Hons.) Multi Media and Mass Communication. (Annexure-128)2.Bachelor of Management Studies (BMS). (Annexure-
6.	AppliedSocialSciences&Humanities	Department of Physical Education & Sports Sciences1.B.Sc. (P.E., H.E.& S.) Programme. (Annexure-127)1.B.A. (Hons.) Multi Media and Mass Communication. (Annexure-128)2.Bachelor of Management Studies (BMS). (Annexure- 128A)
6.	AppliedSocialSciences&Humanities	Department of Physical Education & Sports Sciences 1. B.Sc. (P.E., H.E.& S.) Programme. (Annexure-127) 1. B.A. (Hons.) Multi Media and Mass Communication. (Annexure-128) 2. Bachelor of Management Studies (BMS). (Annexure-128A) 3. Bachelor of Business Administration (Financial
6.	Applied Social Sciences & Humanities	 Department of Physical Education & Sports Sciences B.Sc. (P.E., H.E.& S.) Programme. (Annexure-127) B.A. (Hons.) Multi Media and Mass Communication. (Annexure-128) Bachelor of Management Studies (BMS). (Annexure-128A) Bachelor of Business Administration (Financial Investment Analysis) BBA(FIA). (Annexure-129)
6.	Applied Social Sciences & Humanities	 Department of Physical Education & Sports Sciences B.Sc. (P.E., H.E.& S.) Programme. (Annexure-127) B.A. (Hons.) Multi Media and Mass Communication. (Annexure-128) Bachelor of Management Studies (BMS). (Annexure-128A) Bachelor of Business Administration (Financial Investment Analysis) BBA(FIA). (Annexure-129) Bachelor of Business Economics. (Annexure-130)
6.	Applied Social Sciences & Humanities	 Department of Physical Education & Sports Sciences B.Sc. (P.E., H.E.& S.) Programme. (Annexure-127) B.A. (Hons.) Multi Media and Mass Communication. (Annexure-128) Bachelor of Management Studies (BMS). (Annexure-128A) Bachelor of Business Administration (Financial Investment Analysis) BBA(FIA). (Annexure-129) Bachelor of Business Economics. (Annexure-130) B.Voc. (Retail and Logistics Management).*
6.	Applied Social Sciences & Humanities	 Department of Physical Education & Sports Sciences B.Sc. (P.E., H.E.& S.) Programme. (Annexure-127) B.A. (Hons.) Multi Media and Mass Communication. (Annexure-128) Bachelor of Management Studies (BMS). (Annexure-128A) Bachelor of Business Administration (Financial Investment Analysis) BBA(FIA). (Annexure-129) Bachelor of Business Economics. (Annexure-130) B.Voc. (Retail and Logistics Management).*
6.	Applied Social Sciences & Humanities	 Department of Physical Education & Sports Sciences B.Sc. (P.E., H.E.& S.) Programme. (Annexure-127) B.A. (Hons.) Multi Media and Mass Communication. (Annexure-128) Bachelor of Management Studies (BMS). (Annexure-128A) Bachelor of Business Administration (Financial Investment Analysis) BBA(FIA). (Annexure-129) Bachelor of Business Economics. (Annexure-130) B.Voc. (Retail and Logistics Management).* (Annexure-131)
6.	Applied Social Sciences & Humanities	 Department of Physical Education & Sports Sciences B.Sc. (P.E., H.E.& S.) Programme. (Annexure-127) B.A. (Hons.) Multi Media and Mass Communication. (Annexure-128) Bachelor of Management Studies (BMS). (Annexure-128A) Bachelor of Business Administration (Financial Investment Analysis) BBA(FIA). (Annexure-129) Bachelor of Business Economics. (Annexure-130) B.Voc. (Retail and Logistics Management).* (Annexure-131) B.Voc. (E-Taxation and E-Accounting).* (Annexure-132)
6.	Applied Social Sciences & Humanities	 Department of Physical Education & Sports Sciences B.Sc. (P.E., H.E.& S.) Programme. (Annexure-127) B.A. (Hons.) Multi Media and Mass Communication. (Annexure-128) Bachelor of Management Studies (BMS). (Annexure-128A) Bachelor of Business Administration (Financial Investment Analysis) BBA(FIA). (Annexure-129) Bachelor of Business Economics. (Annexure-130) B.Voc. (Retail and Logistics Management).* (Annexure-131) B.Voc. (E-Taxation and E-Accounting).* (Annexure-132)
6.	Applied Social Sciences & Humanities	 Department of Physical Education & Sports Sciences B.Sc. (P.E., H.E.& S.) Programme. (Annexure-127) B.A. (Hons.) Multi Media and Mass Communication. (Annexure-128) Bachelor of Management Studies (BMS). (Annexure-128A) Bachelor of Business Administration (Financial Investment Analysis) BBA(FIA). (Annexure-129) Bachelor of Business Economics. (Annexure-130) B.Voc. (Retail and Logistics Management).* (Annexure-131) B.Voc. (E-Taxation and E-Accounting).* (Annexure-132) B.Voc. (Applied Computer Sciences).* (Annexure-
6.	Applied Social Sciences & Humanities	 Department of Physical Education & Sports Sciences B.Sc. (P.E., H.E.& S.) Programme. (Annexure-127) B.A. (Hons.) Multi Media and Mass Communication. (Annexure-128) Bachelor of Management Studies (BMS). (Annexure-128A) Bachelor of Business Administration (Financial Investment Analysis) BBA(FIA). (Annexure-129) Bachelor of Business Economics. (Annexure-130) B.Voc. (Retail and Logistics Management).* (Annexure-131) B.Voc. (E-Taxation and E-Accounting).* (Annexure-132) B.Voc. (Applied Computer Sciences).* (Annexure-133)
6.	Applied Social Sciences & Humanities	 Department of Physical Education & Sports Sciences B.Sc. (P.E., H.E.& S.) Programme. (Annexure-127) B.A. (Hons.) Multi Media and Mass Communication. (Annexure-128) Bachelor of Management Studies (BMS). (Annexure-128A) Bachelor of Business Administration (Financial Investment Analysis) BBA(FIA). (Annexure-129) Bachelor of Business Economics. (Annexure-130) B.Voc. (Retail and Logistics Management).* (Annexure-131) B.Voc. (E-Taxation and E-Accounting).* (Annexure-132) B.Voc. (Applied Computer Sciences).* (Annexure-133) B.Voc. (Forensic Science Techniques).* (Annexure-
6.	Applied Social Sciences & Humanities	 Department of Physical Education & Sports Sciences B.Sc. (P.E., H.E.& S.) Programme. (Annexure-127) B.A. (Hons.) Multi Media and Mass Communication. (Annexure-128) Bachelor of Management Studies (BMS). (Annexure-128A) Bachelor of Business Administration (Financial Investment Analysis) BBA(FIA). (Annexure-129) Bachelor of Business Economics. (Annexure-130) B.Voc. (Retail and Logistics Management).* (Annexure-131) B.Voc. (E-Taxation and E-Accounting).* (Annexure-132) B.Voc. (Applied Computer Sciences).* (Annexure-133) B.Voc. (Forensic Science Techniques).* (Annexure-134)
6.	Applied Social Sciences & Humanities	 Department of Physical Education & Sports Sciences B.Sc. (P.E., H.E.& S.) Programme. (Annexure-127) B.A. (Hons.) Multi Media and Mass Communication. (Annexure-128) Bachelor of Management Studies (BMS). (Annexure-128A) Bachelor of Business Administration (Financial Investment Analysis) BBA(FIA). (Annexure-129) Bachelor of Business Economics. (Annexure-130) B.Voc. (Retail and Logistics Management).* (Annexure-131) B.Voc. (E-Taxation and E-Accounting).* (Annexure-132) B.Voc. (Applied Computer Sciences).* (Annexure-133) B.Voc. (Forensic Science Techniques).* (Annexure-134) B.Voc. (Communication and Mass Media Production) *
6.	Applied Social Sciences & Humanities	 Department of Physical Education & Sports Sciences B.Sc. (P.E., H.E.& S.) Programme. (Annexure-127) B.A. (Hons.) Multi Media and Mass Communication. (Annexure-128) Bachelor of Management Studies (BMS). (Annexure-128A) Bachelor of Business Administration (Financial Investment Analysis) BBA(FIA). (Annexure-129) Bachelor of Business Economics. (Annexure-130) B.Voc. (Retail and Logistics Management).* (Annexure-131) B.Voc. (E-Taxation and E-Accounting).* (Annexure-132) B.Voc. (Applied Computer Sciences).* (Annexure-133) B.Voc. (Forensic Science Techniques).* (Annexure-134) B.Voc. (Communication and Mass Media Production).* (Annexure-135)
6.	Applied Social Sciences & Humanities	 Department of Physical Education & Sports Sciences B.Sc. (P.E., H.E.& S.) Programme. (Annexure-127) B.A. (Hons.) Multi Media and Mass Communication. (Annexure-128) Bachelor of Management Studies (BMS). (Annexure-128A) Bachelor of Business Administration (Financial Investment Analysis) BBA(FIA). (Annexure-129) Bachelor of Business Economics. (Annexure-130) B.Voc. (Retail and Logistics Management).* (Annexure-131) B.Voc. (E-Taxation and E-Accounting).* (Annexure-132) B.Voc. (Applied Computer Sciences).* (Annexure-133) B.Voc. (Forensic Science Techniques).* (Annexure-134) B.Voc. (Communication and Mass Media Production).* (Annexure-135)
6.	Applied Social Sciences & Humanities	 Department of Physical Education & Sports Sciences B.Sc. (P.E., H.E.& S.) Programme. (Annexure-127) B.A. (Hons.) Multi Media and Mass Communication. (Annexure-128) Bachelor of Management Studies (BMS). (Annexure-128A) Bachelor of Business Administration (Financial Investment Analysis) BBA(FIA). (Annexure-129) Bachelor of Business Economics. (Annexure-130) B.Voc. (Retail and Logistics Management).* (Annexure-131) B.Voc. (E-Taxation and E-Accounting).* (Annexure-133) B.Voc. (Forensic Science Techniques).* (Annexure-134) B.Voc. (Communication and Mass Media Production).* (Annexure-135) B.Voc. (Multimedia, e-Learning and m-Learning).*
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6.	Applied Social Sciences & Humanities	 Department of Physical Education & Sports Sciences B.Sc. (P.E., H.E.& S.) Programme. (Annexure-127) B.A. (Hons.) Multi Media and Mass Communication. (Annexure-128) Bachelor of Management Studies (BMS). (Annexure-128A) Bachelor of Business Administration (Financial Investment Analysis) BBA(FIA). (Annexure-129) Bachelor of Business Economics. (Annexure-130) B.Voc. (Retail and Logistics Management).* (Annexure-131) B.Voc. (E-Taxation and E-Accounting).* (Annexure-132) B.Voc. (Applied Computer Sciences).* (Annexure-133) B.Voc. (Forensic Science Techniques).* (Annexure-134) B.Voc. (Communication and Mass Media Production).* (Annexure-135) B.Voc. (Multimedia, e-Learning and m-Learning).* (Annexure-136) <i>Ref.: A.C. Resolution No. 11 dated 2/16 January, 2019.</i>
6.	Applied Social Sciences & Humanities	 Department of Physical Education & Sports Sciences B.Sc. (P.E., H.E.& S.) Programme. (Annexure-127) B.A. (Hons.) Multi Media and Mass Communication. (Annexure-128) Bachelor of Management Studies (BMS). (Annexure-128A) Bachelor of Business Administration (Financial Investment Analysis) BBA(FIA). (Annexure-129) Bachelor of Business Economics. (Annexure-130) B.Voc. (Retail and Logistics Management).* (Annexure-131) B.Voc. (E-Taxation and E-Accounting).* (Annexure-132) B.Voc. (Applied Computer Sciences).* (Annexure-133) B.Voc. (Forensic Science Techniques).* (Annexure-134) B.Voc. (Communication and Mass Media Production).* (Annexure-135) B.Voc. (Multimedia, e-Learning and m-Learning).* (Annexure-136) Ref.: A.C. Resolution No. 11 dated 2/16 January, 2019.
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		2. B.A. (Programme) Arabic. (Annexure-138)
		Department of Buddhist Studies
		1. B.A. (Prog.) Buddhist Studies. (Annexure-139)
		Department of Germanic & Romance Studies
		1. B.A. (Hons.) French. (Annexure-140)
		2. B.A. (Hons.) German. (Annexure-141)
		3. B.A. (Hons.) Italian. (Annexure-142)
		4. B.A. (Hons.) Spanish. (Annexure-143)
		5. B.A. (Prog.) French. (Annexure-144)
		6 B A (Prog.) German (Anneyure-145)
		7 B Λ (Prog.) Spanish (Annevure 146)
		7. D.A. (110g.) Spanish. (Annexure-140)
		Department of Linguistics
		1 B A Programme Linguistics (Annexure-147)
		2 M A Linguistics (Annevure-148)
		2. WI.A. Elliguistics. (Annexute-140)
		Department of Modern Indian Languages and Literary
		Studies
		1. B.A. (Hons.) Bengali. (Annexure-149)
		2 UG Course Bengali (Annexure-150)
		3 UG Course Sindhi (Annexure 150)
		4 UG Course Tamil (Annovure-151)
		5. UG Course Talum. (Annexure 152)
		5. UU Course relugu. (Amexure-155)
		0. MIL COLE COULSES (Assallese, Gujtati, Kallada,
		Malayalani, Manipuri, Maratin, Odia). (Annexure-154)
		Donartmont of Porsion
		1 B A (Hong) Dersion (Approving 155)
		1. D.A. (Holls.) Persian. (Annexule-155)
		2. B.A. Flogramme Feisian. (Amexure-150)
		Department of Philosophy
		1 B A (Hong) Philosophy (Anneyure-157)
		2 B A Programma Philosophy (Annovura 158)
		2. D.A. Frogramme Fillosophy. (Annexure-136)
		Department of Psychology
		1 B A (Hons) Psychology (Annexure-159)
		2 B A (Hons.) Applied Psychology (Annexure 169)
		Department of Punjabi
		$\frac{Department of T unjabi}{1 - B \Lambda (Hong) Punjabi (Annovure 161)}$
		2 And Other Honours Courses (Annovure-167)
		2. And Oner Honours Courses. (Annexure-102)
		$\frac{1}{1} = B \Delta (Hons) Sanskrit (Annovneo_163)$
		2 Undergraduate Course for Sanskrit (Annovuro_164)
		Department of Urdu
		1 BA (Hons) Urdu (Annexure-165)
		2 B A $(Prog)/B$ Com $(Prog)$ Urdu (Annevure-166)
		2. D.A. (1105.) D.Com. (1105.) Olda. (Annexate-100)
8.	Cluster Innovation	Cluster Innovation Centre
	Centre	1. B. Tech. (Information Technology & Mathematical
		Innovations). (Annexure-167)
		2. B.A. (Hons.) (Humanities & Social Sciences)
		(Annexure-168)
		3. M.Sc. (Mathematics Education) (Annexure-169)
9.	Social Sciences	Department of Economics
<i>.</i>		1. B.A. (Hons.) Economics (Annexure-170)
		2 B A ($Prog$) Economics (Annevire 170)
		3 B Com (Prog.) General Elective Course
		(Annevure-172)
		(A = 172) $A = M = A = E = Conomics (A = 173)$
		T. 191.A. ECONOMICS (AMICAULC-1/3)

		Department of Social Work						
		1. B.A. (Hons.) Social Work. (Annexure-174)						
		Department of Adult Continuing Education & Extension						
		1. Generic Elective Courses for B.A. (Hons.) Journalism.						
		(Annexure-175)						
		College of Vocational Studies						
		1. B.A. (Vocational Studies) Human Resource Management						
		(Annexure-176)						
		2 B A (Vocational Studies) Management and Marketing						
		of Insurance (Annexure-177)						
		3. B.A. (Vocational Studies) Marketing Management and						
		Retail Business. (Annexure-178)						
		4. B.A. (Vocational Studies) Material Management.						
		(Annexure-179)						
		5. B.A. (Vocational Studies) Office Management &						
		Secretarial Practice. (Annexure-180)						
		6. B.A. (Vocational Studies) Small and Medium						
		Enterprises (Annexure-181)						
		B A (Vocational Studies) Tourism Management						
		(Annexure-182)						
		(
10.	Education	1. B.A. (Prog.) Education. (Annexure-183)						
11.	Management Studies	1. Master of Business Administration (MBA) (Full Time)						
		(Annexure-184)						
		2. Master of Business Administration (Health Care						
		Administration) (Annexure-185)						
		3. Master of Business Administration (Executive)						
		(Annexure-186)						
12.	Medical Sciences	1. Change of nomenclature of M.Ch. Plastic Surgery to						
		M.Ch. (Plastic & Reconstructive Surgery) (Annexure-						
		187)						
		2. Change of nomenclature of MD (Radio-therapy) to MD						
		(Radiation Oncology) (Annexure-188)						
		3. Amendment in the MDS Ordinance.						
		(Annexure-189)						

<u>33-5/</u> the recommendations of the Standing Committee on Academic Matters made at its meeting held on 20.08.2018, 24.08.2018, 28.08.2018 and 11.07.2019 under the Chairmanship of Prof. J.P. Khurana, the Pro-Vice-Chancellor, University of Delhi in respect of the following faculties regarding revision of courses under Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) be accepted:

Sr. No	Faculty	Courses					
1.	Arts	Department of Punjabi					
		1. M.A. Punjabi. (Annexure-191)					
		Department of Hindi					
		1. B.A. (Prog.) Hindi. (Annexure-192)					
		2. B.Com. (Prog.) Hindi. (Annexure-193)					
		3. B.A. (Prog.) Prayojanmoolak Hindi.					
		(Annexure-194)					
		4. B.A. (Hons.) Hindi. (Annexure-195)					
		5. B.A. (Hons.) Hindi Patrakarita evam Jansanchar.					
		(Annexure-196)					
2.	Law	1. LL.M. (2year/3year) (Annexure-197)					

3.	Science	 Department of Chemistry 1. M.Sc. Chemistry (Annexure-198) 2. B.Sc. (Programme) Life Science. (Annexure-200) 3. B.Sc. (Programme) Physical Science. (Annexure-201) 4. B.Sc. Applied Life Sciences with Agrochemicals and Pest Management. (Annexure-202) 5. B.Sc. Analytical Chemistry. (Annexure-203) 6. B.Sc. Industrial Chemistry. (Annexure-204)
4.	Social Sciences	Department of Geography
		Geography. (Annexure-205)

(The above Resolution No. 33-1, 33-2, 33-3, 33-4 and 33-5 have been minuted separately also on 21.07.2019).

<u>33-6/</u> The Council accepted the recommendations of Academic Council to constitute an Oversight Committee for addressing matters related to revision of Courses, if any, and other related matters.

(Four Members dissented)

- <u>33-7/</u> Resolved that B.Sc. (Hons.) Chemistry syllabi be approved, except Skill Enhancement Course (SEC) titled "Reactions, Reagents and Chemical Process" be referred back to the Department of Chemistry for further consideration by the Committee of Courses and Faculty of Science and the revised version of the SEC be then submitted to the 'Oversight Committee' for further necessary action.
- **33-8/** Syllabi of Undergraduate Courses of Department of English, Department of Sociology, Department of History and Department of Political Science, after incorporating suggestions of the members of the Academic Council by the respective Head of the Departments, were placed on the table. After due deliberations, it was resolved that these syllabi be referred back to the respective Departments for further consideration by the Committee of Courses and respective faculties and the revised version of the syllabi be then submitted to the 'Oversight Committee' for further necessary action.

(Two Members dissented)

- <u>33-9</u>/ Resolved that NCTE letter No. NCTE-Reg/011/59/2019-US(Regulation)HQ/79745 dated 20.06.2019 from the Under Secretary, NCTE, Delhi containing NCTE Regulation 2014 and NCTE Amendments Regulations 2017, be accepted (Annexure-206).
- **33-10/** Resolved that proposed Modifications in the Ordinance IX (8) regarding Post-Graduate Courses (M.A./ M.Sc./ M.Com.) governed under the scheme of Examinations of the Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) recommended by the Committee under Co-Chairperson Prof. Kavita Sharma constituted vide University Notification No. Acad.I/Admissions/2018/456 dated 22nd February, 2018 be accepted. It was further resolved that consequential amendments to the relevant Ordinances of the University be made accordingly. (Annexure-207)

- <u>33-11/</u> Resolved that the revised curriculum of the Under-graduate and Post-graduate courses shall also be applicable for School of Open Learning and Non-Collegiate Women Education Board (NCWEB) w.e.f. academic session 2019-2020. Accordingly, the examination scheme for Under-graduate and Post-graduate shall also be applicable to both School of Open Learning and Non-Collegiate Women Education Board. Director, COL, and Chairman, NCWEB, in consultation with Dean (Examination) will work out the modalities about the conduct of examinations in semester mode and present a proposal before the Executive Council.
- 34/- The Executive Council considered the panel of names duly approved by the Hon'ble Dy. Chief Minister, Govt. of NCT of Delhi for nomination to the Governing Bodies of 28 Govt. of NCT of Delhi Sponsored Colleges of the University of Delhi. The panel received vide letter no. DHE-33(2)/G.B./28/Colleges/2019/2738 dated 28.06.2019 and DHE-33(2)/G.B./28/Colleges/2019/3185-88 dated 18.07.2019 Govt. of NCT of Delhi are placed at **Appendix-III**.

Members noted several discrepancies in the panel of names recommended by the Govt. of NCT (from their list), which are not as per norms and also lacked some details essential for consideration by the Executive Council. It was thus resolved to constitute a Committee to review the panel of names and make appropriate suggestions for communication to the Govt. of NCT to revise the list at the earliest.

<u>35/-</u> Resolved that the following panel of persons for election of the Treasurer of the University under provision of Statute (11)(J) be approved.

- 1. Dr. Subhash Chandra Pandey
- 2. Shri P.K. Mishra
- 3. Shri K. Satheesh Babu

(Copies of the CV/Resume are enclosed as Appendix-IV)

<u>36/-</u> The following decision/action taken by the Vice-Chancellor in exercise of his powers/delegated powers vest upon him other than emergency powers in the following matters were reported, recorded and confirmed:

- 1. Accord of approval on 17.06.2019 to the constitution of the Editorial Board consisting of the following to prepare the 96thAnnual Report, (period from 1st April 2018 to 31st March 2019) of the University.
 - 1. Prof. Pami Dua, Dean Academic Activities & Projects Chairperson
 - 2. Prof. Tarun Kumar Das, Registrar
 - 3. Dr. Payal Mago, Joint Dean Colleges
 - 4. Prof. Yogendra Singh, Dean Research, Life Sciences
 - 5. Prof. T. R. Seshadri, Dean Research, Physical & Mathematical Sciences
 - 6. Prof. Suman Kundu, Department of Biochemistry
 - 7. Prof. Reetesh Kumar Singh, Dean, Faculty of Commerce
 - 8. Prof. Sunita Singh Sengupta, Dean, Faculty of Management Studies
 - 9. Prof. Neera Agnimitra, Head, Department of Social Work
 - 10. Prof. Arun Jaganath, Department of Botany
 - 11. Prof. Sanjay Kapoor, Department of Plant Molecular Biology
 - 12. Prof. Vandana Roy, Dean, Faculty of Medical Sciences

- 13. Prof. Ajay Kumar, Department of Mathematics
- 14. Prof. Nandita Babu, Department of Psychology
- 15. Prof. Shormishtha Panja, Department of English
- 16. Dr. Mukesh Mehlawat, Department of Operational Research
- 17. Dr. Asani Bhaduri, Cluster Innovation Centre
- 18. Dr. K. Ratnabali, Faculty of Law
- 19. Capt. Parminder Sehgal, NSS Coordinator
- 20. Dr. Uma Chaudhry, Bhaskaracharya College of Applied Science
- 21. Dr. Surinder Kaur, SGTB Khalsa College
- 22. Dr. Renu Baweja, Shivaji College
- 23. Dr. Sudhir Sharma, Joint Registrar, Council
- 2. Accord of approval on 06.07.2019 to the extension of deputation to Dr. Sugata Bag as Visiting Professor of Economics Chair at University of Colombo, Colombo, Sri Lanka for a period of six months i.e. till 13.01.2020.

37/- Ref.: E.C. Resolution No. 4 (12) dated 28.05.2015

Resolved that the receipt of letter No. 4-11/2017-CU-II, Government of India, Ministry of Human Resource Development, Department of Higher Education dated 26th June, 2019 received from Sh. P.K. Singh, Under Secretary to the Government of India regarding amendment to Statute 9-B of the Statutes of the University related to the merger of Department of Business Economics and Department of Financial Studies into a single department named as "*Department of Finance and Business Economics*" be reported and recorded. (Copy of letter is placed at Appendix-V)

<u>38/-</u> The action taken by the Vice-Chancellor in appointing/ re-appointing/ nominating/ renominating, in the following matters were reported, recorded and confirmed:-

- <u>38-1/-</u> In appointing the Teacher Representatives on the Governing Bodies of the colleges for a period of one year as per provisions of Ordinance-XVIII of the University. The details are placed at **Appendix-VI**.
- <u>38-2/-</u> In appointing/Re-appointing/Extension of term of appointment in respect of Chairman/Chairperson/E.C. Nominee/Special Invitee/Ex-Officio Member/Members of the Governing Bodies of University Maintained Institution/Colleges.

For Governing Body of Dyal Singh College for a period of one year w.e.f. 04.07.2019:

- 1. Mr. Rajiv Nayan as Chairman
- 2. Dr. Varun Veer as Member
- 3. Prof. Shobha Sinha, as Member
- <u>38-3/-</u> University Representatives on the Governing Body of the various Colleges for a period of one year as per details placed at **Appendix-VII.**

Any other item with the permission of Chair.

39/- Serious concern was expressed about the status of the facilities and availability of infrastructure in a few of the Trust Maintained Colleges, and it was pointed out that some of these Trusts do not regularly contribute their mandatory 5% share towards the budget of the college concerned. It is, thus, imperative that any trust that has failed to contribute its share, the process of getting 100% grant-in-aid from the UGC and converting that Trust Maintained College into a University maintained institution may be initiated.

The meeting ended with a vote of thanks to the Chair.

Sd/-(Prof. Tarun Kumar Das) Registrar – Secretary **Sd/-**(**Prof. Yogesh Kumar Tyagi**) Vice-Chancellor – Chairman

UNIVERSITY OF DELHI

MASTER OF BIOMEDICAL SCIENCES

(MBS)

(Effective from Academic Year 2019-20)

PROGRAMME BROCHURE



CONTENTS

	Page
About the Department	3
Introduction to CBCS Scope & Definitions	4
M.Sc. Biomedical Scineces Programme Details	6-15
Programme scope, objectives and outcomes	6
Programme Structure	7
Eligibility for Admissions	11
Assessment of students Performance	12
Scheme of exams	12
Pass percentage and Promotion criteria	12
Semester to semester progression	13
Conversion of Marks into grades	13
Grade points	13
CGPA Calculation	13
Division of degree into classes	14
Attendance requirement	14
Span Period	14
Guidelines for the award of Internal assessment marks	14-15
	About the Department Introduction to CBCS Scope & Definitions McSc. Biomedical Scineces Programme Details Programme scope, objectives and outcomes Programme Structure Eligibility for Admissions Assessment of students Performance Scheme of exams Pass percentage and Promotion criteria Semester to semester progression Conversion of Marks into grades Grade points Orision of degree into classes Attendance requirement Span Period Guidelines for the award of Internal assessment marks

IV. Course Wise Content Details for M. Sc. and M.Sc.- Ph.D. Combined Degree Programme 16

I. About the Department

Dr. B.R. Ambedkar Center for Biomedical Research (ACBR) came into existence in March 1991 with the foundation stone laid by the then Hon'ble Prime Minister of India Sh. Chandra Shekharji, on the occasion of the birth centenary of Baba Saheb Dr. B.R. Ambedkar. The mandate of the Centre is high quality postgraduate education and research in Biomedical Sciences. The institute also has provision for doctoral and postdoctoral training to young scientists at the start of their research career to gain the skills and insights in frontier areas of Biomedical Sciences. During the last two decades the Center has grown to a strength of 220, comprising faculty, students, Ph.D. scholars and supporting staff.

Dr. B.R. Ambedkar Center for Biomedical Research (ACBR) is a unique center under the University of Delhi wherein a multi-specialty group of scientists work as a cohesive team and carryout active teaching and research. The absence of a formal departmental setup provides an excellent environment where faculties interact with each other freely that enhances better teaching and research in the complementary areas. The emphasis of research investigations is mainly on chemistry and biology and is being carried out in some of the frontline areas of basic and applied biomedical sciences such as Drug Discovery and Drug Development, Medical Biotechnology, Molecular Modeling and DNA Diagnostics, Molecular Oncology, Immunology, Genomics & Proteomics, Medicinal Chemistry, Cancer Genetics, Human Genetics and Neuropharmacology. Within a small span of time, ACBR has earned its name and fame both at the National and International level.

II. Introduction to CBCS (Choice Based Credit System)

Choice Based Credit System:

The CBCS provides an opportunity for the students to choose courses from the prescribed courses comprising core, elective/minor or skill-based courses. The courses can be evaluated following the grading system, which is considered to be better than the conventional marks system. Grading system provides uniformity in the evaluation and computation of the Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) based on student's performance in examinations which enables the student to move across institutions of higher learning. The uniformity in evaluation system also enable the potential employers in assessing the performance of the candidates.

Definitions:

(i) 'Academic Programme' means an entire course of study comprising its programme structure, course details, evaluation schemes etc. designed to be taught and evaluated in a teaching Department/Centre or jointly under more than one such Department/ Centre

(ii) 'Course' means a segment of a subject that is part of an Academic Programme

(iii) 'Programme Structure' means a list of courses (Core, Elective, Open Elective) that makes up an Academic Programme, specifying the syllabus, Credits, hours of teaching, evaluation and examination schemes, minimum number of credits required for successful completion of the programme etc. prepared in conformity to University Rules, eligibility criteria for admission

(iv) 'Core Course' means a course that a student admitted to a particular programme must successfully complete to receive the degree and which cannot be substituted by any other course

(v) 'Elective Course' means an optional course to be selected by a student out of such courses offered in the same or any other Department/Centre

(vi) 'Open Elective' means an elective course which is available for students of all programmes, including students of same department. Students of other Department will opt these courses subject to fulfilling of eligibility of criteria as laid down by the Department offering the course.

(vii) 'Credit' means the value assigned to a course which indicates the level of instruction;

One-hour lecture per week equals 1 Credit, 2 hours practical class per week equals 1 credit. Credit for a practical could be proposed as part of a course or as a separate practical course (viii) 'SGPA' means Semester Grade Point Average calculated for individual semester.

Dr. B. R. Ambedkar Center for Biomedical Research, University of Delhi

(ix) 'CGPA' is Cumulative Grade Points Average calculated for all courses completed by the students at any point of time. CGPA is calculated each year for both the semesters clubbed together.

(x) 'Grand CGPA' is calculated in the last year of the course by clubbing together of CGPA of two years, i.e., four semesters. Grand CGPA is being given in Transcript form. To benefit the student a formula for conversation of Grand CGPA into %age marks is given in the Transcript.

III. M. Sc. and M.Sc.- Ph.D. Combined Degree Programme Details:

Scope

The overall objective of the program is to foster high-quality innovative research & teaching program and interdisciplinary knowledge to develop specialist academicians and intellectual leaders with excellent professional skills in biomedical sciences for better understanding and management of human health and disease.

Programme Objectives (POs):

With this in mind the objectives of the **M. Sc. and M.Sc.- Ph.D. Combined Degree Programme** are to develop a multidisciplinary knowledge Centre and provide high quality world-class teaching and research in biomedical sciences. To educate and train a new generation of young minds in biomedical sciences. To create a passion for research while inculcating a scientific temperament and a knowledge inquisitive mind with the main aim of contributing towards human health through basic cum applied research. Intellectual grooming of each student to be a potential leader in biomedical sciences. To teach beyond textbooks and rejuvenate the spirit of science.

Programme Specific Outcome

For achieving this, ACBR has structured its course amalgamating Biology and Chemistry in a fine mix. This gives each student an in- depth view of biology via the prism of chemistry. This includes aspects of cell and molecular biology, biotechnology, biochemistry, infection and immunity, genetics, human physiology integrated with organic and medicinal chemistry, biomedical techniques, pharmacology and toxicology. To this end the fourth semester curricula has been designed to lay more emphasis on laboratory- oriented training with two optional elective papers and project having 60% weightage.

Programme Structure:

The M.Sc. in Biomedical Sciences programme is a two-year course divided into four-semesters. A student is required to complete 98 credits for the completion of course and the award of degree.

		Semester	Semester
Part – I	First Year	Semester I	Semester II
Part – II	Second Year	Semester III	Semester IV

Course Credit Scheme

Semester	Core Courses			Elective Course			Open Elective Course			Total
	No.	Credits	Total	No.	Credits	Total	No. of	Credits	Total	
	of		Credits	Of	(L+T)+P	Credits	papers	(L+T/P)	Credits	
	papers	(L+T/P)		Papers						
Ι	5	20L+ 6P	26	0	0	0	0	0	0	26
II	5	20L+ 6P	26	0	0	0	0	0	0	26
III	4	16L+ 6P	22	0	0	0	1	4	4	26
IV	0	0	0	3 ^{\$}	8L + 12D ^{\$}	20	0	0	0	20
Total										
Credits	14	(56L +	74	2\$	QI ⊥12D\$	20	1	41	1	08
for the	14	18P)	/4	5	0L+12D	20	1	4L	4	70
course										

^{\$} If a student does not wish do the dissertation project, he/she can take three more electives in consultation with the faculty and out of the electives being offered.

For each Core and Elective Course there will be 4 lecture hours of teaching per week.

- > Open Electives to the maximum total of 4credits.
- > Duration of examination of each paper shall be 3 hours.
- Each paper will be of 100 marks out of which 70 marks shall be allocated for semester examination and 30 marks for internal assessment.

L= Theory; P = Practical; D= Dissertation Project

Semester wise Details of M.Sc. in Biomedical Sciences Course

Semester I/II/III/IV (individually for each semester)

Semester I							
Number of core courses (5)	Credits in	Credits in each core course					
Course	Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Credits			
MBSCC-101							
Biological Chemistry 1	4	0	0	4			
MBSCC-102							
Cell Biology	4	0	0	4			
MBSCC-103							
Biochemistry of Macromolecules	4	2	0	6			
MBSCC-104							
Concepts of Genetics	4	2	0	6			
MBSCC-105							
Medical Microbiology	4	2	0	6			
Core courses '5' (total number)							
Total credits in core course	20	6	0	26			

Semester II						
Number of core courses (5)	Credits in each core course					
Course	Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Credits		
MBSCC-201						
Molecular Biology	4	0	0	4		
MBSCC-202						
Human Physiology I	4	0	0	4		
MBSCC-203						
Recombinant DNA Technology &						
Biotechnology	4	2	0	6		
MBSCC-204						
Immunology	4	2	0	6		
MBSCC-205						
Biological Chemistry II	4	2	0	6		
Core courses '5' (total number)						
Total credits in core course	20	6	0	26		

Semester III						
Number of core courses (4)Credits in each core course						
Course	Theory Practical Tutorial Credits					
MBSCC-301 4 0 0 4						

Principles of Medicinal Chemistry				
MBSCC-302				
Human Physiology II	4	2	0	6
MBSCC-303				
Analytical & Biomedical:				
Techniques & Instrumentation	4	2	0	6
MBSCC-304				
Pharmacology & Toxicology	4	2	0	6
Core courses '4' (total number)				
Total credits in core course	16	6	0	22

Number of Open Elective courses (1)	Credits in each Elective course				
Credits in each elective course	Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Credits	
Open Elective 1	4	0	0	4	
Total Open Electives 1					
Total credits in open elective courses	4	0	0	4	

Semester IV

Number of elective courses -3	Credits in each Elective course			
Credits in each elective course	Theory	Practical	Tutorial	Credits
Elective course 1	4L	0	0	4
Elective course 2	4L	0	0	4
Dissertation Project (MBSDP-415)	0	12D ^{\$}	0	12
Total Elective courses '2' + 1(Project*)				
Total credits in elective courses	8L	12D ^{\$}	0	20

^{\$}If a student does not wish to do the dissertation project, he/she can take three more electives (Elective-3, 4 and 5) in consultation with the faculty and out of the elective being offered

OPEN ELECTIVES To be offered by ACBR (III Semester)

- 1. MBSOE-305 Bioethics & Biosafety
- 2. MBSOE-306 Application of statistics for Biology

List of ELECTIVE Papers (Choice based papers) for IV semester

- 1. MBSEC-401 Molecular Oncology
- 2. MBSEC-402 Stem Cell Biology For Development & Translational Research
- 3. MBSEC-403 Medical Bacteriology and Parasitology
- 4. MBSEC-404 New Methods In Organic Synthesis
- 5. MBSEC-405 Bioinformatics, Computational Biology and Drug Designing
- 6. MBSEC-406 Genome Biology
- 7. MBSEC-407 Advanced Immunology
- 8. MBSEC-408 Advanced Concepts in Medicinal Chemistry

9. MBSEC-409 - Clinical Pathophysiology

10. MBSEC-410 - Advanced Toxicology

11. MBSEC-411 - Medical Virology and Mycology

12. MBSEC-412 - Advances In Protein Science

13. MBSEC-413 - Neurobiology

14. MBSEC-414 - Drug Discovery and Process Development

Selection of Electives and open Elective Courses:

- Selection of Electives courses will be based on Merit cum choice basis out of the electives offered by the faculty in IV semester. The marks obtained in Part I (I + II semester) will be considered for merit.
- Students will be required to take either DISSERTATION PROJECT in any laboratory or additional three Elective Courses (3, 4 & 5) of 4 credit each (IV Semester) out of the electives offered by the faculty in IV semester. Selection will be once again based on merit cum choice bases based on the marks obtained in Part I (I + II semester).
- Selection of Open Electives: The maximum number of seats for open electives will be equal to number of student intake in M.Sc. Biomedical sciences (currently 51). The selection of students shall be based on the merit prepared based on their marks obtained in the M.Sc. First semester. Open elective will be offered in III semester only by the Biomedical Centre.

Teaching:

The faculty of the Center is primarily responsible for organizing lecture work for <u>M.Sc. and</u> <u>M.Sc./Ph.D. combined degree programme in Biomedical Sciences</u>. The instructions related to tutorials are provided by the respective registering units under the overall guidance of the Department. Faculty from some other Departments and constituent colleges are also associated with lecture and tutorial work in the Department.

There shall be 90 instructional days excluding examination in a semester.

The dissertation projects are mainly carried out at ACBR under the mentorship of the faculty of ACBR itself in the core area of research of the faculty (Drug Discovery and Drug Development, Medical Biotechnology, Molecular Modeling and DNA Diagnostics, Molecular Oncology, Immunology, Genomics & Proteomics, Medicinal Chemistry, Cancer Genetics, Human Genetics and Neuropharmacology). In addition, students can also join laboratories in nearby Institutes or departments such as V. Patel chest, INMAS, DIPAS, IGIB.

During the dissertation, students are trained to design the experiments, carry out the research by performing experiments independently, analyse the data and interpret the results. With the help of the mentor, student is asked to compile the project report and finally defend their research work in an open viva voce examination.

Eligibility for Admissions:

Mode of admission

ONLY THROUGH ENTRANCE conducted by the University of Delhi.

Eligibility Criteria:

Bachelor's Degree in Science in any relevant subject from University of Delhi or any other University whose Examination is recognized by the University of Delhi as equivalent and fulfilling other conditions of eligibility.

Marks Requirement: 55% or above marks in aggregate or equivalent grade or as per University rules.

Assessment of Students' Performance and Scheme of Examinations:

- 1. English shall be the medium of instruction and examination.
- 2. Examinations shall be conducted at the end of each semester as per the Academic Calendar notified by the University of Delhi.
- 1. The system of evaluation shall be as follows:
- 3.1 Each four credit course shall be evaluated for100 marks and will have two components:

i. Internal Assessment:	30 marks
a. Attendance:	05 marks
b. Test / Assignments/Seminar:	25 marks
ii. End of Semester Examination:	70 marks

- 3.2 Each two credit practical examination will be conducted at the end of the semester for 50 marks.
- 4. The scheme of evaluation for the candidate opting for a dissertation project (IV Semester) shall be as follows:
 - 4.1 Project work will begin from end of 2^{nd} Semester and will be completed at the end of 4^{th} semester.

4.2. The evaluation criteria for project work will be for 300 marks (12 credits) which includes internal evaluation by the concerned supervisor based on general performance in the laboratory (for 100 Marks) and student seminar, Project work and viva-voce evaluated by a board of examiners constituted by committee of courses of ACBR as per Delhi University Rules (200 Marks) as detailed below:

Attendance, experimental ability, notebook record keeping- 100 Marks (Internal assessment) Data analysis and Project report 100 Marks

Presentation of work and Viva voce examination 100 Marks

5. Examinations for courses shall be conducted only in the respective odd and even Semester as per the Scheme of Examinations. Regular as well as Ex-students shall be permitted to appear / re-appear / improve in courses of Odd Semesters only at the end of Odd Semesters and courses of Even-Semesters only at the end of Even Semesters.

Pass Percentage

Minimum marks for passing the examination in each semester shall be 40% in each paper and 45% in aggregate of a Semester. Details as per University of Delhi rules.

However, a candidate who has secured the minimum marks to pass in each paper but has not secured the minimum marks to pass in aggregate may reappear in any of the paper/s of choice in the concerned semester in order to be able to secure the minimum marks prescribed to pass the Semester in aggregate.

No student would be allowed to avail of more than two chances to pass a paper inclusive of the first attempt.

Promotion Criteria

Semester to Semester:

Students shall be required to fulfil the Part to part Promotion Criteria. Within the same part, students shall be promoted from a semester to the next Semester, provided she/he has passed at least three out of the five theory examinations of the current Semester. However, passing in practical is mandatory for promotion from one semester to the next. There shall not be any repeat/improvement allowed for practical examination.

Part I to Part II Progression:

Admission to Part II of the programme shall be open to only those students who have successfully passed at least 6 theory papers out of papers offered for the Part I courses comprising of Semester-I and Semester-II taken together and two practical papers. However, she/he will have to clear the remaining papers while studying in Part-II of the programme.

Conversion of Marks into Grades:

As per University Examination rules

Grade Points:

Grade point table as per University Examination rule

CGPA Calculation:

As per University Examination rule.

SGPA Calculation:

As per University Examination rules

Grand SGPA Calculation:

As per University Examination rules

Conversion of Grand CGPA into Marks

As notified by competent authority the formula for conversion of Grand CGPA into marks is: Final % age of marks = CGPA based on all four semesters \times 9.5

Division of Degree into Classes:

Post Graduate degree to be classified based on CGPA obtained into various classes as notified into Examination policy.

Attendance Requirement:

No student shall be considered to have pursued a regular course of study unless he/she is certified by the Head /Director of the Dr. B.R. Ambedkar Center for Biomedical Research, University of Delhi, to have attended 75% of the total number of lectures and seminars conducted in each Semester, during his/her course of study. Provided that he/she fulfils other conditions, the Head/Director, Dr. B. R. Ambedkar Center for Biomedical Research may permit a student to the next Semester who falls short of the required percentage of attendance by not more than 10% of the lectures and seminars conducted during the Semester.

Span Period:

No student shall be admitted as a candidate for the examination for any of the Parts/Semesters after the lapse of **four** years from the date of admission to the Part-I/Semester-I of the M. Sc. and M.Sc.- Ph.D. Combined Degree Programme.

Guidelines for the Award of Internal Assessment Marks M. Sc. and M.Sc.-Ph.D. Combined Degree Programme (Semester Wise)

Internal assessment will comprise 30% of the maximum marks in a specified paper. Internal assessment will have several components like attendance marks, marks for mid-term written test / assignment / seminar, marks for discipline and interaction in class, etc. as outlined below semester wise. Marks for mid-term written test / assignment / seminar and attendance will be discussed with the students and copies for written test / assignment will be returned to students appropriately marked.

Attendance will be marked separately for each theory and practical papers as well as for Dissertation as per the prevailing rules of the University of Delhi. Attendance marks will be included as part of 30% internal assessment in each paper and marked in three tiers. Internal assessment components for theory papers (4 credits, 100 marks) in Semester I/II/III/IV: Attendance - 5 marks; Written test/ Assignment/ Seminar/ Viva-voce (with documented evidence) – 25 marks; Total = 30 marks.

Internal assessment components for Practical papers (2 credits, 50 marks) in Semester I/II/III: Attendance /Class interaction/ discipline – 5 marks; Notebook record keeping – 5 marks; Experimental ability– 5 marks; Total = 15 marks. Rest 35 marks will be evaluated during end semester practical examination

Internal assessment components (100 marks) for Dissertation (12 credits, 300 marks) in Semester IV: Attendance/ Lab interactions / Discipline in lab – 30 marks; Experimental ability & Notebook record keeping – 70 marks; Total = 100 marks.

NOTE:

The promotion/passing/attendance/other rules are subject to change from time to time by the University, and the rules prevailing at that time will be applicable.

IV: Course Wise Content Details for M. Sc. and M.Sc.- Ph.D. Combined Degree Programme:

MASTER of Biomedical Sciences BIOLOGICAL CHEMISTRY I MBSCC-101

Marks: 100 marks (4 credits)

Duration: 60 Hrs.

Course Objectives:

This course aims to bring together the various facets of introductory organic chemistry with a small overview of its applications in medicinal chemistry and biology

Course Learning Outcomes:

- At the end of the course students will be able to appreciate the underlying chemistry of many of the important biological processes.
- Students will develop understanding of chemical entities which can and those which cannot be isolated such as carbocations, carbanions and free radicals.
- Student will learn reactions in organic chemistry with a concomitant understanding of their stereochemistry.
- Students will learn heterocyclic chemistry with a view to understanding molecules which make modern day medicines.

Contents:

Unit I: Reactive Intermediates in Organic Reactions

- L1-2. Carbocation stability, formation and reactions with examples
- L3-4. Carbanions, pKa values, methods of formation, stability, shapes and reactions
- L5-6. Free radicals their stability, methods of synthesis and reactions
- L7-8. Examples of reactive intermediates with applications to biological systems,
- L9-10. Benzynes, carbenes, radical cations and radical anions,

Unit II: Stereochemistry of Organic compounds

The definition of the following terms with suitable examples:

- L11. Elementary treatment of symmetric elements,
- L12. Chirality, polarimetry
- L13. Pprochirality (enantiomer, epimer, diastereomer),
- L14. Absolute and relative configuration, R & S notation,

- L15-16. Enantiotopic and diastereotopic faces, endo and exo faces.
- L17-18. Regioselective, enantioslective stereoselective and stereospecific reactions
- L19. Conformation of 2,3-dibromobutane, E & Z notations,
- L20. cyclohexane diols

Unit II: Mechanism and stereochemistry of following reactions

- L20-21. Substitution reactions
- L22. addition reactions,
- L23. oxidation and reduction,
- L24. Elimination reactions
- L25. Ester formation and hydrolysis,
- L26. Aromaticity,
- L27-28. Aromatic and Nucleophilic substitution,
- L29 -30. Woodward Hoffmann rules, photocyclization,
- L31-32 Concept of suprafacial and antarafacial

Unit III: Asymmetric synthesis

- L33. Examples of Asymmetric synthesis involving active substrate
- L34-35. Cram and Prelog rule,
- L36. Examples of asymmetric synthesis involving active reagents
- L37. Examples of asymmetric synthesis involving active catalysts
- L-38-39. Chiral synthesis (with suitable examples)
- L40. Asymmetric epoxidation
- L41. Sharpless asymmetric epoxidation

Unit IV: Heterocyclic chemistry

Structure, synthesis and reactivity of the following heterocycles and their significance in biology and the synthesis of medicines

- L42. furan and pyrrole
- L43. thiophene and imidazole
- L44. oxazole and thiazole
- L45. carbazole and indole
- L46. pyridine,quinoline and isoquinoline
- L47. purines and pyrimidines
- L48-53. synthesis of medicines involving some of the above molecules

Suggested reading:

- 1. March's advanced organic chemistry: reactions, mechanisms, and structure, Smith, Michael B. and March, Jerry; Ed.7th; Wiley-Interscience; 2013
- 2. Guidebook to mechanism in organic chemistry; Sykes, Peter; Ed. 6th; Pearson; 2006
- 3. Asymmetric synthetic methodology; Ager David J. and East, Michael B; CRC Press; 1996
- 4. Stereochemistry: conformation and mechanism; Kalsi, P.S. Ed. 6th; New Age; New Delhi; 2005.
- 5. Stereochemistry of organic compounds; Eliel, Ernest L and Wilen, Samuel H. and Mander, Lewis N. John Wiley & Sons Inc.; New York; 2008

CELL BIOLOGY MBSCC-102

Marks: 100 marks (4 credits)

Duration: 60 Hrs.

Course Objectives:

The unique preposition of this subject paper is that the students learn the advancement in basic cellular biology aspect and to study in broad the functioning of tissues made by complex population of cell under its microenvironment made controlled mechanism. The concepts of cell biology are actually comprised of molecular biochemistry leading to understanding of the survival of tissue under different genotoxic stress. Cell survival and cell death are the best example to study cell biology in detail under this syllabus.

Course Learning Outcomes:

- Study more about human cells, and organelle structure and functions
- Elaborate study on types of human cells and the communication of signalling messages between cells to develop understanding of the concept of tissues and organ
- Study the mode of cell-to-cell communication and responses that can also be interpreted under signal transduction, cell senescence, cell adhesion etc.
- The course will help students to build the concept in complex diseases, diagnosis and therapeutics

Contents:

(Unit wise details of course contents)

Unit I: Biomembranes

- L1-L2. Basic structure, lipid and protein composition and their basic functions Transport of molecules across membranes.
- L3. Passive and active transport across membranes.
- L4-L5. Factors regulating them, ion channels, ABC pumps of bacteria.

Tutorial and Class test

Unit II: Organelles of eukaryotic cells

- L6-L12. Introduction basic structure and function of various organelles, ER, golgi bodies, chloroplasts, mitochondria endosomes, lysosomes etc.
- L13-L14. Separation and visualization methods of various cell organelles. Muscle & Nerve Cells.

Tutorial and Class test

Unit III: Nucleus and Chromosome Structure

- L15-L17. Introduction: Prokaryotic and Eukaryotic genome and its organization, eukaryotic chromosome.
- L18-L19. Basic structure of DNA; hairpins and cruciform, Z-DNA, triple helix.
- L20-L22. DNA Supercoiling: Histones, nonhistone proteins, topoisomerases and telomerase and their functions in chromatin structure. Yeast artificial chromosome.

Tutorial and Class test

Unit IV: The Cytoskeleton

- L23. Cytoskeleton proteins, and Cell motility and shape,
- L24. protein sorting, Transport of proteins.
- L25. Microfilaments and actin filaments

Tutorial and Class test

Unit V: ECM Proteins and Cell Adhesion

L26. Cell-cell interaction, Cell junctions,

L27-L29. Adhesion proteins, Cell matrix interaction, Integrins, Functional role of adhesion proteins.

Unit VI: Eukaryotic Cell Cycle

L30-L31. Cell cycle and its control: Loss of cell regulation by viral infection,

L32. checkpoints in cell cycle regulation.

Tutorial and Class test

Unit VII: Cell to Cell Signaling

L33. Introduction to cell surface receptors, and concept of receptors.

L34-L35. G-protein mediated signaling, cAMP, receptors tyrosine kinases, second messengers

Unit IX: Cell death

L36. Apoptosis, Necrosis, Proapoptotic and Antiapoptotic proteins

L37. Mechanism of action of Autophagy,

L38-L40. Senescence, Cell death mechanisms in health and diseases.

L41-42. Cell Differentiation

Tutorial and Class test

Unit X: Cellular Stress Response

L43. Stress response proteins and pathways,

L44-L45. Post translational modifications in stress response,

L46-L47. General responses to hyperthermia nutritional deprivation and other stressors.

Tutorial and Class test

Suggested Reading:
- The Cell: A Molecular Approach, by Geoffrey M Cooper, Robert E Hausman, 15 Dec 2015
- 2. **Molecular Cell Biology Hardcover** –by Harvey Lodish (Author), Arnold Berk , Chris A. Kaiser, Monty Krieger, Anthony Bretscher, **1 Apr 2016**
- 3. **Molecular Biology Of THE CELL:** by Bruce Alberts, Alexander Johnson, Julian Lewis. Publisher Garland Science, **December 2014**

BIOCHEMISTRY OF MACROMOLECULES MBSCC-103

Marks: 100 marks (4 credits)

Duration: 60 Hrs.

Course Objectives:

Understanding about protein structure, function and their relations has been key toward understanding almost all biological processes as proteins and enzymes are machineries in the cells. Moreover, contemporary biochemistry needs the thorough understanding of the basic processes like transcription, translation and replication and how different protein complexes and domains interact to perform these processes.

Course Learning Outcomes:

- Students will be able to have a comprehensive understanding of the diversities of protein structure, mechanisms how enzymes work and also the structure function relation.
- Students will also develop ideas of how important the fidelity of protein folding in the cells and its connectivity to the development of human diseases.
- The basic concepts of the protein biosynthesis, DNA replication and transcription will be revised.
- The students will be able to learn various experimental techniques leading to the development of these concepts. This will initiates the analytical and experimental approach of solving any problem.

Contents:

Unit I: Protein Structure

- **L1-L2**. Protein folding, Secondary and tertiary structure of protein: a helix, β sheets, examples of proteins, Ramachandran plot
- L3. Factors effecting secondary and tertiary structure (disulphide bonds, heat, organic solvents, detergents).
- L4. Concept of Motiff and examples of some common structural motifs in proteins.
- **L5-L6**. Domains, structural diversity of different domains with appropriate examples, domain swapping with examples, Protein Dynamics: concept of macro states & ensembles, how dynamics affects protein function
- **L7**. Intrinsically disordered proteins, structure and function of alpha, beta and kappa casein, functional and evolutionary significances, role in different multi-protein complexes
- **L8**. Structure and function of hemoglobin: conformational studies, binding of oxygen and it's release, oxygen saturation curves.
- **L9**. Structural proteins: structure of collagen, keratin and other fibrous proteins.

L10. Disorder of amino acid and protein metabolism.

Tutorial & Class Test

Unit II: Enzymology

- **L11**. Introduction: General characteristics of enzymes, definition of coenzyme, holoenzyme, prosthetic groups, classification.
- L12-L14. Enzyme Kinetics: Substrate, active site, transition state, activation energy, equilibrium constant Km, Vmax, specificity, Michaelis-Menten equation.
- **L15**. Reaction Mechanism: Acid-base catalysis and covalent catalysis (giving examples).
- L16-L17. Regulation of enzyme activity: Reversible and irreversible inhibition (non-competitive, uncompetitive) and their effects on Km and Vmax, effect of pH, heat, PMSF and other inhibitors.
- L18. Models to explain their kinetic behaviour. Problems on enzyme kinetics:
- **L19**. Determination of active sites and turnover number, factors affecting enzyme functions
- L20. Bi- substrate enzyme kinetics: ping-pong and sequential mechanism

Tutorial & Class Test

Unit III: Protein purification, physical separation & Analysis

- **L21**. Methods of protein production, isolation, purification strategies, concept of inclusion body
- L22. Chromatography (ion exchange, affinity, size exclusion),
- L23. Dialysis, molecular sieving, PAGE, electro-focussing, FPLC
- L24. Methods of protein sequencing: N and C-terminal analysis, Edman degradation

Unit IV: Regulation of protein function

- **L25**. Concept of Structural allostery, examples of self-inhibited proteins, limited proteolysis,
- L26-L27. Post-translational modifications: enzymatic and non-enzymatic,
- **L28**. Protein quality control system: ubiquitination, proteosomal and Lysosomal mediated degradation,
- L29. Molecular chaperones (structure and functional mechanisms of Hsp90, Hsp70, Hsp60 & Hsp40)
- L30. Chaperonin (structure of GroEL & GroES).
- **Tutorial & Class Test**

Unit V: DNA REPLICATION IN PROKARYOTES AND EUKARYOTES

- **L31**: Concept of origin of replication, experimental evidence for bidirectional and semiconservative replication
- **L32**: Mechanism of DNA Replication: Structure and function of DNA polymerases. Experimental approach to differentiate and identify replication proteins
- L33: Role of helicase, primase, gyrase, topoisomerase and other proteins in DNA

replication in E.coli.

- L34: Replication mechanism in viruses, mitochondrial DNA replication (D loop)
- **L35**: Replication in eukaryotes, differences from prokaryotes, experiments to prove the model of replication.
- **L36**: Initiation of replication, proteins involved, their functions, Inhibitors of replication
- L37: Elongation and termination of DNA synthesis in prokaryotes and eukaryotes.,
- L38-39: Replication at telomeres, Diseases associated with defective DNA replication.

Tutorial & Class Test

Unit VI: Translation

- L40. Translation in Prokaryotes-initiation:
- L41. Activation of amino acid, role of 30s and 50s ribosomal subunits
- L42. Role of 30s and 50s ribosomal subunits, initiation factors
- L43-44. Shine-dalgarno sequences, Kozak sequences, selection of first AUG in eukaryotic mRNA with experimental evidence.
- L45. Elongation factors, peptidyl transferase termination signal, release factors.
- L46-47. Inhibition of protein synthesis by antibiotics and inhibitors of eukaryotic translation
- L48. Methods to determine Half-life of protein.

Tutorial & Class Test

Practicals (2 credits)

- 1. Preparation of buffers and other solutions
- 2. Salting in and salting out of proteins.
- 3. Void Volume estimation
- 4. Desalting of proteins by dialysis
- 5. Desalting of proteins by Sephadex G-25
- 6. Protein estimation by Lowrys & Bradford methods. 7. Protein estimation by Lamberts & beer law
- 8. Ion-exchange chromatography.
- 9. Affinity chromatography for protein: (i) protein induction & binding to affinity column (ii) running gel & analysis
- To check purity of protein & subunit structure by SDS page silver staining (i) reducing Gel
 (ii) non reducing Gel
- 11. (i) Running Western blot of a specific protein: (i) SDS, transfer & blocking and
- (ii) probing with antibodies & analysis of result
- 12. To run Native Gel of a protein/Far western blot.
- 13. Protein & Nucleic Acid blasts, Clustal W and sequence alignment etc.
- 14. Measurement of Enzyme activity parameters
- 15. Measurement of Enzyme inhibition mechanisms

Course (Practical) Learning Outcome

Practical part of the paper will help to develop skills on protein purification, analysis, quantitation and checking purity by various techniques.

Suggested Readings

- 1. Proteins: Structure and Function; David Whitford; John Wiley & Sons, 2013.
- 2. Biochemistry by Donald Voet and Judith G. Voet; Ed. 4th; John Wiley & Sons, Incorporated, 2012.
- 3. Lehninger principles of biochemistry, International Edition by David L. Nelson and Michael M. Cox; Ed. 7th; Macmillan Learning, 2017.
- 4. Proteins: structures and molecular properties by Thomas E Creighton; Ed. 3rd; Freeman, 2010.
- 5. Biochemistry by Mary K. Campbell, Shawn O. Farrell; Ed. 8th; Cengage Learning, 2014.
- 6. Biochemistry by Reginald H. Garrett, Charles M. Grisham; Ed. 6th; Cengage Learning, 2016.
- 7. Biochemistry by Jeremy M. Berg, John L. Tymoczko, Lubert Stryer; Ed. 6th; W. H. Freeman, 2007.
- 8. Fundamentals of Protein structure and function, Buxbaum Engelberg; Ed. 6^{th;} Springer, 2015.

CONCEPTS IN GENETICS MBSCC-104

Marks: 100 marks (4 credits)

Duration: 60 Hrs.

Course Objectives:

This course would be offered as compulsory course in the second semester for M.Sc.-Ph.D. combined course in Biomedical Sciences. Most of the undergraduate courses have introduction to Mendelian Genetics as a topic under their syllabus. But it is necessary in our experience to refurbish this in the context of the molecular biology that has changed the implication and meaning of genetic terminologies. Though Mendel's work had a strong mathematical basis and hence analytical, genetics often has the negative reputation of being loaded with terminology. But the interface of molecular biology with genetics has changed this scenario thus making it even more logical. This course is meant to highlight the basis of inheritance, the deviations from Mendelian genetics and reflect the immense contribution of model systems to understand the genetic basis of biological processes /systems.

Course Learning outcomes:

At the end of the course the students are expected to recognise the insight of Mendel, and his successors, T.H.Morgan and his illustrious academic lineage, the intuition of Barabara McLintock and the amazing superimposition of epigenetics over genetics. They should be able to understand how the ratio of segregation and patterns of inheritance reflect the underlying molecular logic and why it is unreasonable to expect a purely Mendelian pattern of inheritance in any system given the molecular basis. The introduction to development as route to cellular asymmetry in prokaryotes and yeast mating type.

- 1. The students will be able to understand genetic interaction in terms of molecular basis.
- 2. They will know the genetic basis of several chromosomal anomalies and syndromes.
- 3. The nature of novel mutational processes.
- 4. They will get an idea of mapping genes using model organisms like, Drosophila, yeast and Neurospora.
- 5. The original experiments that led to the concepts of mutation occurrence and genetic analysis of bacteria and their virus.
- 6. They will know the current concepts of epigenetics, dynamic mutations and sex determination in humans and Drosophila.
- 7. They will be introduced to network and novel molecular processes in the regulation of gene function in Yeast mating type switching and the phage lamda; as an evolutionarily maintained theme of differential expression and its cascading effect on functional specialization during development.

Contents:

Section A:

Unit I: Introduction to the Science of Genetics and Mendelian Basics

L1-4: Introduction to the Science of Genetics: Genetic terminology Impact of Genetics on other disciplines. Mendelian Genetics: Mendelian Laws of inheritance, its application in animal Genetics, analysis of results of Genetic crosses by various methods.

Unit II: Chromosomal basis of inheritance and data analysis:

L5-7: Sex chromosomes in grasshopper, Development of the concept of co-linearity of genes on chromosomes, Non-disjunction in Drosophila and its role in deciphering chromosomal basis of inheritance. Analysis of patterns of inheritance, Punnett square, statistical methods.

Unit III: Deviations from Mendelian Genetics I:

L 8 & 9: Codominance, incomplete dominance, RFLP markers, gene interactions, multiple alleles, Understanding possible Molecular basis/biochemical basis of gene-interaction.

Unit IV: Mutation and mutational analysis:

- L 10- 13 : Spontaneous occurrence of mutations in bacteria Lederberg and Lederberg experiment, Types of mutations i.e. point mutations, deletions, rearrangements, insertions, dynamic mutations (repeat expansions) with appropriate examples, Chromosomal anomalies and related syndromes.
- L 14 &15: Mutation mapping using balancers, Clb technique in Drosophila.

Unit V: Linkage as a deviation from Mendelian Genetics:

L16 &17: Linkage as a deviation from Mendelian Genetics: Recombination, Gene mapping using Drosophila as an example, experiments demonstrating physical basis of recombination, crossing over. Gene mapping using special systems, yeast and Neurospora.

Unit VI: Bacterial and Phage genetics:

L18 &19: Transformation, transduction, Conjugation, genetic map construction in *E.coli*. Phage genetics, fine structure of rII region, work of Seymour Benzer., highlighting the design of experiment and choice of the experimental model.

Unit VII: Genetic Variation

L20 & 21: Genetic Variation; transposition and its application in genetic studies. Extra chromosomal inheritance, chloroplast and mitochondrial inheritance, mitochondrial mutations in yeast, human genetic disorders related to mitochondrial inheritance.

Unit VIII: Deviations from Mendelian Genetics II

L22-24: Genomic imprinting in insects, mice and man, understanding molecular basis of epigenetic inheritance, human disorders related to imprinting, Prader Willi and Angelmen syndrome, Molecular basis of Epigenetic regulation in H19 and Igf2 region, histone modification marks, Position effect variegation.

Unit IX: Genetic control mechanisms and generation of cellular asymmetry:

- L25 & 26: Genetic control mechanisms and generation of cellular asymmetry: The lambda phage control of lytic and lysogenic phase, molecular basis of regulatory mechanisms in phage lambda.
- L 27-28. Mating type switching in *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* as a primer for generating asymmetry during development

Unit X: Sex determination in Drosophila and humans:

L 29-30.Sex determination in Drosophila and humans: Chromosomal basis to genetic basis, Linking sex determination and dosage compensation in Drosophila, genetic and molecular basis. X inactivation in mammals and its molecular basis, role of non-coding RNA.

Unit XI: Introduction to human Genetics:

L 31. Pedigree analysis and basic inheritance patterns in humans.

L32-33. Discussion of any 2 classical papers in Genetics.

Section B:

Unit XII: Population Genetics

- **L34-35.** Definition, aim and scope of population genetics, population structure, factors maintaining population boundaries, effective breeding size, gene pool.
- **L36-37.** The Hardy–Weinberg Law and its application, factors affecting the Hardy-Weinberg equilibrium.
- L38-41. Human polymorphism (transient and balanced), relationship between sickle cell polymorphism and malaria, other polymorphisms that may be an adaptation to malaria eg. G6PD deficiency. Duffy blood groups, thalassemia and haptoglobins. X linked polymorphism (G6PD and colour blindness).
- L42-45. Natural Selection in Human Population. Non-random mating, inbreeding and its

consequences. Migration and Genetics, types of migration, models to study genetic effects of migration, gene flow, effects of gene flow, admixture and natural selection, calculation of admixture.

Tutorials and assessment: 3 hours.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Principles of Genetics by D. Peter Snustad and Michael J. Simmons.Eddition 6th 2011
- 2. Principles of Genetics. Eldon J. Gardner and D. Peter Snustad, 8th Edition 2006.
- 3. Introduction to Genetic Analysis by Anthony J.F. Griffiths, Susan Wessler, Sean B.Carroll, John Doebley. 11th Edition , 2015.
- 4. Introduction to Genetic Analysis by Anthony J.F. Griffiths; Susan R. Wessler; Richard C. Lewontin, Sean B.Carroll. 9th Edition
- 5. Original papers and review articles for Genomic Imprinting and epigenetics (To be shared with the students).
- 6. Genes, Benjamin Lewin (For molecular cascade in yeast mating type), 12th Edition, 2017.
- 7. Original papers and reviews for mating type switch in yeast, (To be shared with the students).
- 8. The genetics of human population. Cavalli-Sforza, LL and Bodmer. Revised edition, 2013
- 9. Human Population Genetics. Wiley-Blackwell Relethford, J.H. (2012 Ed)

Practicals for Genetics Course (2 credits)

Semester I: Genetics Practicals

Expt. No.	Experiment	Exercise
Ι	Selection based on Phenotype: Yeast mutants based on auxotrophy	Preparation of media for selection and plating
II	Selection (Contd)	Observation & Interpretation
III.A	Drosophila Genetics	Fly media preparation, stages of life cycle, Observation of mutant phenotypes and recognition of mutants
III.B	Drosophila as a model	Human disease models in Drosophila
IV	C.elegans as a model organism	Media preparation and observation of developmental stages
V	Sex determination in C.elegans	Induction of male development: molecular players to be explained.
VI	Metaphase chromosome preparation	Demonstration of cell culture, Chromosome preparation, staining & observation. Metaphase arrested cells to be provided to students.
VII	Development in Drosophila Immunostaining of imaginal dics using primary Antibody against homeotic protein	Isolation of Imaginal disc from wild type Drosophila General staining and staining for homeotic gene expression
VIII	Immunostaining (Contd)	Secondary Ab. Treatment and observation under florescent microscope.
IX	Nucleosome Analysis	Isolation of nuclei from Zebrafish using sucrose cushion
Х	Nucleosome analysis (Contd)	Micrococcal Nuclease digestion & DNA extraction Analysis by Agarose gel electrophoresis
XI	Analysis of VNTR-Variable	Prior consent of the individuals (Students) is obtained
	Number of Tandem Repeats	by IHEC cleared Consent form.
	in human DNA (IHEC	50-100 microL of blood is taken by sterile pin prick.
	cleared experiment)	Genomic DNA extraction and estimation of concentration.
XII	VNTR expt.(Contd)	Setting of PCR with VNTR primers and analysis by Agarose electrophoresis.

MEDICAL MICROBIOLOGY MBSCC-105

Marks: 100 marks (4 credits)

Duration: 60 Hrs.

Course Objectives:

Medical Microbiology course has been formulated to impart basic and medically relevant information on the microbes (Bacteria, fungi, viruses and parasites). The microbial structure, growth and development, methods and sterilization techniques in the context of study of microbes are included. The pathogenic microbes and the diseases caused by them are included to broaden the perspective of the subject. Lastly the course deals with the problem of emerging antimicrobial resistance with reference to known pathogens. The course has been designed to get integrated practical based knowledge about medically important bacteria, fungi, viruses and parasites. The students will be able to understand the structure and function of medically important bacteria, fungi, viruses and parasites. In addition they will also understand pathogenesis, diagnosis, clinical features, virulence factors and treatment strategies of medically important bacteria, fungi, viruses and parasites.

Course Learning Outcomes:

- Medical Microbiology is one of the foundation courses for the biomedical sciences students.
- Students will gain insights on the nature of various infectious agents and diseases pathologies caused by common bacteria, fungi and viruses (for eg. urogenital infections, Blood and CNS infections, fungi such as Candidiasis, aspergillosis and viruses such as hepatits, Dengue, Zika)

Contents

UNIT I: Introduction and Techniques

- **L1-5.** History and scope of medical microbiology; How bacteria are different in terms of colony morphology and pattern of arrangement. Bacterial morphology: detailed structural features of gram positive and gram negative bacteria, Staining techniques for identification of bacteria. Detailed structure and functions of various bacterial organelles, cell wall, cell membrane, ribosomes, flagella, spores, capsules, storage components, quorum sensing.
- **L6-8.** Techniques to study morphology of bacteria, Nutrition and condition requirements of bacteria: Macro and micronutrients, growth of bacteria , temperature, moisture and dessication, oxygen and carbon dioxide requirements of bacteria.
- **L9-10**. Multiplication and bacterial growth and methods to study growth patterns in bacteria. Aseptic techniques, methods for pure culture isolation. Cultivation methods for bacteria. Types of Nutrient media for bacteria. Aerobic and anaerobic culture methods
- L11-13. Identification of bacteria using biochemical methods.

- L14-16. Microscopy: History, basic principles of microscopy. Bright field microscopy and phase contrast microscopy. Florescence microscopy, Confocal microscopy, SEM and TEM.
- L17-18. Disinfection and sterilization: definition, importance, Physical agents: autoclave, hot air sterilization, incinerators, pasteurisation, tyndallisation, methods of quality check. Disinfection and sterilization: Radiation and filtration techniques, Laminar flow hoods. Disinfection and sterilization: chemical disinfectants, uses of halogen compounds, alcohol based compounds, aldehydes, detergents, heavy metals. Methods for developments and quality check of disinfectants, phenol coefficient test.

Unit II: Bacteriology

- L19-20. Normal flora of human body and their significance. Nosocomial infections.
- L21-23. GI tract infections: Salmonella, Shigella, Staphylococcus, E. coli, Helicobater pylori
- L24-26. Microbial pathogenicity, virulence factors and their effect on pathogenesis. Chemotherapy: structure and mechanism of action of Cell wall inhibitors, antimetabolites. Antimicrobial chemotherapy, protein synthesis inhibitors, Nucleic acid inhibitors.
- **L27.** Methods for estimation of antimicrobial activity. Mechanisms of Antibiotic resistance. Literature for new emerging antibiotics. Urinary tract infections.
- L28-34. New and re-emerging diseases. infections of the respiratory system: commensals vs infectious organisms, Diagnosis and prevalence of Cornybacterium diphtheriae, Mycobacterium tuberculosis, Staphylococcus aureus, Streptococcus pneumoniae in India and the world. Virulence factors, treatment regimes and immunity.

Unit III: Mycology

L35-45. Spore formation in fungi, Economic importance of fungi. Mycoses, Tenia Versicolor, White Piedra, Black Piedra. Dermatophytes, Dermatophytidis, Candidiasis, Cryptococcosis. Opportunistic Fungi, Ostomycosis. Fungal Contaminants.

Unit IV: Parasitology

- **L46.** Medical parasitology overview and classification of medically important parasites. Nematodes: Ascaris sp., Necator americanus.
- L47-48. Lymphatic filariasis : Wuchereria bancrofti, Brugia malayi, Mansonia ozardi
- L49-50. Cestodes: Taenia solium, Taenia saginata, Diphyllobotherium latum, Trematode: Faciola hepatica, Faciolopsis buskii
- L51-53. Medically important protozoans: Malaria, Medically important protozoans:Trypanosoma, Leishmania
- L54-55. Medically important protozoans: Giardia, Entamoeba, Toxoplasma, Trichomonas, Cryptosporidium.

Unit V: Virology

- **L56-60.** Shapes and structure of viruses, classification of viruses. Life cycle of various viruses as per Baltimore system of classification.
- **L61-65.** Arboviruses, their genetics, pathogenesis, epidemiology, diagnosis and clinical features with emphasis on hepatits, Dengue, Zika and Chikungunya viruses.

Suggested Readings:

- Medical Microbiology Jawetz, Melnick and Adelberg (eds). 2016, 27th Edition. McGraw.
- 2. Patricia Tille Ed. Bailey & Scott's Diagnostic Microbiology, 2017, 14th Edition
- **3.** Medical Microbiology: A Guide to Microbial Infections: Pathogenesis, Immunity, Laboratory Investigation and Control . Michael R. Barer, F R C Path and Will L Irving Eds), 2018, 19th Edition.
- 4. Textbook of Preventive and Social Medicine. K. Park Ed. 2017, 24th Edition.
- 5. Microbiology by Lansing M. Prescott and John P. Harley and Donald Klein; McGraw-Hill Science, 10th Edition 2017.
- 6. Medical microbiology: a guide to microbial infections: pathogenesis, immunity, laboratory diagnosis and control by David Greenwood and Richard C. B. Slack and John F. Peuthere, ed. Churchill Livingstone; 18th Edition 2012.
- 7. Medical Microbiology by Geo. Brooks and Karen C. Carroll and Janet Butel and Stephen Morse; McGraw-Hill Medical, 27th Edition 2016.

PRACTICALS (2 credits)

- 1-3. Demonstration of sterilization techniques related equipments and use of aseptic techniques for preparation of pure cultures. Plating methods and identification of colony morphology of key bacteria.
- 4-6. Demonstration of differential staining techniques like Gram's staining, AFB staing, sporestaining etc. Differentiation of flagellate vs nonflagellate bacteria.
- 7-8. Differential diagnosis of bacteria based on biochemical tests.
- 9-10. Spread plate technique and antibiotic sensitivity assay.
- 11-12. Identification of medically important fungi.

MOLECULAR BIOLOGY MBSCC-201

Marks: 100 marks (4 credits)

Duration: 60 Hrs.

Course Objectives:

Molecular Biology is a core course where in students will be explained the various basic processes of the prokaryotic and eukaryotic cell. Several essential techniques used in understanding its gene expression, DNA synthesis and translation will also be discussed.

Course Learning outcome:

- Student should be able to understand the differences and similarities in prokaryotic and eukaryotic gene expression and its regulation.
- Student will be able to analyze the data on protein DNA interaction.
- He/She should be able to design experiments for testing whether a new protein is a transactivator and how to identify the binding site on a promoter.

Contents

Unit I: TRANSCRIPTION IN PROKARYOTES & EUKARYOTES

- L1. Basic concepts of transcription in prokaryotes using E-coli as an example
- L2. Structure & function of RNA polymerases.
- L3. Transcription initiation, proteins involved in initiation,
- L4. Experimental evidence to check their function.
- L5. Transcription elongation and termination.
- L6. TUTORIAL
- L7. Transcription in eukaryotes- differences and similarities, inhibitors of transcription
- L8. Structure of TFIID, and other general transcription factors.
- L9. Methods to identify the subunits of complexes.
- L10. Post transcriptional regulation of transcription (polyadenylation, capping), mechanism and their role in transcription
- L11. Transcription regulation by methylation, acetylation of histones.
- L12. TUTORIAL
- L13. Inhibitors of transcription in prokaryotes and eukaryotes
- L14. Determining the mRNA half life of mRNA.
- L15. Promoter structure and Transcription by RNA polymerase I,
- L16. Structure of Promoter and Transcription by RNA polymerase III
- L17. TUTORIAL
- L18. CLASS TEST

Unit II: Regulation of gene expression in Prokaryotes

L19. Coordinated control of clustered genes-operon model, with example of inducible systems

like Lac– Operon.

L20. Experimental proof for the operon, use of mutants of I gene, O^c mutants in understanding

operon function

- L21. Role of cyclic AMP, catabolite repression and regulation by glucose.
- L22. Repressible systems like Trp operon. Concept of attenuation
- L23. Trp operon contd.
- L24. Arabinose operon concepts of dual role of regulatory protein
- L25. Arabinose operon contd
- L26. Identification and understanding the role of sRNA in gene regulation in prokaryotes.
- L27. Other regulatory pathways in prokaryotes
- L28 Tutorial
- L29: Test

Unit III: Regulation of Gene expression in Eukaryotes

- **L30.** Introduction-Organization of genes in eukaryotic DNA Repetitive DNA sequences, multiple regulatory sequences, activators, coactivators, repressors
- **L31.** Activators contd, enhancers. Modular structure of transactivators (Zn fingers, HLH, HTH etc).
- L32. Repressor complexes, mechanism of their function in gene regulation.
- L33. Regulation of gene expression by hormone receptors. Concept of half-site.
- L34. Methods used to study protein-DNA interactions EMSA controls, supershift etc.
- L35. DNA foot printing, reporter assays to prove binding.

L36. TUTORIAL

L37. Homodimers and heterodimers in differential gene regulation with examples. Diseases linked with altered gene expression

L38. Methods used to study protein-protein interactions (i) yeast two hybrid, controls, library screening to identify new interacting partners.

- L39. (ii) Concept of co-Immunoprecipitation, uses, advantages and disadvantages of two techniques
- L40. Alternate splicing in gene regulation, mechanism.
- L41. Alternate splicing contd. splicing factors etc, gene editing
- L42. Ribozymes–Structure and mechanism of action.
- L43. microRNA and its role in gene regulation (in brief).
- **L44.** TEST

Unit IV: Chromatin remodeling

- L45: Introduction to chromatin remodeling concepts and factors involved. Role of various remodeling proteins such as NURF, ACF
- **L46:** Role of DNA and histone methylation and histone acetylation in chromatin remodeling and gene regulation.

- L 47: Concept of insulators, nuclear matrix in gene regulation
- L48: Methods to understand chromatin remodeling.

Suggested Reading

- 1. Molecular Cell Biology by Lodish, H., Berk, A., Zipursky, S. L., Matsudaira, P., Baltimore, D. and James Darnell, J., Freeman, 7th edition 2013.
- 2. Biochemistry Voet, D. & Voet, J. G. Wiley 4th edition, 2013
- 3. Berg, J. M., Tymoczko, J. L. and Stryer, L. Biochemistry. Freeman, 7th edition, 2011.
- 4. Alberts, B. et al. Essential Cell Biology, Garland, 4th edition 2014.
- 5. Mathews, C. K. & Van Holde, K. E. & Ahern, K. G. Biochemistry. Addison Wesley, 4th edition, 2012.
- 6. Jocelyn E Krebs; Elliott S Goldstein; Stephen T Kilpatrick Lewin's Gene XII, Burlington, MA : Jones & Bartlett Learning, [2018]

HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY-I (core paper) MBSCC-202

Marks: 100 marks (4 credits)

Duration: 60 Hrs.

Course Objectives: The goal of physiology is to explain the physical and chemical factors that are responsible for the origin and sustainability of life. Each type of life, from the simple virus to the largest tree or the complicated human being, has its own functional characteristics. Therefore, the vast field of physiology can be divided into many divisions. In human physiology-I course, we attempt to explain the various features and mechanisms of the human body that make it a living being. The very fact that we remain alive is almost beyond our control, for hunger makes us seek food and fear makes us seek refuge. Sensations of cold make us look for warmth. Thus, the human being is actually an automaton, and the fact that we are sensing, feeling, and knowledgeable beings is a part of this automatic sequence of life and these attributes of our being living propel us to understand the various biological phenomenon and its alteration in the diseased state. This course starts with the basic understanding of being living from the cell itself and in the process, course through various organ systems and their functioning.

Course Learning Outcomes: This course is a part of core course offered in second semester. On satisfying the requirements of this course, students will have the knowledge and skills to

- Describe the anatomy and histology of major organ systems.
- Explain the functioning of these organ system in maintenance of normal and healthy individuals
- Narrate the contribution of each organ system to the maintenance of homeostasis.
- Interpret and analyze the human physiological data, and responses to experimental conditions
- Understand the physiological processes accurately with relevant scientific terminology and nomenclature leading to develop more consciousness towards a healthy body.
- List the physiological principles underlying pathogenesis and treatment of disease.

Contents:

UNIT 1: Membrane and muscle physiology: *cell membranes are ubiquitous from cell organelle to organ system so its imperative to understand the basic structure and function of membranes and how they can modulate the function of an organ system as whole starting with the emphasis on the nerve and skeletal muscle cell.*

- **L1**. Organization and functional systems of the cell with reference to nerve and muscle cells: Fluid mosaic model of the membrane, Fluidity, Transport of ions and molecules through cell membrane: diffusion and active transport.
- **L2.** *Concept of Membrane potentials:* types of membrane potential, resting membrane potential, graded and action potentials, methods to record and observe membrane potential.
- **L3-6.** Physiologic anatomy of skeletal muscle, neuromuscular transmission and excitationcontraction coupling, Molecular mechanisms of muscle contraction, Energetics of muscle contraction, muscle fatigue, motor unit recruitment, size principle, muscle mechanics, and Electromyogram.

Tutorial: Group discussion, Student seminar and test

UNIT II: Respiratory system

- **L7-8.** Anatomy and Functions of respiratory passageways, pulmonary circulation, pulmonary edema and pleural fluid.
- **L8-9.** *Pulmonary ventilation*: mechanisms of pulmonary ventilation, pulmonary volumes and capacities, alveolar ventilation.
- **L10-11.** Physical principles of gas exchange, Diffusion of gases through respiratory membrane, Transport of oxygen and carbon dioxide in blood and body fluids.
- **L12.** *Regulation of respiration:* respiratory center, peripheral chemoreceptor system, central chemoreceptor system and their regulatory function.
- **L13-14. Respiratory Adjustments in Health & Disease:** Effects of Exercise, Other Forms of Hypoxia, Oxygen Treatment, Hypercapnia & Hypocapnia, Effects of Increased Barometric Pressure, Artificial Respiration, Respiratory acidosis and alkalosis, Regulation of acid-base balance.

Tutorial: Group discussion, Student seminar and test

UNIT III: Body fluid and excretory system

- **L15:** *Body fluid compartments:* Basic principles of osmosis and osmotic pressure: Extracellular and intracellular fluids, Interstitial fluid and edema with its etiology.
- **L16-18: Urine formation by kidneys:** renal blood flow and their control, Glomerular filtration, Determinants of glomerular filtration rate, Tubular processing of glomerular filtrate, Reabsorption and secretion along different parts of nephron,
- L19-21: Regulation of tubular reabsorption, Functions of kidneys in homeostasis, Diuretics, Micturition and disorders of Non-excretory function of kidney
- **L22:** Integration of renal mechanisms for control of blood volume and extracellular fluid volume.
- **L23-24:** Regulation of extracellular fluid osmolarity and sodium concentration, Role of thirst in controlling extracellular fluid osmolarity and sodium concentration, Renal regulation of potassium, calcium, phosphate and magnesium.
- Tutorial: Group discussion, Student seminar and test

UNIT IV: Gastrointestinal system

- **L25-26.** Histology of Gut with Characteristic features and functioning of smooth muscle lining the gastrointestinal tract.
- **L27-28.** General principles of gastrointestinal function motility, nervous control, and blood circulation, Transport and mixing of food in the entire alimentary tract, sphincters of gastrointestinal tract.
- L29. Ingestion of food, vomiting, motor functions of stomach, Defecation and its control.
- L30-32. Secretary functions of alimentary tract: Secretion of saliva, Gastric secretion, pancreatic secretion, Secretion of bile by liver, Secretions of small and large intestine.
- **L33-34.** Digestion and absorption in gastrointestinal tract, Digestion of various foods, Neuronal regulation of feeding, obesity and starvation.
- Tutorial: Group discussion, Student seminar and test

UNIT V: Reproductive system: Anatomical and functional aspects of human genital system

- L35-36. Sex Differentiation & Development, Aberrant Sexual Differentiation, Embryology of the Human Reproductive System, defects of reproductive system, Puberty: Precocious & Delayed Puberty, Menopause
- **L37-38. Male:** Gametogenesis, Development structure and function of testis with Ejaculation, Control of Testicular Function, Abnormalities of Testicular Function,
- **L39-40. Female:** Gametogenesis Development structure and function of ovary The Menstrual Cycle, Control of Ovarian Function, Abnormalities of Ovarian Function
- **L41-42.** Pregnancy: conception, fetal development, placenta, parturition, Lactation, fertility and infertility, Physiological concepts for a planned family
- Tutorial: Group discussion, Student seminar and test

UNIT VI: Endocrine system

- **L43-44.** Anatomy and structure, formation, secretion and regulation of hormones, hypo- and hyper secretions.
- L45-46. Diseases of the following glands Thyroid, Adrenal, Parathyroid, Pituitary Thyroid Anatomic Considerations, Formation & Secretion of Thyroid Hormones, Transport of Thyroid Hormones, Effects of Thyroid Hormones, Regulation of Thyroid Secretion, Clinical Correlates.
- L47-48. Adrenal Medulla, Structure & Function of Medullary Hormones: Regulation of Adrenal Medullary Secretion, Adrenal Cortex Structure & Biosynthesis of Adrenocortical Hormones
- L49-50. Effects of Adrenal Androgens & Estrogens, Physiologic, Pharmacologic & Pathologic considerations

L51-52. Effects of Glucocorticoids, Regulation of Glucocorticoid Secretion,

- **L53-54.** Effects of Mineralocorticoids, Regulation of Aldosterone Secretion, Summary of the effects of Adrenocortical Hyper & Hypofunction in Humans.
- **L55-56.** The Parathyroid Glands, Calcitonin, Effects of Other Hormones & Humoral Agents on Calcium Metabolism, Posterior pituitary hormones Growth Hormone

Tutorial: Group discussion, Student seminar and test

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Textbook of medical physiology by Arthur C. Guyton and John E. Hall; Ed.13th & 14th 2016.
- 2. Review of medical physiology by William F. Ganong; Ed. 23^{nd;} McGraw Hill; 2010.
- 3. Human Physiology by Gillian Pocock, Christopher D. Richards, and David A. Richards Fifth Edition, 2017
- 4. Principles of anatomy and physiology by Gerard J. Tortora and Bryan Derrickson; Ed.15th; John Wiley; 2016.
- 5. Human Physiology: An Integrated Approach Plus Mastering A&P with Dee Unglaub Silverthorn, 7th Edition, 2016.
- 6. Hole's Human Anatomy & Physiology, McGraw-Hill Education; 14th edition, 2015.
- 7. Medical Physiology: A cellular and molecular approach by Walter F. Boron and Emile L. Boulpaep; Saunders; Ed. 3rd, 2017.
- 8. Physiology by Robert M. Berne and Matthew N. Levy; Mosby; ELSEVIER, Ed.7th 2018.
- 9. Essentials of Anatomy & Physiology Plus Mastering A&P with Pearson (7th Edition) 2016.
- 10. Exploring Anatomy & Physiology in the Laboratory, Morton Publishing Company; 3 edition (2017).
- 11. http://physiology.elte.hu/gyakorlat/jegyzet/Physiology_Pactical_(2013).pdf

RECOMBINANT DNA TECHNOLOGY AND BIOTECHNOLOGY MBSCC-203

CORE Course Marks: 100 marks (4 credits)

Duration: 60 Hrs.

Course Objectives: The unique preposition of this subject paper is that the students learn the advancement in basic molecular techniques and different methodologies used in the diagnosis and for the various human diseases therapeutics. The concepts of gene cloning and its expression leading to desired gene product is explored. Aims in the paper is to train students towards the advancement

Course Learning Outcomes:

- M.Sc student after attaining recombinant DNA technology course work, they are then well versed with the knowledge and practical approach to pick out any gene from cell or tissues using some potential technique using PCR technology, where student can amplify the interested gene, and to clone this gene in any expression vector to produce more protein, for functional studies.
- Cloning any gene of interest can help students to analyze the isolated gene and complete sequencing, will help in disease manifestation.
- Applications of subject knowledge has commercial values
- Developing a diagnosis technique for the disease treatment, at low cost values
- Developing a efficient therapies against various diseases to work

Contents:

- L(1-5). Prokaryotic Restriction Modification system, Types of Restriction endonucleases & restriction maps, Endonucleases produces 3' Overhang and 5' Overhang, Producing new restriction endonuclease sites
- L(6-9). Various RDT enzymes such as S1 nuclease, Alkaline phosphatases, polynucleotide kinase, mung bean nuclease their mechanism and application
- L(10-13). Vectors Origin of cloning vectors and various modified versions of vectors, Bacterial, yeast expression vectors, mammalian Expression vector

L14: Tutorial Class

- L(15-18). Cloning vectors, Tetracycline regulated vectors, shuttle vectors, YAC & BAC.
- L(19-22). Principles of selection of gene cloning, preparation of probes, Blue white selection, insertional inactivation, LacZ application, luciferase reporter system

- L(23-27). Detection and identification of cloned DNA sequences, methods of DNA sequencing, pyrosequencing, nanopore sequencing, Next generation sequencing
- L(28-34). Application and principles of Polymerase Chain Reaction, RFLP analysis, real time PCR, Disease diagnostics eg: genetic diseases (cystic fibrosis, sickle cell anemia, hemophilia etc), detection of pathogenic strain, Single nucleotide polymorphism in disease diagnosis

L 35: Tutorial class

- L(36-42) : Gene Mutagenesis Different methods used to generate recombinant mutants (deletion and point mutations), exonucleases, S1 nuclease, Genome editing system using ZFN, CRISPR, TALEN
- L (43-47): Application of recombinant DNA technology, DNA fingerprinting in forensic sciences
- L (48-51): Biotechnology towards therapeutics, Gene therapy (Viral or non-Viral), Adenoviral vectors or Retroviral based gene therapy, Stem cell based disease diagnosis and therapies

L52: Tutorial Class

- L(53-55): Introduction to the concept of Regenerative Medicine, Advance Pleuripotent stem cell derived therapies, Induced pleuripotent stem cell, mesenchymal stem cell
- L (56-57): Exosomes: Biomarkers, Cancer diagnosis, Tissue repair
- L(58-59): Bio-safety and ethics for recombinant DNA technology

L- 60 : Tutorial class

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Extreme Tissue Engineering: Concepts and Strategies for Tissue Fabrication by Robert A. Brown, Hardcover, Wiley-Blackwell, January 2013
- Perinatal Stem Cells, 2nd Edition by Kyle Cetrulo (Editor), Curtis L. Cetrulo, Jr. (Editor), Rouzbeh R. Taghizadeh (Editor), , Hardcover, Wiley-Blackwell, March 2013
- **3.** Principles of Gene Manipulation and Genomics, 8th Edition, Sandy B. Primrose, Richard Twyman, ISBN: 978-1-405-15666-0, Wiley-Blackwell, Nov 2016
- Molecular Cell Biology Hardcover –by <u>Harvey Lodish</u> (Author), <u>Arnold</u> <u>Berk</u> (Author), <u>Chris A. Kaiser</u> (Author), <u>Monty Krieger</u> (Author), 1 Apr 2016

Practical: Recombinant DNA technology and Biotechnology (2 credits)

- 1) Primer designing for gene amplification using PCR, and other types of primers for real time PCR based detection or analysis
- 2) Preparation of Various solutions and Buffers, cell culture LB (Luria-Bertani) media preparation, LB-Agar Plates, Ampicillin Antibiotics preparation, autoclaving, sterilized surface, laminar flow operation.
- 3) Adopting calcium chloride methodology for Competent cells preparation,
- 4) Polymerase Chain Reaction based gene amplification and recombinant formation using cloning vector
- 5) Recombinant Plasmid isolation and preparation
- 6) Recombinant restriction digestion of DNA and excision of DNA from Agarose gel
- 7) Heat shock methodology based recombinant transformation, competent efficiency calculation and Blue white colony screening
- 8) Application of Polymerase Chain Reaction based infectious or non- infectious disease diagnosis
- 9) Loop mediated isothermal amplification assay
- 10) Concept of cell culture (Demonstration)

IMMUNOLOGY MBSCC-204

Marks: 100 marks (4 credits)

Duration: 60 Hrs.

Course Objectives:

Immunology course has been formulated to understand the basics of vertebrate Immune system at the molecular, cellular and organ system level and to know how our body defends to the "Danger/ foreign" entities. The students will understand primary and secondary lymphoid system in mouse and human system. The practical and theoretical illustration of functions of cells of innate immune responses: macrophages dendritic cells through estimation of reactive oxygen species, reactive nitrogen species, malondialdehyde, protein- carbonyl adducts, process of phagocytosis and activation of immune cells etc. Understand the mechanisms of cell mediated and humoral immune responses at organ system , cellular and molecular level.

Course learning outcomes

- Immunology is one of the foundation courses for the biomedical sciences students.
- Students will gain insights on the immune system and the immune responses at the molecular , cellular and organ system level.
- The students will be prepared to take further advanced courses/research in immunology, immunodiagnostics, immunopathogenesis and immunotherapeutics.

Contents

Unit I: Introduction to the Immune system

- L1: History and scope of Immunology
- L2: Introduction to Immune System, concepts of Innate and acquired Immune responses, Active and passive Immunity, Natural and artificial immunity, primary and secondary immune responses
- L3: Lymphoid System- overview. Lymphatic system and lymphocyte traffic. Lymphoid Tissue: Primary and Secondary Lymphoid organs. Anatomy and functional significance of Thymus, Bone marrow
- L4: Anatomy and functional significance of spleen ,various lymph nodes, MALT, GALT, NALT, ILT
- L5: Cells involved in the Immune Response : Structural and functional features of cells involved in immune responses and their relative significance. Lymphocytes (B& T lymphocytes), NK Cells
- L6: Mononuclear Phagocytes, Antigen- presenting cells, Polymorphonuclear cells, eosinophils, basophils and mast cells, Cluster designation Ag specific receptors (comparison of Human and Mouse Lineages)
- L7 is Tutorial

Unit II. Priming of the Immune response

- L8: What is an immune response. Evolution of cells and molecules of the immune system with associated functions. Dendritic cells: discovery types and functions: DC1 vs DC2 vs Follicular DC.
- L9: Antigen recognition processing, presentation and cross-presentation of antigens by DC subsets
- L10: DC priming of T independent antigens, DCs as immunotherapeutics
- L11: Innate immune system: overview. Cells and receptors of the innate immune system. Diversity in Antigen recognition receptors of innate immunity
- L12: Signaling from Toll Like Receptors
- L13: Cell surface and intracellular antigen/pathogen recognition systems: NOD/NLR/TLR9
- L14: Secretory receptors of innate immune system and their functions
- L15: Innate memory and danger hypothesis. Macrophages: types, location and function. Neutrophils and NK cells: mode of action and neutralization of pathogens
- L16: is Tutorial/Test

Unit III. Antibody Generation, Structure and Function

- L17: Antibody Generation, structure and Function: Over View of Humoral immunity, Clonal Selection Theory, Immnoglobulins classes and their functions, Antibody Structure and Function
- L18-19: Antibody Effector Mechanisms, Antibody Receptors, Basis of Antibody Diversity, Mechanisms of Immunogolubin Gene Recombination, and B cell development
- L20: Mechanism and Effect of Somatic Mutations on the Antibody Diversity, Mechanism of Ab Class switching.
- L21: Antibody Responses in vivo, Enhanced Secondary Responses , significance Isotype switching, Affinity Maturation and development of Memory responses.
- L 22-23: Mechanism of Antigen-Antibody Interaction, Experiment based evidence to calculate antigen binding sites, avidity, affinity. Immunological Techniques: Principles, significance and methods; Agglutination(Direct/Indirect), Precipitation(Radial and double immunodiffusion) and Radioimmunoassay

Unit IV. Major Histocompatibility Complex

- L24-25: Major Histocompatibility Complex overview and significance. Structure of MHC Class I Molecules, Structure of MHC Class II Molecules,
- L25: Genomic Organisation of the MHC locus in Mice and Humans, Diversity of MHC molecules and their effect of immune response modulation.
- L26: Gene polymorphism and polygeny on MHC locus and their effect in the disease pattern with respect to resistance and susceptibility to diseases.

Unit V. Antigen recognition, Presentation and Cell Mediated Immunity

- L27-28: Antigen Recognition and Presentation overview: Structure and assembly of MHC molecules/Peptide complexes. Mechanisms of Antigen Processing (exogenous and endogenous antigens) and Presentation to T-lymphocytes (CD4⁺ and CD8⁺).
- L29-30: Complement System. Nomenclature of complement system, Classical, Lectin and Alternative Activation of complement pathway, assays for complement activation. Biological Effects of complement system, Regulation of complement system. Complement system related diseases

L30 is Tutorial

- L31-33: Cell Mediated Immune Response Overview, T lymphocyte classification, lineage and Mechanisms of development of T cells in thymus. Structure of T cell receptors, Mechanisms of recombination and diversity of TCR genes, self tolerance mechanisms. Regulation of innate and humoral responses by T cells. T cell APC interactions and modulation of Immune responses.
- L34: T independent and T dependent Defense Mechanisms, Cell Mediated Cytotoxicity. Idiotypic modulation of immune responses

Unit VI. Regulations of the Immune system: Pathology, Hypersensitivity and Tolerance

- L35-36: Regulation of Immune Response: Antigens, classification of antigens based on their interaction and functions. Superantigens, interaction of Antigens with Antigen Presenting Cells, Antibody, Lymphocytes. Idiotypic Modulation of Response, Neuroendocrine Modulation of Responses, Genetic control of Immune Response.
- L37: Cell Migration and Adhesion. Patterns of Cell Migration, Structure and function of various adhesion Molecules, Mechanism of Cell Migration and their involvement in disease
- L38-39: Immunopathology: overview Rh- blood groupings, Autoimmune Diseases, Basis of breach of central and peripheral tolerance.
- L40: Immuno-deficiencies, Genetic disorders congenital and acquired.
- L41-42: Hypersensitivity Reactions (type I and type IV), Role of 1gE, Mast cells, Genetic basis of Allergic Response and pathogenesis.
- L43: Immune Tolerance overview: Self Tolerance, Transplantation and Rejection mechanisms

L44 is Tutorial

Unit VII. Immunological techniques and Vaccines

- L47: Immunological techniques : Immunoflorescence (direct/indirect), Enzyme linked Immunosorbent assay (principles of various types of ELISA) and its variants.
- L48: Magnetic cell sorting, Flowcytometry, western blotting
- L49 : Techniques for generation of polyclonal and monoclonal antibodies. Hybridoma Technology for Mab Production.
- L 50: Techniques for isolation of specific antibodies.
- L 51: Gene Targeting: Knock out and Transgenic animals

- L 52: Basis of Tumor Immunology
- L53: Vaccines : History and overview , adjuvants, Immune responses following vaccination
- L54: Various types of vaccines and methods of their development with examples

L55: Tutorial L L56: Test

Suggested Readings

- 1. Fundamental Immunology William Paul (Ed) 2017. Lippincott Williams & Wilkins.
- 2. Kuby Immunology by Thomas Kindt and Richard A. Goldsby and Barbara A. Osborne; Ed 6th. W.H. Freeman and Company, New York; 2007.
- 3. Cellular and molecular immunology by Abul K. Abbas and Andrew H.

Lichtman and Shiv Pillai; Ed. 6th; Saunders, 2007.

- 4. Immunology; Ed.7th by David Male and Jonathan Brastoff and David B. Both and Ivan Roitt; Mosby Elsevier; 2006
 - 5. Immunobiology: the immune system in health and disease by Charles A.

Janeway and Paul Travers and Mark Walport and Mark J. Shlomchik; 7th Ed; Garland Science; 2008.

- 6. Immunology of infection diseases by Stefan H. E. Kaufmann and Alan Sher and Rafi Ahmed; ASM Press, Washington; 2002.
- 7. Essentials of immunology & serology by Jacqueline H. Stanley; DELMAR; Australia; 2002.

Immunology Practical: (Credits 2)

- 1-3. To demonstrate that activation of peritoneal macrophages/ myeloid lineage cells by lipopolysaccharides results in reactive oxygen production (RNS) and reactive nitrogen species production. Estimation will be done by flowcytometry, Colorimetry and microscopy assays.
- 3-6. The antigen antibody interaction mechanisms will be demonstrated by precipitation and agglutination assays (octerlony, mancini methods and indirect agglutination tests)
- 6-9. The T cell and B cell separation and their proliferation will be done using MACS and FACS
- 10. Proinflammatory cytokine expression will be demonstrated in activated cells by ELISA or immunofluorescence.

BIOLOGICAL CHEMISTRY II MBSCC-205

Marks: 100 marks (4 credits)

Duration: 60 Hrs.

Course Objectives:

The course aims to impart to the students a thorough understanding of chemical macromolecules found in biological systems. Synthetic macromolecules and their self-assembly is also discussed as is the important area of nanotechnology. Carbohydrate chemistry forms an essential part of this course. Enzyme and coenzyme catalysis is thoroughly discussed.

Course Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the course students will be able to appreciate the underlying chemistry of many of the important biological processes. They will also be trained in to the various methods used to study the reaction mechanisms

Contents

Unit I: Molecules and macromolecules in biological systems

- L1. Amino acids, peptides and proteins,
- L2. Structure and Functions of proteins
- L3. Formation of peptide bonds,
- L4-5. Protecting groups and peptide bond formation,
- L6-7. protein degradation and sequencing of amino acids,
- L8. DNA and RNA bases,
- L9-10. nucleosides and nucleotides, phosphodiesters
- L11-12. formation of N- and C- glycosides,
- L13-14. conformation and configuration of 5 carbon and 6-carbon sugars,
- L15-16 . maltose, sucrose and lactose,

Unit II: Synthetic macromolecules and polymers in biology

L17-18. Building of macromolecules and molecular frameworks and their biomedical applications.

L19. Synthetic strategies for artificial systems that mimic biological entities,

L20-23. applications of supramolecular principles to molecular diagnosis, therapeutic applications of supramolecular chemistry.

L24-26. Nanotechnology and its applications in drug delivery and other biomedical applications

Unit III: Mechanisms in Biological Chemistry

L27. Active methylene groups,
L28-29. aldol and retroaldol reactions,
L30. schiff bases and enamine reactions,
L31-32. nitrogen, phosphorus and sulfur ylides.
L33. Umpolung reaction,
L34. Michael addition,
L35. Polymer supported organic reactions,
L36-37. phase transfer catalysis, Equivalence of these reactions in biological system

Unit IV: Enzyme, Coenzyme systems and Mechanism of coenzyme catalysis

L38. Enzyme classifications, Inhibitors,
L39-40. Mechanisms of Enzymes.
L41. Coenzyme A,
L42. NAD+ and NADPH,
L43. FMN and FAD,
L44. biotin
L45. PLP
L46. TPP
L47. lipoic acid, tetrahydrofolate, ascorbic acid,
L48. cyanocobalamine and
L49. cytochrome P-450

Unit V: Hammett and Taft equation

L50. Steric and solvent effects, L51. role of pH, L52. role of reaction media on certain reactions

Biological Chemistry-2 (Practical) : 2 credits

- 1. Recrystallization and Melting Determination
- 2. Thin Layer Chromatography (mixture of 2 compounds)
- 3. Thin Layer chromatography (mixture of 3 compounds)

- 4. Claisen Schmidt reactions
- 5. Infrared spectroscopy (instrumentation and spectra analysis)
- 6. Cannizarro reaction

7&8. Optical activity by polarimetry of known optically active compound of known concentration and hence to determine concentration of unknown sample

- 9. Column chromatography
- 10. Aldol condensation
- 11. Schotten Baumann reaction

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Amino Acids: Biochemistry and Nutrition 2013 CRC PRESS, Author: Guoyao Wu
- 2. Enantioselective Organocatalysed reactions II 2011 Springer, Author: Rainer Mahrwald
- 3. Introduction to nano: Basics to nanoscience and nanotechnology, 2015 Springer Author: Amretashis Sengupta and Chandan Kumar Sarkar
- 4. Supramolecular chemistry 71: 1995 Associated Press, Author: Jean Marie Lehn

5. Carbohydrate Chemistry : Proven Synthetic Methods Vol 4 2017, Ed : Christian Vogel and Paul Murphy

PRINCIPLES OF MEDICINAL CHEMISTRY MBSCC-301

Marks: 100 marks (4 credits)

Duration: 60 Hrs.

Course Objectives:

The course includes theoretical studies in the field of Medicinal Chemistry. This encompasses the de-novo approach to design of drug candidates, the potential physico-chemical interaction between low molecular-weight compounds and biomolecules such as proteins and DNA, plausible biochemical transformations for elimination of small molecules. In addition, few examples of rational drug design to target specific protein/ receptor for the human pathologies such as peptic ulcers, hypertension, atherosclerosis, cancer, neuronal pathologies etc. will be studied. Thus, the course includes theoretical elements concerning the identification, design, synthesis and evaluation of low molecular organic substances for specific pathological state from the perspective of medicinal chemistry.

Course learning outcomes:

After completing the course, students shall be able to:

- describe the various steps involved in the design of a drug,
- describe the "interaction between ligand and receptor" concept
- identify and describe the connection between chemical structure and physical-chemical properties
- describe the design of organic compounds, for example, statistical or structure-based design in groups, plan and conduct a medicinal chemistry project.
- independently acquire and critically assess biological and medicinal information from databases.
- actively participate in discussions during seminars and group exercises, present results verbally and in writing, and communicate principles, problems and research results with specialists and non-specialists on issues within the scope of the content of the course.

Unit I. Role of Medicinal Chemistry in discovery of drugs

L1- L2. Introduction to medicinal chemistry as a strategy to the design of new drug candidates for the human pathologies.

Unit II. Drug Design

(a) Discovery of lead compound-

- L3- L4 Serendipous, Random and Non-random screening, drug metabolism studies, clinical observations
- **L5- L6** Rational approaches to lead discovery- Homologation, chain branching, ring-chain transformations, bioisosterism.

(b) Lead modifications

- **L7- L8** Conventional drug screening and structural modifications, concept of isosteres and bioisosteres, structure activity relationship,
- **L9-10** Quantitative structure activity relationships- Electronic effects: Hammett equation, lipophilicity effects. Hansch equation, steric effects.
- L11-12 Taft equation, mathematical method for denovo design, Mannual stepwise scheme 2D QSAR; 3D-QSAR examples, CoMFA
 - (c) Introduction to molecular modeling and molecular graphics, pharmacophore descriptors
- **L13.** The classical mechanics model (e.g., MM1, MM2), Quantum chemical methods semiempirical and ab initio methods.
- L14. Molecular graphics: View and manipulate molecular structures
- L15-16. Pharmacophore descriptors: Based on Genetic Algorithms-Partial Least Squares (GA-PLS) and K-Nearest Neighbors (KNN) to achieve a robust QSAR model characterized by the highest value of cross-validated R2 (q2).

Unit III: Receptors

Chemical nature of receptors

L17-18. Covalent, ion-ion, ion-dipole, Hydrogen bonding, C-H hydrogen bonding, dihydrogen bonding, Van der Waals interactions and the associated energies, Chirality and receptor binding.

Drug receptor interactions

- **L19-20.** Occupancy Theory, Rate Theory, Induced Fit Theory, Macromolecular perturbation theory, Activation-Aggregation theory.
- L21-22. Classification of receptors and receptor subtypes, Neurotransmitters and their receptors, Receptor modulation and mimics, Receptor sites.
- L23-24. Chirality and receptor binding, Signal transduction and second messenger systems.
- L25-28. Active transport, affinity and efficacy, antagonism, partial antagonism, inverse agonism, allosteric binding sites.
- Unit IV: Introduction of various classes of drugs based on their interaction with target site With suitable examples, the drugs interacting with
 - L 29-30 (i) Receptors-Rational design of agonist/antagonist
 - L 31-32 (ii) Enzymes Mechanisms of enzyme catalysis, Electrostatic catalysis and desolvation. Covalent catalysis, Acid-base catalysis, Strain / distortion in enzyme catalysis. Coenzyme catalysis.

- L 33-36 (iii) Enzyme Inhibition-Reversible and irreversible, rational design of various enzyme inhibitors, Adverse drug reactions, Drugs acting on cell wall, Fungal membrane and Nuclear membrane, Drugs inhibiting protein synthesis.
- L 37-40 (iii) DNA- NA as targets for drug action. NA-interactive agents. Classes of drugs that interact with nucleic acids. Intercalation, NA-alkylation, NA-strand breaking and their importance in drug action,
- L 41-42 (iv) Carbohydrates- development of glyco-conjugates in cancer models

Unit V: Structure activity relationship illustrated with examples from

L 43-44 Sulphonamides, b-lactams, Quinolones, Nucleosides and Alkaloids.

Unit VI. Drug Metabolism

- L 45. (i)Biotransformations and their Mechanisms
- L 46-48. (ii)Phase I and Phase II metabolism, Oxidation, Reduction, Hydrolysis, Deamination and Conjugation (GSH, Sulfate, Glucuronide and Amino acids)
- L 48-50. (iii) Role of non-specific enzymes: Oxidases, Mono-oxygenases, Di-oxygenases and Peroxidases, L 51-52 (iv) Biotransformations illustrated by suitable examples of commonly used drugs, Chirality and drug metabolism.

L 53-60. Tutorials/ discussions

Suggested Readings

- 1. Organic chemistry of drug design and drug action by Richard B. Silverman; Ed. 2nd; ELSEVIER; 2004.
- Foye's Principles of Medicinal Chemistry by <u>Thomas L Lemke</u> and <u>David A Williams</u>; Ed. 6th; Lippincott Williams & Wilkins; 2007.
- 3. Medicinal chemistry: principles and practice by Frank D. King; Ed. 2nd; The Royal Society of Chemistry; 2002.
- 4. Introduction to Medicinal chemistry by Graham L. Patrick; Ed. 3rd; Oxford; 2006.
HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY-II MBSCC-302

Marks: 100 marks (4 credits)

Duration: 60 Hrs.

Course Objectives:

In continuity to understand the physiology of various organ systems in Human physiology-II, we ought to understand two of the vital organ system i.e. cardiovascular and nervous system. These systems are vital as cessation in the functioning of any of these systems straight away leads to death, therefore these system are dealt in detail along with their inter-relationship with other organ systems.

Course learning outcome

Human physiology II: This course is a core course and continuation of Human physiology I to be offered in third semester. On satisfying the requirements of this course, students will have the knowledge and skills to:

- Describe the anatomy and histology of nervous system and cardiovascular system.
- Understand the indications for, interpretation of, and risks of the common cardiovascular testing modalities for normal and diseased state
- Become familiar with the emergency sign and symptoms in case of cardiac/ nervous system dysfunction.
- Be aware of the i) symptom and approach knowledge, ii) disease based knowledge for nervous system dysfunction
- Create awareness for the importance of healthy mind and heart.

Contents

UNIT I: Cardiovascular system

- **L1-4.** Physiology of cardiac muscle (contractile and auto-rhythmic myocytes), Cardiac Cycle Control and Regulation of excitation, contraction and conduction of heart pumping, Heart sounds
- **L5-10.** Characteristics of normal electrocardiogram, analysis of ECG for various myopathies, Cardiac arrhythmias
- L11-14. Physical characteristics and basic theory of circulation, Vascular dispensability and functions of arterial and venous systems, Microcirculation and lymphatic system, Capillary fluid exchange, interstitial fluid and lymph flow, Local control of blood

flow by tissues and humoral regulation, Nervous regulation of circulation, Cardiac output, venous return and their regulation, coronary circulation.

L15-18. Blood and circulation: blood corpuscles, haemotopoiesis and formed elements, plasma function, Hemostasis and blood coagulation, Blood banking, blood groups, and Transfusion.

Tutorial: Group discussion, Student seminar and test

UNIT II: Overview of the Nervous System

- **L19-22.** Neuron and classification of nerve cell, nerve fibers, nerve, intracellular trafficking of neuron, Resting membrane potential of nerves, Nerve action potential, neurotransmitters: synthesis, models of exocytosis of synaptic vesicles and its inhibitors, synapse: types, pre and post synaptic regulation.
- L23-25. Anatomical and functional division of nervous system, Spinal cord and cranial nerve, Blood-Brain barrier, Cerebral Blood Flow, Regulation of Cerebral Circulation.

Tutorial: Group discussion, Student seminar and test

UNIT III: Motor System

- **L26.** Motor Units, Motor neurons types and characteristic of upper and lower motor neuron, lesions of upper and lower motor neuron. Muscle Receptors,
- L27-29. Posture: Neural Systems Controlling Postural Orientation and Stability, Automatic Postural Reactions, Postural Reflexes: Infant to Adult, Spinal Reflexes. Grouping of Motor pathways: direct and indirect pathways, Cortical and brain stem control of motor function.

UNIT IV: Cognitive System

 L30. Neural Basis of Instinctual Behavior & Emotions: Limbic Functions: behavior, Sexual Behavior, Fear & Rage, Motivation
 Tutorial: Group discussion, Student seminar and test

UNIT V: Learning and Memory

L31-33. Cerebral Cortex: Intellectual functions of brain, learning and memory, Physiologic anatomy of cerebral cortex, Functions of specific cortical areas, Association areas,

Function of brain in communication - language input and output, Function of corpus callosum and anterior commissure.

- L34-35. Thoughts, consciousness and memory: Memory formation, types of memory, molecular pathway of memory formation, Activating-driving systems of brain, Functional anatomy and functions of limbic system and hypothalamus, States of brain activity, Brain waves, Origin in brain of brain waves (EEG).
- L36-37. Sleep: Slow-wave sleep, REM sleep, Basic theories of sleep and awake, Physiological Mechanisms of Sleep and Waking, dreams sleep deprivation, Epilepsy, Psychotic behavior and dementia - roles of specific neurotransmitter systems.
- Tutorial: Group discussion, Student seminar and test

UNIT VI: Sensory Physiology

- L38-39. Neuronal circuits for processing information, "Coding" of Sensory Information, Electrical & Ionic Events in Receptors.
- L40-41. Somatic sensations: Tactile and position senses, Sensory pathways for transmission of somatic signals into the central nervous system, Sensory receptors, Transmission in dorsal column medial lemniscal system.
- L42-43: Pain and thermal sensations: Pain receptors and their stimulation, Dual transmission of pain signals into the central nervous system, Types of pain.
- Tutorial: Group discussion, Student seminar and test

Special Senses

- L44-45: Eye: The Image-Forming Mechanism (accommodation and visual acuity), Receptor and Photochemistry of vision, Neural function of retina. Visual Pathways and effects of lesions of these pathways
- L46-47: Hearing and equilibrium: Tympanic membrane and ossicular system, Cochlea, Central auditory mechanisms, directionality of sound, Vestibular sensations and maintenance of equilibrium, auditory and vestibular reflexes, oculo-vestibular system
- L48: Taste and smell: Anatomical aspects of olfaction and gustation, Receptors and sensory transduction of olfaction and gustation & Neuronal Pathways of olfaction and gestation

Tutorial: Group discussion, Student seminar and test.

UNIT VII: The Autonomic Nervous

L49. System Introduction Anatomic Organization of Autonomic Outflow Chemical Transmission at autonomic Junctions Responses of Effector Organs to Autonomic Nerve Impulses Cholinergic and Adrenergic Discharge.

Tutorial: Group discussion, Student seminar and test

Central Regulation of Visceral Function

L50. Hypothalamic Function: Autonomic Function, Cyclic Phenomena and circadian rhythm, Hunger Thirst Control of Posterior Pituitary Secretion Control of Anterior pituitary Secretion Temperature Regulation, fever.

Tutorial: Group discussion, Student seminar and test

Human Physiology Practical (2 credits)

Histopathology

- Demonstration of biological sample retrieval, sectioning (cryotome/microtome), fixation and staining of various tissue types from rodent tissue sample.
- Study of various types of human tissues in normal and diseased condition from permanent slides.

Blood physiology

- Preparation and staining of blood smear with Leishman's stain and Identification of the various types of blood cells.
- To record the Bleeding time, clotting time and determine the blood group from own blood sample.
- To determine the total count of RBC and WBC from own blood sample.

Electrophysiology (using appropriate hardware and software)

- To observe, record, and correlate motor unit recruitment and muscle fatigue with increased power of skeletal muscle contraction through Electromyogram (EMG).
- Measurement of forced expiratory volume (FEV) and Forced vital capacity (FVC).
- To observe rate and rhythm changes in the ECG associated with body position and estimate the mean electrical axis of the QRS complex
- To measure reflex time of different nerves in the body under different conditions using the reflex hammer.
- To record the Reaction time for various Short term memory test.
- To record an EEG of different areas of brain from an awake, resting subject.

- Record EOG on the horizontal plane and compare eye movements under the following conditions: pendulum tracking, pendulum simulation, reading silently, reading aloud, and reading challenging material or material written in an unfamiliar language.
- Assessment of cranial nerves functioning by the battery of non-invasive tests.

Suggested Readings

- 1. Textbook of medical physiology by Arthur C. Guyton and John E. Hall; Ed.13th & 14th, 2016.
- 2. Review of medical physiology by William F. Ganong; Ed. 23nd; McGraw Hill; 2010.
- 3. Principles of anatomy and physiology by Gerard J. Tortora and Bryan Derrickson; Ed.15th; John Wiley; 2016.
- 4. Hole's Human Anatomy & Physiology, McGraw-Hill Education; 14 edition, 2015
- Medical Physiology: A cellular and molecular approach by Walter F. Boron and Emile L. Boulpaep; Saunders; Ed. 3rd, 2017.
- 6. Physiology by Robert M. Berne and Matthew N. Levy; Mosby; ELSEVIER, Ed.7th 2018.
- 7. Principles of Neural Science, (Kandel) 5th Edition, 2013.
- 8. Fundamental Neuroscience, ELSEVIER 4th Edition, 2012
- 9. Neuroscience Online, an Open-Access Neuroscience ; Electronic Textbook https://nba.uth.tmc.edu/neuroscience/
- 10. Neuroscience Fifth Edition Dale Purves, George J. Augustine, David Fitzpatrick, William C. Hall, Anthony-Samuel LaMantia, and Leonard E. White, 2018.

ANALYTICAL & BIOMEDICAL TECHNIQUES AND INSTRUMENTATION MBSCC-303

Marks: 100 marks (4 credits)

Duration: 60 Hrs.

Course Objectives:

The course on Analytical and Biomedical Techniques and Instrumentation will be offered as CORE course in the 3rd Semester and covers various techniques used in analytical and Biomedical analysis. The course will be able to make students understand theoretical basis of these techniques as well as train them in handling various instruments and analysing the data. The students will be given hands on training to learn these techniques and apply the knowledge in developing skills which are essentially needed to work in clinical diagnostic and research laboratories in the field of biology and analytical biochemistry. The course has been designed to make them gain theoretical knowledge, practical handling of instruments and analysing the results obtained from these techniques for biomedical research.

Course Learning Outcomes

- The students of the course will be able to learn theoretical basis of various analytical and biomedical techniques. They will be trained in spectroscopic techniques such as UV-Visible, Infrared, Fluorescence, Circular Dichroism and their applications in the field of Biomedical Analysis.
- Students will learn analytical separation techniques such as Gas Chromatography, High Performance Liquid Chromatography, Supercritical Fluid Chromatography.
- Students will understand theoretical basis of Magnetic Resonance Spectroscopy (MRS) as well as Imaging (MRI). They will be able to understand the application of NMR in the field of drug analysis and diagnosis using MRI etc.
- Students will also learn about MASS spectroscopy and its application in the field of analytical and biomedical research. Students will be able to solve structures of small drug molecules based on analytical data based on IR, NMR and MASS spectroscopic techniques.
- Students will be able to analyse and interpret results obtained from fluorescence assisted flow cytometry (FACS), confocal microscopy and tracer techniques in this field.

Contents:

Introduction

L1 Principles of Instrumental Analysis, Types of Instrumental Methods to be covered in the course. Selecting an analytical method and developing a new Analytical Technique.

Unit I: Optical Methods and their applications in Biomedical Sciences

- **L2-3.** Ultraviolet / Visible molecular absorption spectroscopy, Theoretical basis, transitions, Lambert's Beers Law, factors affecting Absorption,
- L4-5. Fluorescence and Phosphorescence (principle Jablonski diagram), Fluorescence quenching (dynamic, static, Sterm volmer constant, FRET with examples from Biomedical field.
- L6-7. Biomolecular interactions using spectroscopic methods
- **L8-9.** Infrared vibrational spectroscopy introduction, Functional group identification, Effects of various factors on IR frequencies and biomedical application.
- L10. Concept of circularly polarized light and principles of CD
- **L11.** CD instrumentation, concepts of band width, slit width, scan speed, and other factors in getting proper resolution of bands
- **L12.** Application of CD in macromolecular structure determination, binding studies and other applications

Unit II: Separation Methods

L13–16. An introduction to chromatographic separation, Gas Chromatography, Pressure Liquid Chromatography and FPLC, Supercritical fluid chromatography

Unit III: Nuclear Magnetic Resonance Spectroscopy

- L17-19. Theory of NMR: Quantum description, Classical description Processional motion, Larmour frequency, Relaxation processes, T1 and T2 and their measurement. Fourier Transform NMR: Pulsed excitation, FID, Types of NMR Spectra – Wild line and high - resolution spectra.
- L20-21. NMR Spectrometers: Instrumentation. Environmental Effects: Types, Chemical shift theory, Magnetic anisotropy,
- L22-24. Spin–spin splitting, first order and second order spectra, Double Resonance Techniques, Proton on heteroatom. Application of proton NMR: Identification of compounds.
- **L25-26**. Introduction to 13C NMR: Proton decoupling: Broad band, off-resonance, Pulsed decoupling, NOE, application to structure determination.

Unit IV: Magnetic Resonance Imaging

- L27-28. The concept of MRI, BOLD imaging, fMRI,
- L29- 30. Application in Muscle Physiology, functional mapping of brain.
- L31-32. Other nuclei : 31P, 19F, 23Na, 15N, metabolomics studies using NMR

Unit V: Mass Spectrometry

- L33-35. Introduction to mass Spectrometry. Forming charged particles: Electron impact (EI) and Chemical Ionization(CI), Fast Atom Bombardment (FAB), Field Desorption (FD), Electrospray Ionization, Matrix Assisted Laser Desorption Ionization (MALDI).
- L36-37. Mass Analyzers: Magnetic sector mass spectrometers, Double focusing mass spectrometers, Quadrupole pole mass spectrometers, ion cyclotron resonance, Time of Flight mass analyzers. Combine the mass spectrometer with Gas Chromatography (GC/MS) and with liquid chromatography (LC/MS).
- **L38.** Applications of mass spectrometry in Biomedical field- Peptide mass fingerprinting, protein sequencing using MASS spectrometry.

Unit VI: Flow Cytometry, Magnetic Assisted Cell Sorting:

- **L39.** Introduction to flow cytometer: Need and versatility of FACS. Fluidics and Optics in FACS
- L40 & 41. Filters and detectors in FACS: choosing the right fluorochromes, compensation of overlapping emissions
- L42. Plotting of data in various formats (Histograms/dot plots/ contour plots) Gating, Principles of cell Sorting by FACS and MACS

Unit VII: Miscellaneous TECHNIQUES

- L43. Confocal Microscopy: Applications in Cell Biology, Electron Microscopy,
- L44-46. Tracer Techniques in Biology: tumor diagnosis and imaging, infectious diseases such as tuberculosis.
- L47-48. Biomolecular Structure determination techniques: X-Ray crystallography.

L49-60. Tutorial classes/class tests/ discussion periods

Suggested Readings:

- 1 Spectrometric identification of organic compounds by Robert M. Silverstein and Francis X. Webster; Ed. 8th; John Wiley; 2015.
- 2 Principles of instrumental analysis by Douglas Skoog and F. James Holler and Timothy A. Nieman; Ed. 7th; Saunders; 2018.
- 3 Contemporary instrumental analysis by Kenneth A. Rubinson and Judith F. Rubinson; Prentice Hall 2000.
- 4 Organic spectroscopy by William Kemp; Ed. 3rd; Palgrave; 2008.
- 5 Basic one and two dimensional NMR spectroscopy by Horst Friebolin; Ed. 5th ; Wiley-VCH; 2010.
- 6 Principles of Fluorescence Spectroscopy by Lacowicz, 3rd Ed. 2006, Springer US.

- 7 NMR and its applications to living systems by David G. Gadian; Ed. 2nd; Oxford; 1996.
- 8 Structure determination of organic compounds: tables of spectral data by E. Pretsch and P. Buhlmann and C. Affolter; Edn. 4th Springer; 2009.
- 9 HPLC: a practical user's guide; Ed.2nd by Marvin C. McMaster; Wiley-Interscience; 2007.

ANALYTICAL & BIOMEDICAL TECHNIQUES AND INSTRUMENTATION (Practical) Credits 2

- 1. To verify Lambert Beer's law and calculating concentration of unknown analyte
 - a. using UV-VIS spectroscopy.
 - b. Fluorescence spectroscopy
- 2. To study interaction of intercalating agents like ethidium bromide with DNA using:
 - a. UV –visible spectroscopy.
 - b. Fluorescence spectroscopy.
- 3. Studying and analysing CD spectrum of a protein
- 4. To study the Conformation change of Biomolecule using CD spectroscopy.
- 5. Infra-red Spectroscopy. Recording and interpretation of IR of a metabolite.
- 6. HPLC- introduction to the working of the instrument and analysis of a sample. Calculating concentration of unknow sample from standard surve
- 7. Separation of two samples using HPLC using isocratic and gradient mobile system.
- 8. Mass Spectroscopy: Identification of a biopolymer using MALDI/ LC-MS.
- 9. NMR: 1H and 31P spectroscopy of muscle physiology during exercise and calculation of pH change from spectra.
- 10. Spectral Identification of a simple organic compound/metabolite/drug. (two examples)
- 11. Flow Cytometry:
 - a. Cell cycle analysis
 - b. To monitor real time influx in intercellular calcium levels

Course specific learning outcome (Practicals)

- At the end of this course student will be able to able to instruments such as UV-VIS, Fluorescence and CD spectrophotometer.
- They will be able to analyse samples using HPLC and flow cytometer.
- The students will also learn how to analyse characterization data of given unknown compound and interpret its structure from the data.
- They will also learn to study the biomolecular interactions using the spectroscopic techniques, analysing secondary structure of a biomolecule etc.

PHARMACOLOGY AND TOXICOLOGY MBSCC-304

Marks: 100 marks (4 credits)

Duration: 60 Hrs.

Course Objectives:

In continuity to understand the physiology of various organ The course develops the understanding of theoretical and practical studies in the field of Pharmacology and Toxicology. The course involves the building up the knowledge of pharmacokinetic and pharmaco-dynamic profile of drug, pharmacological classification and principle of drug action and the types of toxicity assessments of various type toxicants of chemical and biological origin and environmental pollutants on organ system and drug disposition.

Course learning outcomes:

After completing the course, students shall be able to:

- describe the various steps involved in the interaction of a drug to its target,
- Administer the drug through various routes to the rats or mice and do toxicity assays.
- describe the pharmacokinetic and toxicokinetic profile of the drugs and chemicals respectively,
- Describe the design of treatment strategy in animal group,
- plan and conduct a pharmacology project and toxicological assays,
- Independently acquire and critically assess Pharmacological and Toxicological information from databases

Contents:

Unit I: Introduction to pharmacology

L1. Scope of pharmacology: Introductory class to define pharmacology, historical background and limitations

Unit II: Pharmacokinetics

- **L2-L3.** Absorption- Routes of administration of drugs, their advantages and disadvantages. Various processes of absorption of drugs and the factors affecting them
- **L4-L5**. Metabolism i) Microsomal and non-microsomal mechanisms ii) Effect of Enzyme induction and inhibition on drug metabolism and the factors influencing them.

L6-L9. Distribution - i) distribution of drugs and the factors affecting them ii) Loading and maintenance doses Excretion of drugs- i) zero order, first order and steady state kinetics and half life of drugs, Numerical problems Pharmacodynamics: General mechanism of drug action and the factors, which modify drug action. : i) Dose response relationship curves and different types of antagonisms.

Unit III: Pharmacodynamics

L10-L12. i) General mechanism of drug action and the factors, which modify drug action (signal transduction mechanisms in general. Dose-response relationship curves and different types of antagonisms. ii) Drug receptor interaction and Theories.

Unit IV: Pharmacological classification of drugs; the brief introduction of drugs should emphasize the ADME profile of following systems

- L13-L14. Drugs acting on the central nervous system: Anesthetics- History, theory, mechanism and stages of anesthesia, Drug classification based on mechanism of action of anesthesia, Inhalation and general anesthesia; Local anaesthetics-classification and mechanism of local anesthesia, adverse reactions of Anesthesia.
- L15-L16. Pshycho-pharmacological agents: Sedatives, Hypnotics, anxiolytics, anti-maniac, antidepressants
- **L17-L19.** Drugs acting on the autonomic nervous system: Cholinergic drugs, anticholinergic drugs, anticholinesterase drugs, dopaminergic drugs, Adrenergic drugs and adrenergic receptor blockers, Neuron blockers and ganglion blockers, Neuromuscular blockers, drugs used in myasthenia gravis.
- L20-L21. Cardiovascular drugs, cardiotonics, antianginal agents, antihypertensive agents, peripheral vasodilators and drugs used in atherosclerosis, coaogulants and anticoaogulants.
- L22-L26. Drugs acting on the respiratory system, Expectorants and antitussive agents, Drugs acting on the digestive system, Drug acting on Renal system, Coaogulants and anticoaogulants, Analgesics- Opiod analgesics (Morphine) and NSAIDs (Brufen)
- L28. Hormones and hormone antagonists (Classification of hormones based on their pharmacological and physiological action), Mechanism of hormonal action (Hypothalamopituitary adrenal / thyroid axis).

L29-L30. TUTORIALS & CLASS TEST

Unit V: Principles of Toxicology

L31-L34. Definition, scope and different branches of toxicology. A brief review of toxic substances: Synthetic organic compounds: Chemical additives in food, Chemicals in the work place, Solvents, Pesticides, Cosmetics, Drugs of abuse. Inorganic chemicals: Industrial and chemical environmental inorganic toxicants

polluting air/ water/ food. Naturally occurring poisons: Mycotoxins, Bacterial toxins, Plant toxins and Animal toxins.

Unit VI. Types of toxicity and its measurement

L35-L39 Acute, Sub-acute or Chronic and its manifestations. Acute toxicity: Mode of application/ administration/ exposure, in-vitro tests, Dose response relationship, Measurement of TD 50/ TC 50 and LD 50/ LC 50. Sub-acute and chronic toxicity. Risk and safety analysis: Margin of safety, Therapeutic index, Ideal therapeutic index. Inter-species extrapolation of dose-response data, NOEL, ADI, TLV, WHO standards. Special toxicity studies: Carcinogenecity, \\ teratogenicity, in-vitro mutagenicity tests.

Unit VII. Epidemiology of toxicity

L40-L42. Cohort study, Retrospect study, Case-control study, Cross-sectional study, Confounding.

Unit VIII: Pharmacokinetic aspects of toxicants

L43-L44. Site of metabolism, Metabolizing enzymes of liver, kidney, lung, GI tract, skin and their role in activation and detoxification of drugs and chemicals. Physiological (route of exposure, species, sex and age), Nutritional and environmental (temperature, altitude and circadian rhythms related) factors affecting metabolism, detoxification and toxic responses of drugs and chemicals.

Unit IX: Organ toxicities

- L45- L48. Hepatotoxicity: A brief description of morphological and functional aspects of liver with special reference to hepatotoxicity, various hepatotoxic agents, types of liver injuries- Fatty liver formation, Necrosis, Cholastosis, Hepatitis, Fibrosis, Cirrhosis, Carcinogenesis.
- **L49-L50.** Nephrotoxicity: A brief description of morphological and functional aspects of kidney in relation of nephrotoxicity, nephrotoxic agents, detailed mechanisms of chemical induced nephrotoxicity.
- **L51-L52**. Cardiovascular toxicity: A brief description of mechanisms of cardiovascular toxicity and cardiotioxic agents- subcellular and biochemical mechanisms.
- L53-L54. Neurotoxicity: A brief description neurotoxic agents and types of neurotoxic effects-Axanopathy, Neropathy, Neuronopathy, Mylenopathy. Broncho-pulmonary (inhalation) toxicity.
- **L55.** Gastro-intestinal toxicity.

L56. Skin toxicity/ photosensitivity.

Unit X: Tests for evaluation of toxicities in different organs

L57-L58.Therapeutic aspects: General measures and treatment of poisoning cases, Specific antidotes, Agents of first choice, Contraindications.

L59-L60. TUTORIALS & CLASS TEST.

PHARMACOLOGY & TOXICOLOGY (Practicals) Credits 2

- 1. CPCSEA guidelines for animal experiments, Animal handling and precautions.
- 2. To study the different routes of administration in different animal models.
- 3. Preparation of buffers and reagents require for the forthcoming experiments.
- 4. Topical application of Atropine and Pilocarpine on rabbit eye
- 5. Analgesic effect of diclofenac on mice/rat.
- 6. Study the effects of acetylcholine (Ach) and plot the dose-response curve.
- 7. Study the effect of general anaesthesia with ketamine in rat.
- 8. Study the haloperidol induced PD-like symptoms in mice.
- 9. To determine the effect of promethazine on phenobarbitone induced sleeping time in mice.
- 10. To determine the acute toxicity of a given drug and calculate the LD50 value.
- 11. Detection of organophosphorous pesticides in biological sample.
- 12. To test the presence of paracetamol in the given biological sample.
- 13. To determine the lethal concentration of Arsenic in Zebra fish according to OECD guidelines.
- 14. To determine the lethal concentration of Copper in Zebra fish according to OECD guidelines.
- 15. To identify plants which are toxic to human and animals in a given set up of garden or farm field.

Suggested Readings

- 1. Goodman & Gilman's the pharmacological basis of therapeutics by Laurence Brunton and John Lazo and Keith Parker; Ed. 11th; McGraw-Hill Professional; Ed 2011
- 2. Martindale: The Complete Drug Reference, Brayfield, Alison, Thirty-ninth edition
- 3. Casarett and Dull's toxicology: the basic science of poisons by Curties D. Klaassen; Ed. 7th; McGraw Hill; New York; 2007.
- 4. Essential of medical pharmacology; 6thEd. By K.D. Tripathi; Jaypee Brothers;
- 5. Pharmacology H. P. Rang and M.M. Dale and J.M. Ritter and P.K. Moore; Ed. 5th; Churchill Livingstone.

- 6. Integrated Pharmacology: With Student Consult Accessby Clive P. Page and M.J. Curtis and M.C. Sutter and M.J. Walker and B.B. Hoffman; Ed. 3rd; Mosby; 2006.
- 7. Principles of toxicology by Karen E. Stine and Thomas M. Brown; Ed. 2nd; CRC Press; 2006.
- 8. Lu's basic toxicology: fundamentals, target organs and risk assessment by Frank C.Lu and Sam Kacew; Ed. 5th; Informa Healthcare; 2009.
- 9. Toxicology by Hans Marquradt and S.G. Schafer and R.D. McClellah and Academic Press; 1999.
- 10. Principles and practice of toxicology in public health by Ira R. Richards; Jones and Bartlett Publishers; 2007.
- 11. Handbook of human toxicology, E.J. Massaro; CRC Press; 1997.
- 12. The Handbook of Clinically Tested Herbal Remedies, Marilyn Barrett, 2 Volume set 1st edition.

BIOETHICS AND BIOSAFETY MBSOE-305

Marks: 100 marks (4 credits)

Duration: 60 Hrs.

Course Objectives:

Modern biotechnology and innovation-oriented scientific research have prompted formulation of new policies and regulatory guidelines which would have a direct impact on protection against the potential harms and/or exploitation of research participants. The establishment of a bioethics framework involving biomedical scientists, religious scholars, physicians, philosophers, legal experts, sociologists, and lay intellectuals would have a proactive directional impact on the interrelation of medicine, ethics, law and religion vis-a-vis existent ethical standards and futuristic adaptability with the local/ state/ region/ international norms.

Course learning outcomes

- Define the term "Bioethics". Learn about gradation of moral and ethical norms from simpler to higher levels for initiating right actions to 'first do no harm'
- Learn about Prayers, Oaths, Covenants, Declarations, Guidelines and Codes which have relevance to bioethics.
- Recognize the key features of the Ayurveda, Unani and Siddha systems of medicine.
- Outline the ethical and moral values as described in the authentic texts of Ayurveda, Siddha and Unani systems of medicine.
- Clinical research and guidelines of ICMR for collecting clinical samples and drug trials.
- Rights of patients, responsibilities of doctors and legal justice.
- Understanding the biosafety rules in handling biological materials.
- Animal ethics and guidelines of CPCSEA.
- Precautions in use of recombinant DNA
- Disposal of hazardous reagents, biomolecules and biological materials.
- ٠

Unit I: L1-L6: INTRODUCTION TO BIOETHICS, CODES, COVENANTS, DECLARATIONS AND GUIDELINES

Defining Bioethics in relation to Profession, Society, and Biomedicine, need of bioethics. Medical profession and biomedicine: Prayers and Oaths in Bioethics and Covenants in Bioethics

Declarations: The Declaration of Geneva, WMA's Declaration of Helsinki (DOH, 1964) **Universal Declaration on Bioethics and Human Rights and** Guidelines Codes of Bioethics

Unit II: L7-L10 ISSUES CONCERNING GOOD LIFE AND HEALTHY LIFE

Indian Philosophy of life, Various Philosophical systems, Issues in philosophy, Goals of life: *purusharthas. Dharma* and other moral concepts.

Indian traditional systems of medicine and their ethical principles: Introduction, Ayurveda, Siddha, Unani

Unit III: L11-L18: JUSTICE, LAW AND SOCIETY & LEGAL AND ETHICAL ACCOUNTABILITY OF DOCTORS

Justice Law and Society: Introduction, Constitution of India, Legal Framework: Substantive and Procedural, Legal System We, Healthcare and Our Society, Doctor-Patient Relationship Right to Health and Health Care: Judicial perspective Essential information about COPRA, Legal and Ethical Accountability of Doctors: Premise and Extent Rights of patients who require critical care, Ethics, Triage, Futility (arguments in favour and against futile intervention, solutions to dilemmas), Case studies.

Euthanasia: End of life care decisions, Killing or letting die, Principle of double effect, Case studies.

Principle of ordinary vs. Extraordinary means: Withholding and withdrawal of treatment and life support

The Indian society of critical care medicine guidelines for limiting life- support interventions Policies in the ICU, Communication between the team and family, Handling the family, Resolving conflict in ICU, Consideration at the time of death.

Situation in India, Procedure to be adopted by the high court when such an application is filed. Case studies.

Unit IV: L19-L28. DOCTOR-PATIENT RELATIONSHIP

Introduction, Qualities of the patient, Negative & Positive rights, Patient's Bill of rights (AHA),

Qualities of the Doctor, Regulation, Types of doctor patient relationships

Qualities that patients expect from their doctors, Effects of an effective doctor-patient relationships

Bed Side Manner, Analysis of doctor – patient relations: The activity-passivity model or paternalistic model, the Guidance-Cooperation Model, the Mutual Participation Model - Shared Responsibility

Bargaining power of Patients and Physicians, Termination of relationshipSome terms used in Doctor patient relationships (Veracity, Privacy, Professional fidelity, problems with fidelity).

Conflict of interest, Dual roles of clinician and investigator

Factors that influence Doctor patient relationships: Drug industry, Advertisements, Medical representatives, Gifts, Research, Case studies.

Doctor's relationship with other doctors and institutions: Physician Advertisements, Fee splitting

Religious and political affiliations, Health Professional & Torture.

Boundary violations: Non sexual boundary violations and crossing, Sexual boundary violations

Sexual impropriety, Sexual transgression, Sexual violations, the Physical Examination Prevention of Boundary Violations

Unit V: L29-L38: MEDICAL ERRORS AND NEGLIGENCE

Introduction, History of medical errors, Problem of medical errors

What is medical error? Types of medical errors, Person or system.

Type of action, Risk factors for medical errors, Prevention of medical errors, Ethical dilemmas

Disclosure to the patient: Ethical duties of the Physician, need for disclosure, Fiduciary obligations, Autonomy, Truth telling, Respect for the person, Justice & professional standards

Dealing with medical error, Patient and family attitudes to medical error, Potential advantages of disclosing medical error to Patient and health care personnel and Health care system

Barriers to disclosing error: Attitudinal barriers, Helplessness, Uncertainties, Fears/anxieties

How to disclose error, Effects of disclosure, Legal arguments against disclosure, Distress among physicians,

Medical negligence, Profession and occupational Negligence, Elements of Negligence, Duty of care, Standard of care.

Medical code and Negligence: Types of negligence, Relief for medical negligence Legal positions: Medical council of India Civil courts, Approach High court

(Constitutional law and PIL), Criminal law, Consumer protection act, Compensation Defensive medicine: Protection against medical negligence, Effects of medical negligence litigation

Unit VI: LL39-L45-L29: CLINICAL RESEARCH AND ICMR GUIDELINES:

The General Principles: What is Informed Consent? Concept and Process.

Informed Consent in different settings, Waiver of Consent, Gatekeeper's Consent/ permission, Children and Assent, Vulnerable population. Guidelines for drug trials.

Unit VII L46-48 Introduction to animal ethics, CPCSEA guidelines, handling of animals and guidelines for use of animals.

Unit VIII: L49-L60: BIOSAFETY

Use of recombinant DNA technology, manipulation of genes of bacteria, viruses and human cells.

Transport, storage and precautions in use and disposal of clinical samples and biological samples.

Biosafety levels: BSL1, BSL2 and BSL3 facilities.

Precautions associated with use of radioisotopes

Disposal of used reagents and chemicals

Disposal of biological material (bacterial culture, yeast cultures, cells, tissues and animals)

Suggested Readings:

Revised guidelines of ICMR will be provided to the students from time to time Various case studies will be provided to the students

APPLICATION OF STATISTICS FOR BIOLOGY MBSOE-306

Marks: 100 marks (4 credits)

Duration: 60 Hrs.

Course Objectives:

Statistics plays a crucial role in data validation, analysis and interpretation, without which clinical, social science research and other researches involving huge number of samples would not be possible. The present course dealt with various common statistical methods involved in biological science research like tools for describing central tendency, correlation, and regression analysis, probability, hypothesis testing and methods of sampling of biological data.

Course Outcome

- Students will get skills on different ways of hypothesis testing and methods of sampling of biological data sets.
- Additionally, they will be able to interpret and analyze data containing large pool of biological samples to yield correlative insights.

Contents:

Unit I: Measures of central Tendency

- **L1-L3**. Concept, calculation and biological significances of Mean, mode, Median, Graphical representation of statistical data.
- L4. Concept, calculation and biological significances of mean deviation, Standard deviation, Covariance, Standard error.
 Tutorial and class test

Unit II: Correlation and Regression analysis

- **L5-L6**. Definition of correlations, Karl Pearson's Co-efficient of correlation, Co-efficient of variation,
- L7. Rank correlation, Tied ranks, Relation between two variables, Scatter diagram.
- **L8-L10**. Definition of regression analysis, curve fitting (linear and nonlinear), principles of least squares, two regression lines,

L10-L11. Definition of clustering, K-mean clustering, PCR analysis, Hierarchical clustering Tutorial and class test

Unit III: Probability

L12-L14. Theorems on probability, Random experiments, sample space, conditional probability, Bayes theorem

Unit IV: Probability Distribution

- L15. Exponential distribution, Gamma distribution, Beta distribution,
- **L16-L18**. Binomial, Poisson distribution, Normal distributions. Standard normal distributions and Z score, applications.

Unit V: Methods of Sampling of biological data and analysis using

L19-L22. 't.' and 'Z.' and 'F.' tests of significance for small and large samples (with appropriate examples), Hypothetical tests, Parametric and Non-parametric tests, P-value, Multiple testing.

Tutorial and class test

#Each lecture will of two hours duration

Suggested Readings

- 1. Basic statistics by A. L. Nagar and R. K. Das; 2nd Ed.; Oxford; 2002.
- 2. Biostatistics: a manual of statistical methods for use in health, nutrition and anthropology by K. Visweswara Rao; Jaypee Borthers, 1996.
- 3. Introductory statistics by Prem S. Mann; 5th Ed.; John Wiley; 2003.
- 4. Biostatistics: a foundation for analysis in the health sciences by Wayne W. Daniel; 8th Ed.; John Wiley; 2005.
- 5. John E. Freund.'s mathematical statistics with application by Irwin Miller and Marylees Miller; Ed.7th; Pearson; 2006.

MOLECULAR ONCOLOGY MBSEC-401

Marks: 100 marks (4 credits)

Duration: 60 Hrs.

Course Objectives:

With increase in incidence of cancer in our country, it is considered important to have a basic background of molecular basis of cancer. The students will be taught various risk factors and types of cancer. Basic concept of mechanism of carcinogenesis will be taught wherein important proteins and pathways will be taught. At the end of the course some of the research papers related to these topics will be presented and discussed in the class.

Course learning outcome

- By the end of the course students will be familiar with common carcinogens and how life style can contribute to increase in cancer incident.
- They will also be aware of various steps and different mechanisms that form the basis of differences in cancer progression and drug response.
- A basic understanding of various techniques that can be used so as to do decipher these pathways and to identify the proteins involved in cancer will help them in pursuing research in this important area.

Contents

Unit I: The Cancer Problem

- L1: Introduction to Cancer, Global and Indian incidence, various types of cancers, Epidemiology,
- L2: Environmental carcinogens, chemical and physical carcinogens types with examples.
- L3: Various risk factors, life style, changing patterns, the Indian scenario.

Unit II: Mechanisms of Carcinogenesis

- L4: Various theories, multi-step and multistage processes, concept of transformation
- L5: Initiation, Promotion and Progression of cancer.
- L6: Role of DNA damage, repair and mutations by physicochemical agents and viruses,
- L7: Interaction of various agents in cancer
- L8: Differentiation: hyperplasia and precancerous lesions. Strategies of chemoprevention.
- L 9: TUTORIAL CLASS

L10: TEST (10marks)

Unit III: Tumor types and leukemia

- L11: Benign and malignant tumors, localized and metastatic disease
- **L12:** Schemes of classification, WHO classification, staging and grading, degree of malignancy.
- **L13:** Introduction to leukemia, Classification of leukemia, types of chromosomal translocations. Examples of common types based on prevalence.
- L14: Diagnosis of leukemia (Flow cytometric method, qPCR).

Unit IV: Modulation of the Eukaryotic Cell Cycle and cell death in cancer

- L15: Cell cycle and check points, role of kinases,
- **L16:** Mechanism of deregulation of cell cycle during cancer. Various proteins involved and their mechanism
- L17: Apoptosis, and Necrosis regulation in normal cell and dysregulation in cancer
- **L18:** Proapoptotic and Antiapoptotic proteins and mechanism of action in controlling apoptosis.
- L19: Methods used to study apoptosis (western, Flow cytometry, tunnel assay)
- L20: methods contd, Cellular senescence
- L21: TUTORIAL CLASS
- L22: CLASS TEST 2

Unit V: Cell-cell Interactions in Development of cancer

- L23: Cell-cell interaction, integrins, and other proteins involved in cellular adhesion.
- L24: Concept of invasion, changes in cellular proteins.
- L25: Mechanism of invasion by cancerous cells.
- L26: Metalloproteases and their role in cancer metastasis
- L27: Methods to study invasion in vitro.
- L28: Tumor microenvironment, interaction between malignant and normal cells
- L 29: Research papers presentation
- L30. Research Papers presentations and Discussion
- L31: Test based

Unit VI: ANGIOGENESIS

L32: Angiogenesis and various factors involved in angiogenesis

- L33: Molecular mechanism of angiogenesis
- L34: Concepts and molecular mechanism of Neoangiogenesis in cancer
- L35: Methods to study angiogenesis.
- L 36: Tutorial Research papers discussion on angiogenesis

Unit VII: Tumor suppressor genes and Viral oncogenes

- **L37:** Concept of tumour suppressor proteins and oncoproteins. transformed cells and immortal cells.
- L38: Mechanisms of action of P53 in cancer
- L39: Mechanisms of action of P53 in cancer contd
- L40: Role of other members of p53 protein in cancer
- L 41: Tutorial on Research papers discussion related to P53 isoforms.
- L42: Role of RB proteins in cancer
- L43: Altered mechanisms of action of Rb protein in cancer cells
- L44: Other tumour suppressor proteins, BRCA1, BRCA2, APC and WT1, Mismatch repair proteins
- **L45:** Oncoproteins and their examples, Basic concept of proto-oncogene, discovery, gain of function mutations etc. methods to identify.
- L46: Role and mechanism of viral oncogenes with 1-2 examples.
- L47: understanding the role of large Tantigen, HPV in cervical cancer.
- L48: Role of cellular oncogenes in altered gene regulation (basic mechanisms of action)
- L49: Mechanism of action of oncogenes contd using specific examples: jun-fos, Ras
- L50: condt. AML-ETO etc in gene regulation.
- L51: Research paper presentations and discussion
- L52. Research paper presentations and discussion
- L53 Research paper presentations and discussion
- L54. Test

Unit VIII: Growth factor-signalling pathways in cancer

- L55: Relationship between oncogene products and growth factors,
- L56: Understanding altered pathways using example of receptor kinases, Src, Wnt signalling
- L57: Abl, cKit, Rho and Ras factors
- L58: GAP and growth factors Tyrosine kinases and inhibitors.
- L59: Effect of viral infection on signal transduction.
- L 60: Research paper presentations and discussion

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Javier Camacho edt. Molecular Oncology: Principles and Recent Advances Bentham Books. 2016
- 2. <u>A Cittadini (Editor)</u>, <u>R Baserga (Editor)</u>, <u>H M Pinedo (Editor)</u> Molecular oncology and clinical applications I edition 2013
- 3. Weinberg, R. The Biology of Cancer. Garland Science, second edition 2014.
 - Hesketh, R. Betrayed by Nature: The War on Cancer. MacSci, 2012

STEM CELL BIOLOGY FOR DEVELOPMENTAL AND TRANSLATIONAL RESEARCH MBSEC-402

Marks: 100 marks (4 credits)

Duration: 60 Hrs.

Course Objectives:

This course is conceived in the light of relevance of stem cells to biomedical research. The natural process of development is the journey of living organisms from totipotency to pluripotency and further to differentiation towards functional specialization to make a complex and self-propagating system. Therefore, the course begins with the concepts of developmental biology, the unification of molecular mechanisms across phyla is emphasised. The course tries to bring out how this knowledge also gives us the ability to reverse the process to address important aspects of human health.

Course learning outcomes

- The students will gain an understanding of common theme and the varied strategies of development that nature has evolved by the comparison between different systems
- The students will be aware of the characteristics of stem cells and the limitations in the use of stem cells.
- They will appreciate how nature has preserved the mechanisms invented at various stages of evolution.
- They will be aware of the tools used in stem research, the ethical issues involved in the application of stem cell usage in medical research.
- Throughout the course the students will be exposed to original papers that led to the various discoveries that have kindled the enthusiasm and hope of use of stem cells in health sciences.

Unit I: Introduction

L1 – 3. what are stem cells (embryonic stem cells, adult stem cells, iPS), History of stem cell research, Differentiated cell vs stem cells, What determines stemness, scope of stem cells to cure disease, Early experiments on stem cell and regeneration. Cloning and aging issues (Dolly, etc..), what we do not know about stemness (discussion to introduce importance of learning developmental biology).

Unit II: Journey from stemness to differentiation I

- L4- 5: Insights from Drosophila model: Early embryonic development, Maternal inheritance,
- **L6-8**: Genetic basis of axis determination, pattern formation, regulatory cascade in development in Drosophila,
- L 9 & 10: Homeotic genes and their regulation.
- L11-12-Student Seminar

Unit III: Journey from stemness to differentiation II

- L13-14. Amphibian development: Xenopus development as a model, Salient feature of amphibian development
- L15. Positional information in development- the 'Organizer ' concept, cell-cell interaction in development,
- L16-17. Concept of morphogen gradients, their generation and effect on development.

Unit IV: Journey from stemness to differentiation III

- **L18-19. Mammalian development:** Salient features of Mouse and Human embryonic development as examples of regulated development, generation of mosaic embryos.
- **L20.** Pattern formation example of limb development.
- L21-22. Conservation of pathways of development and differentiation across phyla with example; Notch, Wnt, Hippo, discovery and evolutionary conservation (the teacher may choose one of the examples to illustrate the concept)
- L23-25. Molecular basis of stem cell renewal and differentiation, Metaplasia and transdifferentiation. Molecular basis of pluripotency and stem cell niche and reprogramming.
- L26-27 Student Seminar
- L28-31. Reversing differentiation by reprogramming: (i) Developmental reprogramming, regeneration "Young all the Time!"; Planaria, Hydra, earthworm. Induced pluripotent Stem cells (iPSCs).
- L32-35. Overview of tools for stem cell research: Isolation & characterizations, markers & their identification, growth factor requirements and their maintenance in culture. Cell cycle regulators in stem cells
- **L36-38.** Ethical issues related to stem cell research; Ethics in use of stem cell, regulatory bodies for use of material for human need, commercial developments and stem cell based products, bio-vigilance, Stem cell regulatory aspects in international and Indian context.
- L39- 42. Bench to Bedside using naturally occurring stem cells and induced pluripotent stem cells Discuss research papers on the advancements in the field
- L43- 60: Group discussion on Topics discussed and Paper presentation by students

Suggested Readings

- 1. David Warburton, Stem Cells, Tissue Engineering and Regenerative Medicine, 2015, World Scientific.
- 2. Sell Stewart, Stem Cell Handbook, 2013, Humana Press.
- 3. R. Lanza, I. Weissman, J. Thomson, and R. Pedersen, Handbook of Stem Cells, Volume 1-2: 2012, Academic Press.

4. R. Lanza, J. Gearhart et al (Ed), Essential of Stem Cell Biology, 2009, Elsevier Academic press.

- 5. A. Naggy, N. Habib, M.Y. Levicar, L.G. Jiao and N. Fisk: Stem Cell Repair and Regeneration. Volume-2, 2007, Imperial College Press.
- 6. R. Lanza and I. Klimanskaya, Essential Stem Cells Methods. (2009), Academic Press.
- 7. Developmental biology by Scott F. Gillbert; Ed.10th ; Sinauer Associates; 2013

MEDICAL BACTERIOLOGY AND PARASITOLOGY MBSEC-403

Marks: 100 marks (4 credits)

Duration: 60 Hrs.

Course Objectives:

The course starts by recapitulating the various concepts of bacteriology and parasitology taught in Medical Microbiology in I semester. The course builds on the concepts learnt in the previous course and a detailed program on various aspects of bacterial and parasitic infections will be covered. Articles published in various peer- reviewed journals related to Bacteriology and Parasitology will be referred to. The course will be taught in an interactive manner with lectures, seminars debates on selected topics.

Course learning outcome

At the end of the course the students will have:

- 1. A detailed knowledge of various virulence determinants of different infections and the commonality and specificity pertaining to each infection.
- 2. Appreciated the regulation of expression of various virulence factors and their role in pathogenicity and establishment of successful infections
- 3. Knowledge on the global and Indian prevalence of each pathogen and seasonal patterns.
- 4. Knowledge of diagnosis of different infections by various tools and techniques.
- 5. Knowledge of the immune responses and current vaccines and those under development to various infections.
- 6. Knowledge on the mechanisms of drug resistance and methods to overcome these. Alternate approaches to treating drug resistant infections.
- 7. Thus, after finishing the course a student is well trained in all the aspects of Bacteriology and Parasitology.
- 8. In combination with Medical Microbiology in the I semester and Medical Virology and Mycology in the III semester, a student will have complete understanding of Microbiology as a whole

Contents

Unit I: Bacteriology Introduction

L1–L3: Overview of the history, nomenclature and classification based on morphology, scientific classification, Gram staining, 16s rRNA sequencing of Respiratory (Diphtheria, TB, Streptococcus, Staphylococcus, Bordetella, Klebsiella and Urino-Genital (E. coli sp) infections; Gastro-Intestinal Tract (Salmonella, Vibrio Cholera etc.) and blood (Sepsis) infections; Central Nervous System (Meningitis).

Unit II: Virulence determinants and their regulation

- L4 L5: Virulence factors: cell wall, exotoxins, endotoxins, toxin-anti-toxin systems, adhesions, invasion, intracellular and extracellular lifestyles.
- L6 L7: Regulation of virulence factors, sigma factors, two-component systems, quorum sensing of the virulence factors. Type I-IV secretion systems and their regulation.

Unit III: Epidemiology and Modes of Infection and Diagnosis

- L8 L9: Epidemiology; prevalence and distribution of various bacterial infections. Tools to study epidemiological data and their analyses.
- L10 L11: Modes of infection and sustenance of different bacterial and infections of the human body.
- L12 L13: The conventional and current methods of diagnosis of various infections along with the limitations. Alternative tools and technologies of diagnosis.

Unit IV: Therapeutics, Immunity and Drug Resistance

- L14 L16: The mechanisms of antibiotic resistance in Respiratory, Urinogenital and blood, GI-Tract and CNS infections.
- L17 L19: Role of innate and adaptive immunity in bacterial infections.
- L20 L21: Treatment of various infections. New therapeutic regimes and strategies to combat infections. Focus on host-mediated therapeutics and drug repurposing.

Unit V: Parasitology

- L22: **Overview of apicomplexan parasites**: Babesia, Plasmodium sp., Current drug and vaccine targets for malaria infections,
- L23: Modern strategies to block malaria parasite escape and entry, L24: Current trends in mosquito vector control

Unit VI: Pathophysiology of protozoan parasites:

- L25. Pathophysiology of plasmodium and its regulation
- L26. Pathophysiology of Leishmania,
- L27. Toxoplasma, Placental invasion and congenital transmission
- L28: Trypanosoma, Placental invasion and congenital transmission.

Unit VII: Pathophysiology of Re-emerging protozoan infections

- L29: Cryptosporidiosis,
- L30: Pneumocystis carinii infections,
- L31: Babesisosis, Amoebiasis
- L32: Trichomoniasis
- L33 L37: **Epidemiology, lifecycles,** Pathophysiology, diagnostics and therapeutics of Nematode infections : Intestinal, blood and tissue nematodes
- L38 L41: Epidemiology, lifecycles, Pathophysiology, diagnostics and therapeutics of key trematode infections
- L42 L45: Epidemiology, lifecycles, Pathophysiology, diagnostics and therapeutics of Cestode infections
- L46: Gut protozoa: Friends or Foes to human gut microbiota: **debate topic** The importance of gut microbiota on human health has sparked interest in study of factors that shape the composition and diversity. Despite the growing evidence suggesting that helminthes and protozoans interact with gut bacteria, microbiome studies still focus on prokaryotes.
- L47: Human interventions: Driving force for insect vector evolution: **Debate topic** Widespread use of insecticides provides an opportunity to examine the adaptive responses of the target species to human interventions. Rapid evolution of anopheles mosquito represents a potential threat to any vector based malaria control strategy. The genetic, behavioral and physiological mechanisms underlying insecticide resistance will yield potential knowledge for vector borne disease control. Trends in parasitology Vol: 34 issue 2, 2018
- L48: Recent models and technologies to overcome Biological barriers to protozoan parasite control: **Debate topic**

The current strategies of malaria control program encompass the integrated vector management, new drug development and repurposing of drugs. The knowledge gained through system biology approaches for parasite, definitive (mosquito) and intermediate host (Human) as well as mechanisms involved in pathophysiology of malaria can serve the effective malaria control programs. Advances in Parasitology 2017; Trends in parasitology issue 4, 2014; Acta tropica 2017

- L49: Current epidemiological evidence for predisposition to high or low intensity helminthic infections. **Debate topic**
- L50-L60: Debates/Tests/Seminars/Discussions

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Medical Microbiology Jawetz, Melnick and Adelberg (eds). 25th Edition. McGraw.
- 2. Microbiology, Prescott, Harley and Klein (eds). Seventh Edition. McGraw Hill.
- 3. Review articles will to referred to students from time to time

NEW METHODS IN ORGANIC SYNTHESIS MBSEC-404

Marks: 100 marks (4 credits)

Duration: 60 Hrs.

Course Objectives:

The course aims at understanding the methods by which chemically and biologically important molecules and macromolecules are synthesized and characterized. This course includes an overview of nucleotide synthesis, peptide synthesis alkene metatheis, green chemistry and total synthesis of pharmaceutically beneficial compounds.

Course learning outcomes

At the end of the course students will be well versed with the modern methods of organic synthesis

Contents:

Unit I: Methods in nucleotide synthesis

- L1 Advantage of chemical synthesis
- L-2 Protecting groups
- L-3-4 nucleoside3-phosphoramidates
- L-5 solid phase synthesis
- L-6 Oligonucleotide synthesis cycle
- L-7 Automated oligonucleotide synthesizer
- L-8-9 DNA microarrays
- L-10 Light directed chemical synthesis
- L-11 Microarray synthesis using micro mirrors
- L-12 Structure validation

Unit II: Methods in peptide synthesis

- L13-14 solid phase synthesis
- L15 Protecting groups/deprotection
- L-16 structure validation

Unit III: Alkene metathesis

- L-17 Mechanism
- L-18-L19 Metal carbenes
- L-20 Schrock's catalyst
- L-21 Grubb's catalyst
- L-22 Ruthenium catalysts
- L-23 Ring closing metathesis
- L-24 Cross metathesis
- L-25, L26 Polymerization
- L-27 Ring closing metathesis of small rings
- L-28 Ring closing metatheis of medium rings
- L-29,L30 Macrocyclization

Unit IV: Green chemistry

L-31 Introdu	action
L-32. L33	Atom economy
L-34 Less Hazardous synthesis	
L-35, 36	Designing safer chemicals
L-37, 38	Design for energy efficiency
L-39,40	Design for degradation
L-41-42	Relevant examples
L-43-45	Relevant examples of total synthesis
L-46-47	Tutorials/tests

L48-60 Research Paper presentation by students.

Suggested Readings:

- Protocols for oligonucleotides and Analogs : Synthesis and Properties 1993 Methods in Molecular Biology Volume 20 Ed: Sudhir Agrawal Foreword by Hargobind Khorana
- 2. Handbook of Metathesis Volume 2: Applications in Organic Synthesis Wiley VCH 2015, Author: Robert H Grubbs (Nobel Laureate)
- 3. Green Chemistry: An Inclusive Approach Elsevier 2017, Ed: Bela Torok and Timothy Dransfield
- 4. Total synthesis to be taught from relevant research articles published in Journal of Organic Chemistry

BIOINFORMATICS, COMPUTATIONAL BIOLOGY AND DRUG DESIGN MBSEC-405

Marks: 100 marks (4 credits)

Duration: 60 Hrs.

Course Objectives:

This course has been designed for the students of Biomedical Sciences and related areas who are interested to study various technologies and tools in Bioinformatics, Computational Biology and Drug Design. The course has been designed to cater needs of students working in various laboratories in the field of Biomedical sciences and the students entering into this much demanding area of research. The aim of the course is to train the students in various tools available to aid research in the area of Bioinformatics, computational Biology and drug design. The students will be given training in the theoretical aspects of these methods and practical use of the computational tools available to carry out research in Biology and Drug Design.

Course learning Outcomes

- **Biological databases, Sequence Alignment and Phylogenetic Analysis.** Student will be able to learn biological and bioinformatics databases, sequence alignments, scoring the alignment, phylogeny analysis and basics of Next Gen sequencing techniques.
- **Structural Biology:** Student will learn various aspects of Protein structure. Students will be familiarized with secondary structures elements, the visualization using various online softwares, cavity analysis, methods of protein structure determination, predicting protein secondary and tertiary structure, oligomeric proteins.
- **Systems Biology:** Student will learn basics of system biology networks, graph theory, uses etc. Topology of networks, different types of networks, computational tools for analysing networks, clustering etc,
- Molecular modelling and molecular dynamics: Student will learn how molecular modelling methods have evolved and integrate into modern, multidisciplinary structure-based design. Summarise the key concepts surrounding the potential energy surface, including methods of energy calculation and exploration, and appreciate the advantages and limitations of these methods, Describe various molecular dynamics methods.
- **Drug design using case studies** Describe computer-based 2D and 3D approaches to drug design and discovery, including functional group mapping, virtual screening, de novo design, quantitative-structure activity relationships and database analysis.
- **Structure Activity Relationships.** Compare and contrast 2D and 3D approaches QSAR and other computer-aided drug design, giving examples of their use in drug discovery projects.
Contents

Unit I: Biological databases, Sequence Alignment and Phylogenetic Analysis

- **L1.** Introduction to various databases and their classification (primary and secondary databases).
- **L2.** Local and global sequence alignments (Needleman-Wunsch and Smith-Waterman algorithms), pair-wise (BLAST and FASTA algorithms) and multiple sequence alignment (Clustal W) and its importance.
- **L3.** BLAST score, amino acid substitution, matrices, s-value and e-value, calculating the alignment score and significance of e and p value.
- **L4.** Basics and tools for phylogenetic analysis, cladistics, tree-building methods (character and distance based methods),
- L5. construction of phylogenetic trees (PHYLIP) and identifying homologs.
- L6. Basics of Next Generation Sequencing and data analysis

Unit II: Structural Biology

- L7. Folding and flexibility, Prediction, engineering and design of protein structures.
- L8. Methods to identify secondary structural elements,
- **L9.** Structure visualization using PyMol and VMD, active site determination, Cavity analysis using CASTP or ACSITE or similar tools,
- **L10.** Determination of protein structures by X-ray and NMR methods. Prediction of secondary structure- PHD and PSI-PRED methods.
- L11. Tertiary Structure: homology modeling, fold recognition and ab-initio approaches.
- L12. Structures of oligomeric proteins and study of interaction interfaces.

Unit III: Systems Biology:

- **L13.** Systems Biology Networks- basics of computer networks, Graph Theory, Biological uses and Integration.
- L14-17. Topology of biological networks: Random vs Scale-Free networks. Metabolic networks, Signal transduction networks, Gene regulatory networks. Databases on metabolic & signaling pathways.
- **L18.** Introduction to computational tools for analysis (Network analysis & clustering) of high throughput data from genomics (NGS), transcriptomics (Microarray/RNASeq), proteomics & metabolomics.
- **L19 20.** Creating networks and analysis, Cytoscape and Pajek, STRING, KEGGS and other annotation tools.

Unit IV: Molecular Modeling and Molecular Dynamics

L 21-24. Molecular Mechanics:

Introduction, The Morse Potential, The Harmonic Oscillator Model for Molecules, Comparison of Morse and Harmonic Potential, Types of Force Fields: AMBER, CHARMM, Merck Molecular Force Field, Consistent Force Field, MM2, MM3 and MM4 force fields.

L 25-28. Potential Energy Surface

Convergence Criteria, Characterizing Stationary Points, Search for Transition States. Optimization- multivariable Optimization Algorithms, level Sets, Level Curves, Gradients, Optimization Criteria, Unidirectional Search, Finding Minimum Point, Gradient based Methods-Steepest Descent and Conjugate Gradient Methods

L29 – 35. Molecular Dynamics Simulation:

Introduction, Radial distribution functions, Pair Correlation function, Newtonian dynamics, Integrators- Leapfrog and Verlet algorithm, Potential truncation and shifted-force potentials, Implicit and explicit Solvation models, Periodic boundary conditions, Temperature and pressure control in molecular dynamics simulations

Unit V: Drug design using case studies

- **L 36.** Drug discovery process. Target identification and validation, lead optimization and validation.
- L37–40. Methods and Tools in Computer-aided molecular Design, Analog Based drug design- Pharmacophores (3D database searching, conformation searches, deriving and using 3D Pharmacophore, constrained systematic search, Genetic Algorithm, clique detection techniques, maximum likelihood method)
- L41–43. Structure based drug design- Docking, De Novo Drug Design (Fragment Placements, Connection Methods, Sequential Grow), Virtual screening.

Unit VI: Structure Activity Relationship:

- **L44.** Introduction to QSAR, QSPR, Various Descriptors used in QSARs: Electronics; Topology; Quantum Chemical based Descriptors.
- L45-47. Regression Analysis, The Significance and Validity of QSAR Regression Equations, Partial Least Squares (PLS) Analysis, Multi Linear Regression Analysis.
- **L48.** Use of Genetic Algorithms, Neural Networks and Principle Components Analysis in the QSAR equations.

L50-60 Student presentations, Seminar/tests/discussions

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Protein structure, stability and folding Ed KP. Murphy, Humana press. 2001.
- 2. Bioinformatics: Sequence and Genome analysis, 2nd edition (2004), David W. Mount, Cold Spring Harbour Laboratory Press. ISBN-13: 978-0879697129.
- Bioinformatics: A practical guide to the analysis of genes and proteins, 3rd edition (2004), Andreas D. Baxevanis and B.F. Francis Ouellette, John Wiley and Sons. ISBN-13: 978-0471478782.
- 4. Systems Biology: Definitions and perspectives by L.Alberghina H.V.westerhoff, Springer. 2005
- 5. The Process of New Drug Discovery and Development, 2nd edition (2006), C.G. Smith and J.T. O'Donnell, Informa Healthcare, ISBN-13: 978-0849327797.
- 6. Cheminformatics: A textbook (2004), J. Gasteiger, Thomas Engel; Wiley-VCH. ISBN: 9783527618279.
- 7. Molecular modeling Principles and Applications, 2nd edition (2003), A. R. Leach, Pearson Education Limited, UK. ISBN 13: 9780582382107.
- 8. Cheminformatics in Drug Discovery (2006), edited by. T.I. Opera; Wiley Publishers, ISBN: 9783527604203.
- 9. Molecular dynamics simulation: elementary methods (1997), J. M. Haile, Wiley-Interscience, New York. ISBN-13: 978-0471184393.
- 10. Molecular Modelling for Beginners, (2nd Edition) by Alan Hinchliffe, John Wiley & Sons Ltd. Edn, 2nd, 2008

GENOME BIOLOGY MBSEC-406

Marks: 100 marks (4 credits)

Duration: 60 Hrs.

Course Objectives:

This course would be offered as an optional course in the IV semester for M.Sc. Biomedical Sciences. Students have a background in basic genetics and molecular biology. The course is meant to communicate the excitement in modern biology attributable principally to the tools for whole genome analysis and the genome sequencing that has come about over the last ten years or so. It is well known from the beginning that biological systems are amazing network of interacting molecules, macro and micro, but till recently it did not appear tractable for experimentation and analysis. But there are a faint signs of this comprehensive understanding due to the various technological advances, including the birth of "Systems Biology". But so far the science of Genome biology is in a phase of amassing large body of data using high-throughput techniques at DNA, RNA and protein level. Along with high end computing this knowledge should logically pave way to integration and hence to understand biological systems comprehensively. The Genome Biology course is an attempt to induce the curiosity of the students to venture in to these areas in their future research endeavours.

Course learning outcomes

At the end of the course the students are expected to develop an appreciation for the groundwork carried out in genome research so far, relate to how it has been built on the numerous genetic studies carried out over decades on several model organisms that continue to contribute to the understanding of relationship between genotype and phenotype. The time is poised for understanding human as a model organism.

- The students will be able to understand the complexity of genetic inheritance in humans, beyond Mendelian genetics.
- The dependence of human genetics on statistical analysis. They will be familiar with the statistical tools used in genomic data analysis, linkage analysis by LOD score, association studies.
- They will know the methods used for whole genome analysis and their applications
- The will be able to use various databases containing annotation, experimental data from NGS, RNA seq and microarray and ENCODE.
- The students will be trained to read and critically evaluate research papers from journals.

Unit I: L1: Introduction:

Overview of genomics. To highlight how biology is a network of interactions direct and indirect. What is the difference between genetics and genome biology? The transition from reductionist to comprehensive approach in understanding biological systems.

Unit II: L2-L4: Human genetics in pre-genomic era: Pedigree Analysis and deviations from basic pedigree patterns:

- 1. Pedigree analysis and its relevance;
- 2. Deviations from the basic pedigree patterns- non-penetrance, variable expressivity, pleiotropy, late onset, dominance problems, anticipation, genetic heterogeneity,
- 3. Recapitulation of Genomic imprinting and Uniparental disomy and its implication on genetic diseases, X-inactivation and its consequence on genetic disease inheritance.
- 4. Introduction to OMIM and its utilization.

Unit III: L5 & L6: Human Genome Project:

- 5. History, organization and goals of human genome project; Genetic and Physical map
- 6. Overview of outcomes of the project and ethical issues.

Unit III: L7-L10: Whole genome mapping strategies I: Constructing Genetic maps at whole genome level.

- 7. Markers for genetic maps/meiotic maps
- 8. Linkage analysis in humans: LOD score based
- 9. Genotypic and Allelic frequencies.
- 10. Polymorphism screening (Genotyping of SNPs and Microsatellite markers)
- 11. Haplotype construction (two loci using SNPs and/or microsatellites)
- 12. Genetic maps; Marshfield and DeCode maps.

Unit IV: L11-12: Web based data analysis

- L13-17: Whole genome mapping strategies I: Constructing Physical maps at whole genome level.
- 13. Different types of Physical mapping: Restriction maps and cytogenetic maps
- 14. Radiation Hybrids in mapping.
- 15. Tools (Vectors- BAC, PAC, YAC and sequencing techniques) and approaches (Hierarchical and Shotgun sequencing)
- 16. Visualizing genome maps using databases: UCSC and related browsers
- 17. Population polymorphism: 1000 genome project and its outcome

Unit V: L18-20: Organisation of the Human Genome:

- 18. General features: Gene density, CpG islands, RNA-encoding genes,
- 19. Gene clusters, Diversity in size and organization of genes
- 20. Pseudogenes, repetitive DNA.

Unit VI: L21-25: Functional Genomics I:

- 21. Identification of the genetic basis of diseases.
- 22. Top-down and Bottom- up approaches
- 23. Positional and Candidate Gene approaches, Positional- cloning approach Examples- HD, CFTR.
- 24. Methods for whole genome expression analysis and proteome analysis.
- 25. Exome sequencing: methodology and one example of its application.

Unit VII: L 26-28: Functional Genomics II:

- 26. Manipulation of the unborn: Generation of transgenic animals: random integration, Knock-outs, Cre-lox for tissue specific and stage specific knock outs and knock-in models
- 27. Genome editing techniques: Zinc finger nuclease, TALENS and CRISPR-Cas system.
- 28. Generating disease models using different tools.

L29- 31: Student seminar: Research paper presentation

L32-33: The ENCODE project and Epigenome analysis:

- 32. Phase I and Phase II ENCODE project: Theme, Tools and outcome.
- 33. Epigenome analysis in health and disease
- 34. Long-range interaction in genome architecture and their significance.

L35-38: Genomics of model organisms and comparative genome analysis.

- 35. C.elegans
- 36. Drosophila melanogaster
- 37. Zebrafish
- 38. Mouse.

L39: Student Seminar (One disease model/fundamental discovery from each model system)

L 40- 41: Introduction to microbiomics:

- 40. Microbiome analysis
- 41. Microbiome as a modifier of disease phenotype, with one example.

L42-44: Ayurgenomics:

Introduction to endophenotyping methods of individuals based on Ayurvedic principles and exploring correlation of such classification with genomics. [This does not deal with Ayurvedic medicines/mechanism of their action].

L45-48; Implications of Genome Research:

- a. Pharmacogenomics (Genetic polymorphism in drug metabolism genes e.g. CytP450 and GST and their effect on drug metabolism and drug response)
- b. Diagnosis and screening of Genetic Disorders.
- c. Implication of genomics on prenatal diagnosis of genetic diseases.

L49-60: Student Seminar

	Authors	Title	Publisher and Edition	
1		Human Molecular		
	Strachan & Read	Genetics	John Wiley & Sons ; 4 th Edition, 2010	
2	Cantor and Smith	Genomics	John Wiley & Sons; Series	
3		Genetics: From genes to		
	Hartwell et. al.	genomes	McGraw Hill; 6 th Edition 2017	
4			Sinauer Associa	ates/Rastogi Publications;
	Mange & Mange	Basic Human Genetics	2 nd Edition	
5		Molecular and Genetic		
		Analysis of Human		
	Maroni	Traits	Blackwell Publishers;1 st Edition 2005	
6	Nussbaum <i>et al</i>	Genetics in Medicine	Elsevier Publ ; 8 th Edition, 2016	
	Reference book			
8	M.R. Speicher, S.E.			
	Antonarakis	Vogel & Motulsky's Human Genetics:		4th Edition Springer
	A.G. Motulsky	Problems and Approaches	S	Verlag;2010
9	Original research papers and reviews			

ADVANCED IMMUNOLOGY

MBSEC-407

Marks: 100 marks (4 credits)

Duration: 60 Hrs.

Course Objectives:

The course on Advanced Immunology is offered as an Elective paper in the IV semester that builds on the basics taught in the Immunology (MBS204) paper in the II semester. The course begins with a recap on the basics of immunology and immune responses. Emphasis is laid on the recent advances in each aspect of immunology by constant references to peer reviewed papers published in high impact factor journals. Further, eminent scientists working in leading institutes like NII, ICGEB and AIIMS are invited to give lectures on certain topics that have been already covered by teachers.

Course learning Outcome

At the end of the course the student will have:

- A detailed knowledge of T cell differentiation, activation and regulation.
- Appreciated the difference between systemic and mucosal immune responses.
- The ability to design experiments critically following the experience they have gained via presenting papers in seminars.
- Knowledge of the nuances of immune responses to various infections and the qualitative and quantum roles of inter-cellular and intracellular molecules.
- Understanding on the reasons of weaker immunity displayed by aged individuals compared with young individuals to newer and older infections.
- Thus, after finishing the course a student is well trained in all the aspects of immunology and how the body reacts and responds to invading pathogens and other antigenic stimulations.

Contents

Unit I. Introduction and Recap of Basic Immunology

- L1: Introduction to the Immune system
- L2: Adaptive and innate immunity: regulation by Immunoglobulin gene expression, Immunoglobulin loci, TLRs, complement, diversity via gene translocation at Ig loci
- L3: Factors regulating immune effector functions
- L4: Structure, Function & Antigen processing on MHC class I and MHC class II, factors governing peptide binding, loading and presentation to T cells
- L5: Pathogen Interface with Antigen Presentation

Unit II. T Cell Differentiation, Activation and Functions

- L6: Differentiation of T cells: TCR gene recombination, regulation and function therein. Positive and Negative selection of T cells
- L7: Factors regulating T cell diversity and cross-reactivity
- L8: T cell migration and turnover
- L9: Role of costimulatory molecules in T cell selection
- L10: T cell functions during various immune responses
- L11: Signaling from innate, B cell and T cell receptors: avidity vs affinity of the interactions
- L12: T cell response generation and magnitude of the immune response
- L13: Heterogeneity in CD4 and CD8 T cell population. CD4 T cell subsets and functions. TH1/TH2/TH9/TH17/Tfh subsets and functions in immunity and disease
- L14: Hybridoma vs T cell clones vs transgenic vs Knockout mice: applications thereof.
- L15: Regulatory T cells and fine-tuning of immune response L16: Solutions and compromises of studying T cells response L17: T cell memory and short-term and long-term immunity

Unit III: B Lymphocyte Differentiation, Activation and Functions

- L18: Differentiation of B lymphocytes
- L19: Activation of B cells by Antigens and modulations by costimulations
- L20: Memory B cell responses, turnover and regulation

Unit IV. APC-T Cell Interactions via Costimulation and Immune Synapse

- L21: Costimulatory networks in immune response building and maintenance
- L22: Positive and negative costimulation by various molecules during building up, maintenance and termination of immune response

L23: Immune synapse and regulation of immune response to pathogens

Unit V. Mucosal Immunity and Allergy

- L24: Introduction to Mucosal immunity vis-à-vis systemic immunity
- L25: Intrinsic and extrinsic factors affecting immunity at mucosal surfaces
- L26: Exploitation of gaps and weaknesses in the mucosal immunity by pathogens
- L27: Mucosal vaccines and diseases
- L28: Allergy and hypersensitivity reactions during an immune response
- L29: Striking a balance between immunity to infections and allergy

Unit VI. Immunity to pathogens

- L30: Immunity to Mycobacterium
- L31: Immunity to Streptococcus pneumoniae and pneumonia vaccines
- L32: Immunity to HIV: Pitfalls of immune-deficiency
- L33: Immunity to Salmonella: Current trends and future perspectives

Unit VII. Regulation and Deregulation of Immune Responses

- L34: Systemic and organs specific Autoimmunity
- L35: microRNAs in regulating immune responses and protozoan immunity
- L36: Aging and Immunity and Immune-senescence
- L37: Role of Autophagy in mediating immune responses

Unit VIII. Transplantation and Tumor Immunology

L38: Transplantation immunology and MHC restriction L39: Immunity to cancers/tumors vs long-term persistent infections: similarities and differences

Unit IX. Immuno-Therapeutics and Vaccines

L40: Alternative approaches to chemotherapy vis immune-therapeutics and tweaking of the immune system.

L41: Vaccines: short-term and long-term protection: inbuilt mechanisms of innate and adaptive memory.

Unit X. Organogenesis and Lymphoid Development

- L42: Organogenesis of secondary lymphoid organs: Overview of the immune system, localization of the lymphoid organs in the body, mouse and human.
- L43: The gross anatomy and functional relevance of lymphoid organs.
- L44: Review of Timeline based experiments (literature) of development of Peyer's patches.
- L45: Review of Timeline based experiments(literature) of development of lymph nodes.
- L46: Literature review of Early and late patterning of lymphoid genes
- L47: Lymphotoxin signalling and secondary lymphoid organ development analysis of NALT, MALT, Peyer's patches and lymph node.

L48-L60: Seminars/Tests/Discussions

Suggested Readings

- 1. *Fundamental Immunology* William Paul (Ed) 2017. Lippincott Williams & Wilkins.
- Various review/articles will be referred to students from time to time. Names of few Journals include: Nature Reviews Immunology, Nature Medicine, Nature Immunology, Immunity, Cell Host and Microbe, PLoS Pathogens, PLoS One, Journal of Experimental Medicine, Journal of Immunology, Infection and Immunity, Journal of Infectious Diseases, Journal of Infection

ADVANCED CONCEPTS IN MEDICINAL CHEMISTRY MBSEC-408

Marks: 100 marks (4 credits)

Duration: 60 Hrs.

Course Objectives:

This course has been designed for students with background in basic principles in Medicinal Chemistry. The topics covered in the course starts with advanced topics in receptor chemistry and biology, Students will be taught drugs acting through novel targets in various diseases. The Biopharmaceutical agents and their mode of action will also be discussed with examples. Novel metal-based agents will be discussed and new methods of combinatorial synthesis with case studies are covered in detail. The course will cater to needs of students entering in the field of drug discovery and development.

Course learning outcomes:

- Students will be able to understand how receptors function, their chemistry and how understanding of the mechanism can be utilized for drug development.
- They will be able to learn novel drug targets emerging over last one decade in various diseases. They will learn discovery of drugs against these targets from bench to bedside.
- The students will also gain knowledge about the emerging metal complexes and Biopharmaceutical agents and their development.
- They will learn new methods of optimization of lead compounds through combinatorial library development
- They will also learn about the basic concepts of personalized drug development.
- Students will be encouraged to present latest research papers in the field of drug discovery and development.

Contents

Unit I: Receptor Chemistry and Biology:

- L1. Chemistry of membrane and intracellular receptors;
- L2. Isolation and characterization of receptors;
- L3. Regulation of receptor number and affinity; Receptor cross-talk;
- L4. Organ Receptors; Non-liganded and constitutive receptor activation;
- L5. r -DNA receptor bioassays;
- L6. Desensitization of receptors;
- L7. Receptors as targets for vaccines and

L8. Receptors for newer drug development.

Unit II: Drugs acting on Novel Targets (examples from past one decade or so)

- L9. β -tubulin inhibitors and their mechanism.
- L10. Kinase inhibitors e.g. AKt inhibitors, discovery of gleevac etc.
- L11. HIV inhibitors: integrase inhibitors,
- L12. CCR5 inhibitors
- L13. New drugs developed for tuberculosis (e.g maraviroc) and other infectious diseases.
- L14. Continued
- L15. New drugs developed for cardiovascular disease Cholesterol, absorption inhibitors e. g. ezetimibe,
- L16. glycoprotein inhibitor e.g. abciximab,
- L17. Renin inhibitors e.g. aliskerin

Unit III: Metal Complexes in Medicine

- L18. Chemistry of Metal Species,
- L19. Biochemistry of metals,
- L20. Structure Activity Relationship.
- L21. Complexes in Clinical Trial.
- L22. Metal containing imaging agents

Unit IV: Role of Biotechnology in Drug Discovery

- L23. The impact of biotechnology on small-molecular drug discovery and development.
- L24. Examples of approved biotechnology based drugs: Monoclonal antibodies,
- L25. Interferon alpha, Interferon beta, Interferon gamma, Inter leukins,
- L26. Growth hormones,
- L27. Antisense nucleotides,
- L28. Newer developments in the field of Biopharmaceuticals
- L29. Use of Transgenic animal models for drug evaluation

Unit V: Combinatorial Drug Synthesis:

- L30. Combinatorial Chemistry: Methods of solid Phase synthesis- tBoc, fMoc, orthogonal strategies
- L31. General Methods of combinatorial Synthesis, Premixed, mixed methods
- L32. Methods of synthesis continued , discuss examples from latest literature
- L33. Techniques used in Parallel synthesis (tea bag method)
- L34. Pin method, generation of a Combinatorial Library.

- L35. Photolithgraphic methods
- L36. Methods of deconvolution of synthetic libraries,
- L37. Methods of deconvolution of synthetic libraries continued
- L38. methods of identifications of chemical libraries.
- L39. Discuss application of combinatorial synthesis in drug development.

Unit VI: Personalised Drug Development-

- L40. Basics of Pharmacogenetics & Pharmacogenomics
- L41. Pharmacogenetics: Population variation in drug metabolism; genetic variability;
- L42. polymorphism relating to receptors and genes in drug metabolism;
- L43. molecular markers and Single nucleotide polymorphism as markers for emerging concepts in pharmacogenetics.
- L44. Ayurgenomics

L45-60 Students' Seminar/tests/discussions

Suggested Readings:

- 1 An Introduction to medicinal chemistry by Graham L. Patrick, 6th Edn., Oxford University Press, 2017
- 2 Introduction to Medicinal Chemistry: How drugs act and why by Alex Gningauz and Bruce S. Burnham and Iris H. Hall; Ed. 2nd; Wiley-Interscience; 2007.
- 3 Organic chemistry of drug design and drug action by Richard B. Silverman; Ed. 3rd; ELSEVIER; 2014.
- 4 Textbook of drug design and discovery by Povl Krogsgaard-Larsen and Kristian Stromgaard and Ulf Madsen; Ed. 5th; CRC; 2016.
- 5 Biopharmaceuticals: Biochemistry and Biotechnology by Gary Walsh; Ed. 2nd;Wiley; 2013.
- Combinatorial chemistry and molecular diversity in drug discovery by Eric M. Gorden and James F. Kerwin; Wiley-Liss; 1998.
 Molecular diversity and combinatorial chemistry: principles and applications by Michael C. Pirrung; ELSEVIER; 2004

CLINICAL PATHOPHYSIOLOGY MBSEC-409

Marks: 100 marks (4 credits)

Duration: 60 Hrs.

Course Objectives:

Throughout the evolution of life almost all the living organism have succumbed to myriads of illness but with the advancement in science and technology human have come to understand and treat many of such dreadful diseases. This course is designed for the postgraduate students with foundation knowledge of human physiology to appreciate and understand the various aspects of the disease and enabling them to correlate with the normal physiology.

Course learning outcome

This course is an elective course offered in fourth semester which prerequisite human physiology I & II. After completing this course the students will be able to:

- Effectively communicate case studies in pathophysiology through verbal, written and multimedia means.
- Read, understand, and critically evaluate medical journals, health articles, and other forms of data related to pathophysiology.
- Understand the basic laboratory tests and other diagnostic procedures.
- Understand how the various organ systems are interrelated, and use this understanding to promote a holistic approach towards the identification of medical emergencies.
- Create awareness about healthy practices and support the treatment regime of patients at home and community.

Contents

Unit I: General patient assessment

- **L1:** General principles of history taking, General patient examination and differential diagnosis
- L2: Assessment in Women, Children and adolescents, Older people, Psychiatric assessment, Patients presenting as emergencies, Patients in pain.

Tutorial: Group discussion, Student seminar and test

Unit II: Methods for patient assessment

- **L3-4:** Body temperature, pulse, blood pressure, blood profiles, disease specific blood test, urine test sputum, stool test, precaution for the retrieval of various biological samples from the patients,
- **L5-6:** Radiology Test, their Application and Precautions to use (X-ray, CT-scan, PET scan, MRI)

Tutorial: Group discussion, Student seminar and test

All the system specific diseases should cover following aspects: prevalence, significance, pathology/etiology, clinical manifestation, disease management/ treatment strategy

Unit III: Genetic Diseases

L7: Pathophysiological aspects of Genetic Disease, Mutation Rate & the Prevalence of Genetic Disease,
L8-9: Pathophysiology of Selected Genetic Diseases
Tutorial: Group discussion, Student seminar and test

Unit IV: Pulmonary disorder

L10-11: Obstructive Lung Diseases: Asthma, Chronic Bronchitis & Emphysema

L12-13-: Restrictive Lung Disease: Idiopathic Pulmonary Fibrosis, Pulmonary Edema, pulmonary embolism,Tutorial: Group discussion, Student seminar and test

Unit V: Cardiovascular Disorders

L14-16: Heart Disease: Heart failure, Arrhythmias, Valvular Heart Disease, Coronary Artery Disease, Pericardial Disease

L17-19: Vascular Disease: Atherosclerosis, Hypertension, Shock,

L20-22: Blood Disorders: Blood cell disorders: red and white blood cell disorder, platelets disorders, coagulation disorder.

Tutorial: Group discussion, Student seminar and test

Unit VI: Nervous System Disorders with case studies

- L23-25: Mood Disorders: bipolar disorder, depression, Seasonal affective disorder (SAD), obsessive compulsive disorder
- L26-28: Anxiety disorder: Generalized anxiety disorder (GAD), panic disorder

- L29-31: Trauma Disorders: Post-traumatic stress disorder (PTSD), Reactive Attachment Disorder, Disinhibited Social Engagement Disorder, Acute Stress Disorder, Adjustment Disorders, Dissociative identity disorder
- L32: Schizophrenia: Signs and Symptoms, risk factor, therapies
- L33-34: Disorders of Impulse Control: Pathological Gambling, Kleptomania, Pyromania, Trichotillomania, Intermittent Explosive Disorder, Compulsive Sexuality
- L35-37: Neurodegenerative disorder: Parkinson's disease and Alzheimer's disease, Huntington disease, Multiple Sclerosis & Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis

L38-39: Substance Abuse: General Mechanisms, alcohol, nicotine and synthetic drugs **Tutorial:** Group discussion, Student seminar and test

Unit VII: Endocrinal Disorders

L40-41: Pheochromocytoma, Parathyroid, Thymus, Adrenal Gland
L42-43:Ovaries and Testis,
L44-45: Disorders of Thyroid
L46-47: Pituaitary Gland,
Tutorial: Group discussion, Student seminar and test

Unit VIII: Gastrointestinal Disease

- L48-49: Disorders of Motility: Esophageal Achalasia, Reflux Esophagitis, Gastric Ulcer, Gastroparesis,
- L50-51: Disorders of Secretion: Cholelithiasis, Inflammatory Bowel Disease, Liver Diseases:

Fatty Liver, Pancreatic Diseases, Diabetes

L52-53: Disorders of Digestion & Absorption, GI Manifestations of Systemic Disease, Tutorial: Group discussion, Student seminar and test

Unit IX: Renal Diseases

L54: Acute Kidney Injury, Chronic Kidney Disease,L55: Glomerulonephritis & Nephrotic Syndrome, Renal StonesTutorial: Group discussion, Student seminar and test

Unit X: Disorders of Reproductive Tract

- L56-57: Female: Disorders of the Ovary, Disorders of the Uterus, Fallopian Tubes, & Vagina, Disorders of Pregnancy, Disorders of the Breast, Disorders Of Sexual Development
- **L58-59: Male:** Male Infertility, Penile Erectile Dysfunction, Prostate Gland Hyperplasia, Disorders of Sexual Development
- Tutorial: Group discussion, Student seminar and test

Suggested Readings

- 1. Pathophysiology of Disease: An Introduction to Clinical Medicine by Gary D. Hammer, 7th Edition. Lange Medical Books, 2014.
- 2. Understanding Pathophysiology by Sue E. Huether RN, 6th edition, Elsevier, 2017.
- 3. Essential of Pathophysiology: Concepts of Altered State by Carol Mattson Porth, Glenn Matfin, Lippincott Williams and Wilkins, 2014.
- 4. Pathophysiology: The Biologic Basis for Disease in Adults and Children by Kathryn L. McCance, 7th Edition, 2015

ADVANCED TOXICOLOGY MBSEC-410

Marks: 100 marks (4 credits)

Duration: 60 Hrs.

Course Objectives:

Understanding about the basic toxicological principles, adverse drug reaction and therapeutic drug monitoring, risk assessment/safety assessment, metabolism for inducing toxicity and different mechanisms for drug, toxicological substances, heavy metal and pesticide. The student is expected to own such knowledge and skills on completion of the course that she/he in an independent way can process and present different problems within the subject area.

Course learning outcomes

- After completion of the course students will be able to develop the awareness of general principles of environmental, occupational toxicology including toxicovigilance; demonstrate in-depth knowledge of the interaction between exposure to exogenous chemicals and toxic effects in humans.
- Students will be able to demonstrate a good ability to independently find, summarize and assess scientific information within the field of toxicology, and to be able to use this information in other problems and in assessing the health risks of chemical substances.
- Students develop awareness about adverse drug reactions, therapeutic drug monitoring and Forensic Toxicology.

Unit I: ADVERSE DRUG REACTION AND THERAPEUTIC DRUG MONITORING

- L1-L4: Classifications, adverse interactions, and pharmacokinetic drug interactions, spontaneous case reports, and Adverse drug reaction reporting and management; human risk assessment, Toxicological database. Need for Therapeutic Drug Monitoring, factors to be considered during the Therapeutic Drug Monitoring. Adverse drug reactions and therapeutic drug monitoring.
- **L5:** General concepts of Toxicovigilance, National poison information centres and poisoning management.
- **L6**: Concepts of Toxicogenomics and personalized medicine

L7-8: TUTORIALS

Unit II: TOXICOLOGY OF HEAVY METALS

- **L9-L13**: Source, exposure, absorption, target site interactions and health hazards of Metallic Pollutants Mercury, lead, arsenic, cadmium, Chromium.
- L14-L15: Mechanisms of heavy metal toxicity- Induction of metallothionein, heat shock proteins, cytoskeletal effects, lipid peroxidation, Metal protein interaction, metal nucleic acid interactions.
- L16: Source, exposure, absorption, target site interactions and health hazards of Fluoride.
- L17-L18: Source, exposure, absorption, target site interactions and health hazards of trace elements- Iodine, iron, zinc, copper, manganese, selenium, molybdenum, and cobalt.
- L19: Eco-toxicology of heavy metals- Case studies of Lead, arsenic, mercury and cadmium.

L20-L21: TUTORIALS

Unit III: TOXICOLOGY OF PESTICIDES

- L22-L23: Pesticides: Brief classification with examples, residual and non-residual pesticides. Mode of entry and mode of action of pesticides in target and non-target organisms.
- L24-L25: Ecotoxicology: Impact of pesticides residues on ecosystems, non-target organisms; Pesticide bioaccoumlation, biomagnification through food chain
- **L26-L27:** Environmental alteration of pesticides microbial and solar, fate and dissipation of pesticides residue under tropical and temperature conditions.
- L28-L29: Pesticide hazards to man Accidental and occupational exposure, entry through air, food and water, Residue levels in man: Indian experience Vs developed countries; Residues in tissues and organs distribution and redistribution; Pregnancy and transfer to fetus.
- **L30:** Environmental problems by organochlorine pesticides- Case studies of DDT, endosulphan, benzene hexachloride (Lindane).
- **L31**: Environmental problems by organophosphate pesticides- Case studies of parathion, and malathion.
- L32: Toxicity of pesticides in man- Case studies, Handigodu syndrome, Benzene Hexachloride poisoning in Turkey, and endosulphan toxicity in Kerala.

L33-L34: TUTORIAL

Unit IV: APPLIED TOXICOLOGY

- **L35-L36:** Cosmetic toxicology (General overview): Toxicity of shampoos, conditioners, bleachers, dyes, allergic and respiratory disorders.
- **L37-L38:** Forensic toxicology (General overview): Specimen sample collection, types of testing, detection of poisons, applications of forensic toxicology

L39-L40: Toxicology of chemical warfare agents-(General overview): Chemical weapons, mustard gas, lewisite, nerve agents, hydrogen cyanide, management of chemical warfare agents.

L41: A brief review of Radioactive hazard LL42: TUTORIAL

Unit V: OCCUPATIONAL AND INDUSTRIAL TOXICOLOGY

- L43-L44: Brief review of Occupational hazards and diseases- Pneumoconiosis, silicosis, asbestosis, anthracosis, byssinosis, bagassosis, Farmers' lung, Skin cancer, Lung cancer, Bladder cancer, Leukemia.
- L45: Industrial toxicology- History and basic features, Industrial hygiene, Risk assessment Risk assessment for industrial chemicals in EU, OECD and USA.
- L46: Concepts of Industrial hygiene, Threshold Limit Value and Occupational Safety Health Administration etc.

L47: Preventive toxicology- Bioremediation and Toxic site reclamation

L48: TUTORIALS

Unit VI: TOXICOKINETICS AND MOLECULAR MECHANISMS OF TOXICITY

- **L49-L50**: Toxicokinetics: Absorption, Distribution, and Excretion of xenobiotics; metabolism of pesticides, phase I and phase II reaction, elimination.
- L51-L53: Molecular Mechanisms of toxicity– Reaction of toxicants with target molecules, Toxicological consequences of oxidative stress, Oxidative stress and protein, DNA and lipid damage, Disturbances in calcium homeostasis , Toxicological consequences of increased intracellular calcium concentrations; Disruption of cellular energy production – Mitochondrial targets, Inhibition of NADH production, Inhibition of electron transport change; Brief description of Necrotic and apoptotic cell death

L54: TUTORIAL

Unit VII: DRUG SAFETY

- **L55-L56**: Principles of risk assessment and the role of safety pharmacology in the drug development process and the methodology associated with drug evaluation.
- L57-L58: Regulatory toxicology: Regulatory agencies, Regulation of pesticides, pharmaceuticals, and food additives; Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic substances Act-1985 and Rules. Drugs and cosmetic acts; Food and Drug Administration,

Organization of Economic Corporation Development, International conference on harmonization, Schedule Y: Design non-clinical toxicity studies and clinical development. Clinical risk/benefit analysis.

L59-L60: Concept of Good Laboratories Practices, Good Manufacturing Practices, good Clinical Practices.

L61: TUTORIAL

Suggested Readings

- 1. Casarett and Dull's toxicology: the basic science of poisons by Curties D. Klaassen; Ed. 7th; McGraw Hill; New York; 2007.
- 2. Toxicology by Hans Marquradt and S.G. Schafer and R.D. McClellah and Academic Press; 1999.
- 3. Principles and practice of toxicology in public health by Ira R. Richards; Jones and Bartlett

Publishers;2007.

- 4. Handbook of human toxicology by E.J. Massaro; CRC Press; 1997.
- 5. Toxicogenomics-Based Cellular: Alternatives to Animal Testing for Safety Assessment Models, Jos Kleinjans, Academic Press, Ist Ed 2014.
- 6. OECD Guidelines.
- 7. Environmental Pollution: Health and Toxicology, S.V.S. Rana , Narosa Publishing House2nd Edition 2011,
- 8. Textbook of Forensic Medicine and Toxicology, Anil Aggrawal, Avichal Publishing Company, 2017.
- 9. Biomarkers in Toxicology, Ramesh Gupta, 1st Edition, Academic Press, 2014
- 10. Goodman & Gillman's The Pharmacological Basis Of Therapeutics, Laurence Brunton, Bruce A. Chabner, McGraw Hill Education; 12 edition, 2011
- Poisoning & Drug Overdose, Kent R. Olson, Ilene B. Anderson, Neal L. Benowitz et al, McGraw-Hill Education, 2018
- 12. Goldfrank's Toxicologic Emergencies Hardcover, Lewis Goldfrank , Neal Lewin , Mc Graw Hill Education/Exclusively distd. By Jaypee; 10 edition (2014)

MEDICAL VIROLOGY AND MYCOLOGY MBSEC-411

Marks: 100 marks (4 credits)

Duration: 60 Hrs.

Course Objectives:

Medical Virology and Mycology is one of the elective courses for the biomedical sciences students. Students will gain insights on the nature of various infectious agents and diseases pathologies caused by common fungi and viruses. In addition, they will also understand pathogenesis, diagnosis, clinical features, virulence factors and treatment strategies of medically important fungi and viruses. The structure and function of medically important viruses such as Dengue and Chikungunya viruses will also be studied. In addition the detail study of human fungal infections such as fungal Eye, Nail and Skin Infections will be studied in detail.

Course outcome

- Students will gain insights on the nature of various infectious agents and diseases pathologies caused by common fungi and viruses (for eg. Candidiasis, aspergillosis small pox, HPV etc.).
- The students will be able to understand the structure and function of medically important viruses such as Zika, Dengue and Chikungunya viruses.
- They will also understand pathogenesis, diagnosis, clinical features, virulence factors and treatment strategies of medically important fungi and viruses.

Contents

Unit I: Introduction to medical virology

- L1-2. Concept of viroids, virusoids, satellite viruses and prions. Theories of viral origin.
- **L3-10**. Detail study of DNA Viruses: for eg. Small pox, Herpes viruses, Human Papilloma viruses, Parvoviruses, adenoviruses, chickenpox, Papova viruses, Hepatitis virus
- L11-17. Detail study of RNA viruses: for eg. HIV, Influenza virus, poliovirus, Reoviruses, Rhinovirus, Ebola virus, Enterovirus.
- L18-20. Zika virus, Dengue and Chikungunya viruses and emerging viruses will be studied.

Unit II: Reproduction and Growth of viruses

- L21-22. DNA virus transcription and replication, Positive-strand RNA virus replication, Negative-strand RNA virus replication.
- **L23.** Regulation of retrovirus replication.
- L24. Virulence factors and evasive strategies of viruses.
- **L25-26**. Use of viral vectors in cloning and expression, current uses of viruses in gene therapy and vaccine applications.

Unit III: Epidemiology and Pathogenicity of viruses

- **L27-28**. The prevalence and distribution of various viral infections in the world will be covered. Tools to study epidemiological data and their analyses will be discussed.
- L29. Pathogenesis caused by structural, nonstructural and envelop proteins will be discussed.

Unit IV: Diagnosis, Treatment and Prevention of viruses

- **L30.** The conventional and current methods of diagnosis of the infections will be discussed along with the limitations. Alternative strategies towards developing newer tools and technologies in developing diagnostic platforms will be covered.
- **L31.** The current modes of treatment and alternative strategies to combat viral infections in lieu of increased reports of resistance will be covered in detail.
- L32-34. Antiviral compounds, interferons, designing and screening for antivirals, mechanisms of action, antiviral libraries, antiretrovirals-mechanism of action and drug resistance.

Unit V: Immunity to viral infections

- **L35-36.** The immune responses, both innate and adaptive will be extensively covered. As a prelude the intricacies involved in host-pathogen interactions at the cellular and molecular levels will be discussed in detail. This will include the involvement of cell surface receptors on the pathogen and the host cell and their interactions.
- L37-38. Signal transduction from the pathogen receptors and the immune evasion strategies evolved by different viruses will be discussed.

Unit VI: INTRODUCTION TO MEDICAL MYCOLOGY

L39. Fungi and their significance, Relationship of fungi with plants and animals, Milestones in mycological and pathological studies.

L40-41. Fungal cell-structure and composition, Physiology of fungal growth, Ecological groups of Fungi, Fungal spores, Molecular method of fungal taxonomy, Fungi as model organism for genetic studies.

Unit VII: Detail study of human fungal infections

- L42-50. Cryptococcosis, Candidiasis, Blastomycosis, Aspergillosis, Blastomycosis, Histoplasmosis, Coccidiomycosis, Mucormycosis. Pneumocystis pneumonia
- L51-52: Fungal Eye, Nail and Skin Infections, Central nervous system.

Unit VIII: Prevention and control of fungal diseases

L53-55. Antifungal Therapeutic Agents. Fungal allergies and types of Mushroom Poisoning and other Mycotoxins. Prognosis and Treatment.

L56-60. Student seminar/Discussions/Tests

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Fundamental Virology: Fields and Knipe, ed. Raven Press, 2 Volume Set. 6th Edition 2013.
- 2. Vaccines. Stanley A. Plotkin, Walter A. Orenstein. Elsevier Health Sciences 7th Edition 2017.
- 3. Strauss, E. G. and Strauss, J. H., "Viruses and Human Disease", Academic Press, 2nd Edition 2008.
- 4. Flint, S.J., Enquest, L.W., Krug, R. M., Racaniello, V. R., and Skalka, A. M., "Principles of Virology: Molecular Biology, Pathogenesis and Control", ASM Press. 4th Edition 2015.
- 5. Antiviral Drug Discovery for Emerging Diseases and Bioterrorism Threats. Paul F. Torrence (Editor), Wiley, John & Sons, Incorporated. 2007.
- 6. Microbiology by Lansing M. Prescott and John P. Harley and Donald Klein; McGraw-Hill Science, 10th Edition 2017.
- 7. Medical microbiology: a guide to microbial infections: pathogenesis, immunity, laboratory diagnosis and control by David Greenwood and Richard C. B. Slack and John F. Peuthere, ed. Churchill Livingstone; 18th Edition 2012.
- 8. Essentials of diagnostic microbiology by Lisa Anne Shimeld and Anne T. Rodgers; Delmar Publishers, 2016.
- 9. Topley and Wilson's Microbiology and Microbial Infections by Leslie Collier and Albert Balows and Max Sussman; 8-Volume Set; A Hodder Arnold Publication, 10th Edition 2007.
- 10. Medical Microbiology by Geo. Brooks and Karen C. Carroll and Janet Butel and Stephen Morse; McGraw-Hill Medical, 27th Edition 2016.

ADVANCES IN PROTEIN SCIENCE MBSEC-412

Marks: 100 marks (4 credits)

Duration: 60 Hrs.

Course Objectives:

Nowadays growing number of human diseases are due to protein misfolding. Mutations and various unwanted post-translational modifications are known to cause aberrant protein folding. Protein amyloidosis additionally covers a large bulk of human diseases due to protein misfolding. Large spectrum of diseases again is due to defects in protein trafficking and translocation. Keeping in mind that subtle alteration in the protein folding environment is crucial toward the proper foldability of a protein, it is important to understand how protein folding, turn-over and quality control system is finely tuned in the intracellular environment. Advances in Protein Science has been designed specially to cover all aspects of protein folding to protein quality control system and their inter-relations to human diseases. Extensive knowledge on protein aggregates or amylois and their managements by the cellular systems have been largely dealt.

Course learning Outcome

- Students will have comprehensive understanding on cellular protein biochemistry especially, the importance of the fidelity of protein folding and quality control system and how they are linked with human diseases.
- Students will also develop skills on methods and treatment strategies of the large spectrum of human diseases caused due to protein misfolding.

Contents

Unit I. Basic Principles of protein folding in cell

L1. Introduction to protein folding and its need, Levinthal paradox, protein folding problem, models of protein folding

- **L2.** Protein folding in Endoplasmic reticulum: Mechanism and recent advances, few examples of proteins, folding in endoplasmic reticulum
- **L3-L4.** Cytosolic protein folding, Co-translational protein folding: Mechanism and recent advances, few examples of proteins, folding in cytoplasm
- L5. Protein sorting and transportation, addition of signal sequences, protein glycosylation
- **L6.** Role of Protein disulfide isomerase (PDI) and Peptidyl proline isomerase (PPI) in protein folding, Structrure and chaperoning mechanisms, examples of proteins that require PDI and PPI assistance
- L7. Protein folding in prokaryotes.

Tutorial and Class test

Unit II. Chaperones

- **L8-L9.** Introduction to Chaperonin, structure of GroEL, GroES and their detail mechanism of assisting protein folding,
- **L10.** Structure and function of other chaperones including Prefoldin, and tubulin-specific chaperones
- **L11.** Introduction to inducible and house-keeping chaperones, examples of some housekeeping chaperones: mechanisms and mode of action, important chaperones in endoplasmic reticulum.
- L12-L13. Introduction to small and large heat shock proteins, functional differences in terms of chaperoning mechanism, other additional biological functions to some of the small and large heat shock proteins, major chaperone systems in yeast and human.
- **L14-16.** Small heat shock proteins (Hsp12, Hsp10, Hsp26, alpha-crystallin etc.): structure, function and interactions based on yeast and human systems
- **L17-19.** Large heat shock protein: Hsp70, Hsp60, Hsp90, Hsp104 structure, function and interactions based on yeast and human system
- **L20-21.** Role of chaperones in protein translocation, specific chaperones involved in protein degradation (e.g. CHIP, Hsp90, Hsp26)
- L22. understanding chaperone cross-talks/networks

Tutorial and Class test

Unit III. Protein Quality control

- **L23-24.** Introduction to Protein degradation, Proteasomal-mediated protein degradation: Ubiquitin dependent and independent pathways with examples, and lysosomal-mediated protein degradation, introduction to some important proteases operating the cells.
- **L25.** structure and function of proteosome, recognition mechanism and mechanism of proteolysis

- **L26-27.** Autophagy and its importance in many biological processes, advances in Autophagy research Concept of degrons, protein arginylation, Conditions that lead to arginylation with suitable examples
- **L28-29.** Unfolded protein response and its role in stress response, protein quality control system in yeast, bacteria, and humans and their role in stress conditions
- L30. Protein half-life and methods of determination, factors affecting protein half life. Tutorial and Class test

Unit IV. Protein misfolding and diseases

- **L31.** Introduction to protein unfolding, chaperones involved in protein unfolding, protein misfolding, Different causes of protein misfolding: mutation: how different mutation affects protein function,
- L32-33. mechanism of oxidative stress-induced protein misfolding, protein misfolding by protein covalent modifications including homocystinylation, glycation, Understanding the pathological consequences of the misfolding processes
- **L34.** Fates of different misfolded proteins, and strategy how cells takes care of malfolded proteins
- L35-38. common human diseases associated with protein misfolding: Cystic fibrosis, Huntingtin's disease, Alzheimer's disease, Cardiac amyloidosis, Cataract, Diabetes, acute myloid leukemia and other cancers, cystic fibrosis, Pathophysiology and advances in treatment strategies
- L39-42. Protein misfolding in ER and consequences, and pathologies, trafficking defects in various organelles, diseases associated with trafficking defects: tay sach disease, emphysema, Familial hypercholesterolaemia, I-cell disease, Zellweger syndrome, Primary hyperoxaluria.
- L43-45. Common advances in protein misfolding rescue: pharmacological chaperones, Chemical chaperones, Immunotherapy, proteostatic modulators (at least with two-three examples each).

Tutorial and Class test

Unit V. Understanding Protein aggregation

- **L46-47.** Pathways of protein aggregation, aggregation kinetics: nucleation phase, oligomerization and fibrillation phase, aggregate morphologies, structure of protein amyloids, different ways to induce protein aggregates or amyloids, co-aggregation
- **L48-49.** Concept that protein aggregation is for a good cause, oligomer versus fibril toxicity theory, Cellular mechanisms of aggregation mediated toxicity: Endoplasmic reticulum dysfunctioning, Mitochondria injury, Proteasomal dysfunctioning, oligome and annular ring

L50-52. tools to analyse in-vivo protein fibrillation: Electron microscopy, Confocal and fluorescence Microscopy, NMR, different Fluorescent dyes and their properties, DLS.

L53-60 Research paper presentations by students, Tutorial and Class test

Suggested Readings

- 1. Biochemistry by Donald Voet and Judith G. Voet; Ed. 4th; John Wiley & Sons, Incorporated, 2012.
- 2. Molecular cell biology by Harvey Lodish and Arnold Berk, Chris A. Kaiser, and Monty Krieger; Ed. 8th; Macmillan Learning, 2016.
- 3. Proteins: structures and molecular properties by Thomas E Creighton; Ed. 3rd; Freeman, 2010.
- 4. Molecular Biology of the Cell by Bruce Alberts; Ed. 6th; Garland Science, 2017.
- 5. Proteostasis and Chaperone Surveillance by Laishram Rajendrakumar Singh, Tanveer Ali Dar, and Parvaiz Ahmad; Ed. 1st Springer India; 2015.
- 6. Molecular chaperones in protein folding and proteostasis. F. Ulrich Hartl, Andreas Bracher & Manajit Hayer-Hartl; Nature: 475(7356), 2011.
- 7. Protein Folding in the Cytoplasm and the Heat Shock Response. R. Martin Vabulas, Swasti Raychaudhuri, Manajit Hayer-Hartl, and F. Ulrich Hartl; Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press: 2(12), 2018.
- 8. Aggresomes, inclusion bodies and protein aggregation by Ron R Kopito; Trends in Cell biology: 524-530, 2000.
- 9. In vivo aspects of protein folding and quality control. Balchin, D., Hayer-Hartl, M., & Hartl, F. U; Science: 353(6294), 2016.

NEUROBIOLOGY MBSEC-413

Marks: 100 marks (4 credits)

Duration: 60 Hrs.

Course Objectives:

Brain is the window of a person's physical existence with surroundings and other people, it is the medium through which a person is able to communicate and express oneself. Moreover, the brain is the organ an organ which not only defines our physical identity but also makes each of us unique human being, therefore it is imperative to understand the function of the brain and it is a very complicated organ system about which we only have a superficial knowledge. This course has been designed to provide the basic knowledge at both molecular and cellular level about the human brain and it's functioning and simultaneously laying the foundation in the young minds to explore and solve the mysteries of the human brain.

Course learning outcome

This course is an elective course offered in the fourth semester which prerequisite human physiology I & II. After completing this course the students will be able to:

- Demonstrate knowledge of, and recognize the relationships between, the structure and function of molecules and tissues involved in neurobiological systems at all levels: molecular, cellular, and organism.
- Perform basic laboratory techniques used in neuroscience research and understand and apply principles of laboratory safety.
- Apply and integrate their knowledge of neuroscience to other areas of their studies and to their everyday life

Contents:

UNIT I: Neural signaling at molecular level

- L1: Wnt signaling, Notch pathway: Lateral inhibition,
- L2: Helix-loop-helix (bHLH) proteins: proneural,
- L3: Sox gene expression, Transcriptional networks and silencing

Tutorial: Group discussion, Student seminar and test

UNIT II: Neural Induction, Pattern Formation, and Cell Specification

L4-5: Neural induction in chicks and humans

- L6-8: Morphogens, Sonic Hedgehog and neural patterning, Floor Plate patterning of ventral cell types: Ventral Patterning, Wnt pathway and neural patterning, L9-10: Bone morphogenetic protein (BMP) signaling in the neuroectoderm, Retinoic Acid Signaling,
- L11-12: forebrain development, Midrain development, hindbrain development (spinal cord),
- L13-16: neural patterning, Motor neuron specification in vertebrates, Axon Guidance and Synaptogenesis

Tutorial: Group discussion, Student seminar and test

UNIT III: Cellular differentiation

L17-18: From Stem Cell to Unique Neuron (drosophila and human),

- L19-21: macroglial lineage, dopaminergic retinal, haircell, olfactory, oligodentrocytes, Schwann cell differentiation,
- L22-25: Neuronal plasticity
- L26-27: Synaptogenesis, plasticity for motor cortex, sensory system and higher brain functions,
- L28-29: Autonomic Neuroplasticity

UNIT IV: Neurogenesis, Neurotrophism, and Regeneration

- L30-31: Neural cell division, CNS aging, neuronal programmed cell death, autophagy, Neurotrophic factors,
- L-32-33: Neuronogenesis and stem cells in normal brain aging, Axonal regeneration and sprouting with emphasis on spinal cord injuries and brain trauma **Tutorial:** Group discussion, Student seminar and test

UNIT V: Methods in neuroscience research

- L-34-36: Brain tissue isolation and preparation for Immunohistochemistry, "Multi-omic" Research
- L37-39: "Multi-omic" approach for biomarker studies,
- L40-42: Neuro-optogenetics, single-cell neuronal dissection and brain slice preparation for electrophysiological studies, stereotaxic injections in various parts of the brain,
- L43-44: Animal models for neurological disorders,
- L45-46: Isolation and culture of neural cell types from various model organisms

L47-48: In-vitro models for neuroscience

L49-50: Non-invasive neurophysiological imaging,

L51-L60 Group discussion, Student seminar, and test

Suggested Readings

- 1. Developmental Neurobiology by Greg Lemke 1st Edition Elsevier 2009.
- 2. Principles of Neural Science, (Kandel) 5th Edition, 2013.
- 3. Fundamental Neuroscience by Larry Squire, Darwin Berg, Floyd E. Bloom, Sascha du Lac, Anirvan Ghosh, Nicholas C. Spitzer, ELSEVIER 4th Edition, 2013
- 4. Neuroscience Online, an Open-Access Neuroscience Electronic Textbook https://nba.uth.tmc.edu/neuroscience/
- 5. Neural plasticity: the effects of environment on the development of the cerebral cortex. Peter Huttenlocher - Harvard University Press – 2002
- 6. Current Laboratory Methods in Neuroscience Research by Huangui Xiong, Howard E. Gendelman springer, 2013.
- 7. Guide to Research Techniques in Neuroscience, by Matt Carter Jennifer C. Shieh, Academic Press, Second Edition, 2015

DRUG DISCOVERY AND PROCESS DEVELOPMENT MBSEC-414

Marks: 100 marks (4 credits)

Duration: 60 Hrs.

Course Objectives:

This course will explore the process of drug development, from target identification to drug development and registration. It will present the different stages of drug development such as target identification, selection of lead module using computer-aided drug design and combinatorial chemistry/ and synthesis and characterization of designed molecules and high-throughput screening. It also covers the safety evaluation, bioavailability, pharamacokinetics clinical trials, and the essence of patent law. The students will learn molecular recognition, computer aided drug design, and toxicology as applied to the development of new medicines. The course covers the drug development process from bench to bedside.

Course learning outcomes:

- Describe and justify the role and importance of the various disciplines involved in the different phases of drug discovery and development
- Account for decision points in the drug development process
- Explain how methods for predictions are used to make early decisions in the drug discovery and development
- Carry out searches to retrieve information relevant to the development of a new drug.
- Construct, review and evaluate preclinical and clinical pharmaceutical studies with a general understanding of aim, choice of procedures, results, conclusions and importance.
- Evaluate scientific, ethical and market-related considerations of importance in the drug development.

Unit I: Introduction to Drug Discovery as a Process

(i) Historical development of chemotherapeutics:

L1. Drug discovery starting from dyes to sulphones/sulphonamides and antibiotics.

(ii) Drug Discovery as a Process

L2-4 Target Identification and Validation: Genomics and chemoinformatics/bioinformatics approaches in target selection, analysis of nucleic acid sequence, protein sequence and structure, expression databases and functional pathway data in databases. Translational

medicines and Biomarkers to expedite the discovery of new diagnostic tools and treatments leveraging new technology and data analysis tools.

Unit II: Pre-Discovery Process

L5-6. Understanding of pathophysiology of disease and molecular pathways (eg. Neuronal disorders, cancer, respiratory disease, diabetes, cardiovascular diseases, autoimmune diseases, anti-microbial infections).

Unit III. Drug target identification

- L7-8 (i)the advantages and disadvantages of membrane proteins such as receptors, ion channels and transporters as drug targets, increased challenge due to the difficulty in obtaining pure, correctly-folded protein in sufficient quantity for functional or structural assays.
- L9-10 (ii) the advantages and disadvantages of nucleic acids such as DNA, messenger RNA, and ribosomal RNA as molecular targets in the chemotherapy of cancer, viral, and microbial diseases.
- L11-12 (iii) Rational approaches to the design of sequences specific DNA binding agents and the gene-specific inhibitors of transcription.
- L 13-16(iv) Design of the drugs selectively blocking mRNA to inhibit gene expression at the level of translation through (a) the antisense oligonucleotides, (b) the ribozymes that selectively cleave designated mRNAs, and (3) the small inhibitory RNAs, known as siRNAs, in post-transcriptional gene silencin
- L 17-18 (v) Stimulating or blocking of selected Proteins (enzymes /receptors) as drug targets

Unit IV: Drug target Validation

L 19-20 In silico methods and in vitro and vivo tools using radioligand binding, ELISA, Western blots etc. for validation of target.

Unit V: Computer-Aided Drug Design

L 21-24 Methods for geometry optimisation, molecular dynamics simulation, and conformational searching. Ligand-based Drug Design to improve the properties of a potential drug, quantitative structure-activity relationship (QSAR) and pharmacophore determination. Structure-based Drug Design: the 3-dimensional structure of the receptor, generally a protein, a nucleic acid, a protein-nucleic acid complex focusing on X-ray crystallography, NMR spectroscopy, and mass spectrometry.

Unit VI: Lead Identification

L 25-30 (i)Synthesis, characterization (IR, NMR, MS) of small molecules, and lead identification through virtual screening using in silico methods and High Throughput
Screening. Advantages of High Throughput Screening. Types of assays and the advantages and disadvantages of each assay type, assay development and the screening assay.

- L 31 (ii)Biologics or therapeutic proteins: antibodies, replacement or modulators of enzymes and of cell surface receptors.
- L 32 (iii) Introduction of combinatorial methods of general organic synthesis, natural products and their analogues.

Unit VII: Drug Delivery

L 33-38 Introduction to drug formulations and ADME (Absorption, Distribution, Metabolism and Excretion) processes, their impact on drug's bioavailability. Pro-drugs and Drug Delivery to enhance delivery and / or therapeutic effect

Unit VIII. Pre-Clinical Toxicology and Clinical testing

- L 39-42 (i) Pre-clinical Toxicology : In vivo toxicity tests required by the world's regulatory bodies; genotoxicity, acute and short-term toxicity tests, tests for carcinogenic potential, Q-T prolongation and others as required by chemical class the theory and methodology underlying various in vivo toxicology tests the ethics of in vivo toxicity testing and the potential for replacement by in vitro models.
- L 43-46 (ii) Clinical Trials: The regulation of therapeutic products and the phases (I-IV) of clinical trial that a drug must pass through before registration, Clinical Trial Designaims, design, controls and placebo, blinds, randomisation procedures, sample size, statistics, endpoints and ethics.

Unit IX: Ethics of Human and Animal Experimentation

L 47-50 Testing of drugs in animals and humans under strict regulation to limit any harm and distress to the research subject - the ethical conduct of biomedical research, including the policies governing biomedical and animal research in India. The role of institutional human ethic committees and what constitutes informed consent. The general principles for the care and use of animals for scientific purposes and the 3 R's, replacement, reduction and refinement and the role of institutional animal ethics committees.

Unit X: Intellectual Property

L51-56 The basic principles underlying the protection of intellectual property focusing on the legal issues relevant to the patenting of pharmaceutical agents according to the relevant sections of Indian Patent Law, the types of patents available and what can be protected, non-patentable inventions, the notions of invention disclosure and prior art,

prior art searches, patentability assessment, challenges of pharmaceutical patenting, elements of a patent application and claim drafting.

Unit XI. Commercial Considerations in Drug Development

L 57-60 From target discovery to clinical trials and marketing (Lab to market), various steps from discovery to market including regulatory compliance, how and when to make Go/No-Go decisions, time-scales of various steps, program planning and the interactive perspectives of different groups involved in drug development in small and large pharmaceutical companies.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Comprehensive Medicinal Chemistry III 3rd Edition by Samuel Chackalamannil **David Rotella Simon Ward; Elsevier;** Published Date: **15th June 2017**
- 2. <u>The Organic Chemistry of Drug Design and Drug Action</u> by <u>Richard B. Silverman</u>, 3rd Edition (2014); Elsevier
- 3. Foye's Principles of Medicinal Chemistry by <u>Thomas L. Lemke PhD, David A. Williams</u> <u>PhD, Victoria F. Roche PhD, S. William Zito PhD</u>, Seventh EditionSeventh Edition Copyright © 2013 Lippincott Williams & Wilkins, a Wolters Kluwer business 351 West Camden Street Two Commerce Square Baltimore, MD 21201 2001 Market Street Philadelphia, PA 19103
- 4. Drug Discovery and Development by Williams, Michael, Malick, Jeffrey B, Springer Science & Business Media, Dec 6, 2012, (1st Edition in 1987)
- 5. Case Studies in Modern Drug Discovery and Development by X Huang and RG Aslanian 2012 (1st Edition) Willey
- 6. Real World Drug Discovery, RM Rydzewski Published: 10th September 2008; Elsevier Science,
- 7. The Process of New Drug Discovery and Development, Second Edition / Edition 2 by Charles G. Smith, James T. O'Donnell CRC Press; 2 edition (23 Jun. 2006)